



# Closure Phase Interferometry: Lambda Andromedae

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Nice, France





# Thesis Project

- Interferometric modelling of active giants
- Study stellar spot characteristics
- Compare results to measure of B field
- Began with pilot study of Lam And





# Committee and Collaborators

## Advisor

Dr. Russel White

## Committee

Dr. William Bagnuolo

Dr. Douglas Gies

Dr. Hal McAlister

## Collaborators

Dr. Frank Fekel (TSU)

Dr. Greg Henry (TSU)

Dr. John Monnier (UM)

Dr. Ettore Pedretti (St. And)

Dr. Gail Schaefer (GSU)

## Special Thanks

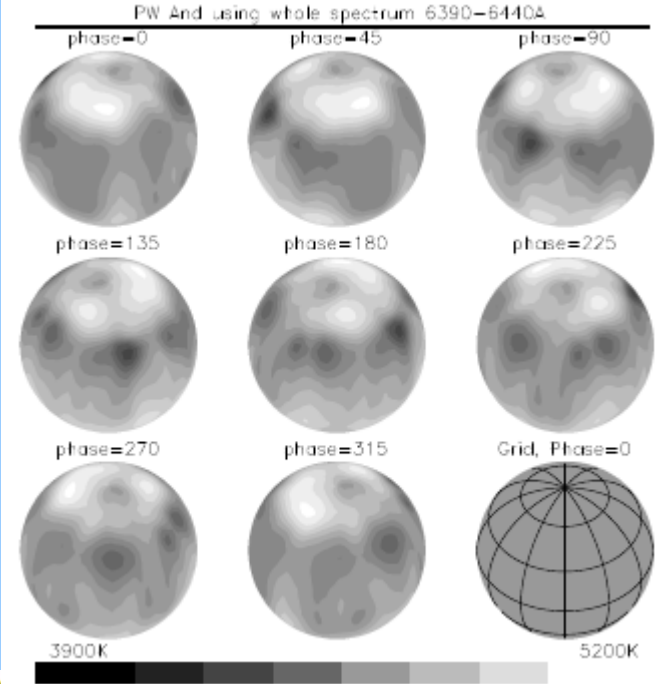
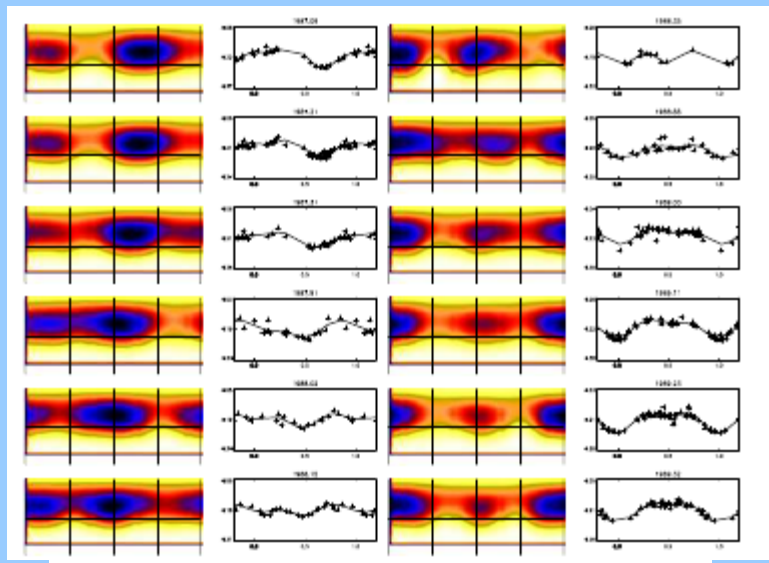
Ming, Chris, PJ, CHARA  
team





# Motivations

- Better understanding of spot characteristics
  - Tracer of B fields
  - Stellar rotation
- Current spot “imaging” methods problematic
  - Too little information (light curve inversion)
  - High dependance on a priori information (doppler tomography)





# Target List

- Instrumentation criteria
  - Dec  $> 5^\circ$
  - H mag  $< 4^{\text{th}}$
  - $\Theta = 1 - 4$  mas
- Target criterion
  - Single [truly or SB1] giants E2
  - $\Delta V$  mag  $> 0.1$
- Initially RS CVns





# Auxillary Observations

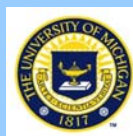
- Hard Labor Creek Observatory (GSU) or Fairborn Observatory (TSU)
- Simultaneous or contemporaneous
- Photometry  $UBV(RI)_c$ 
  - Check to expected flux loss
  - Measure of effective temperature
- Spectroscopy  $R \sim 30,000$ 
  - Measure of eff. temp.,  $\log g$ ,  $H\alpha$  line strength
  - Could be used to create Doppler map
  - Could be used to measure B field – Zeeman splitting





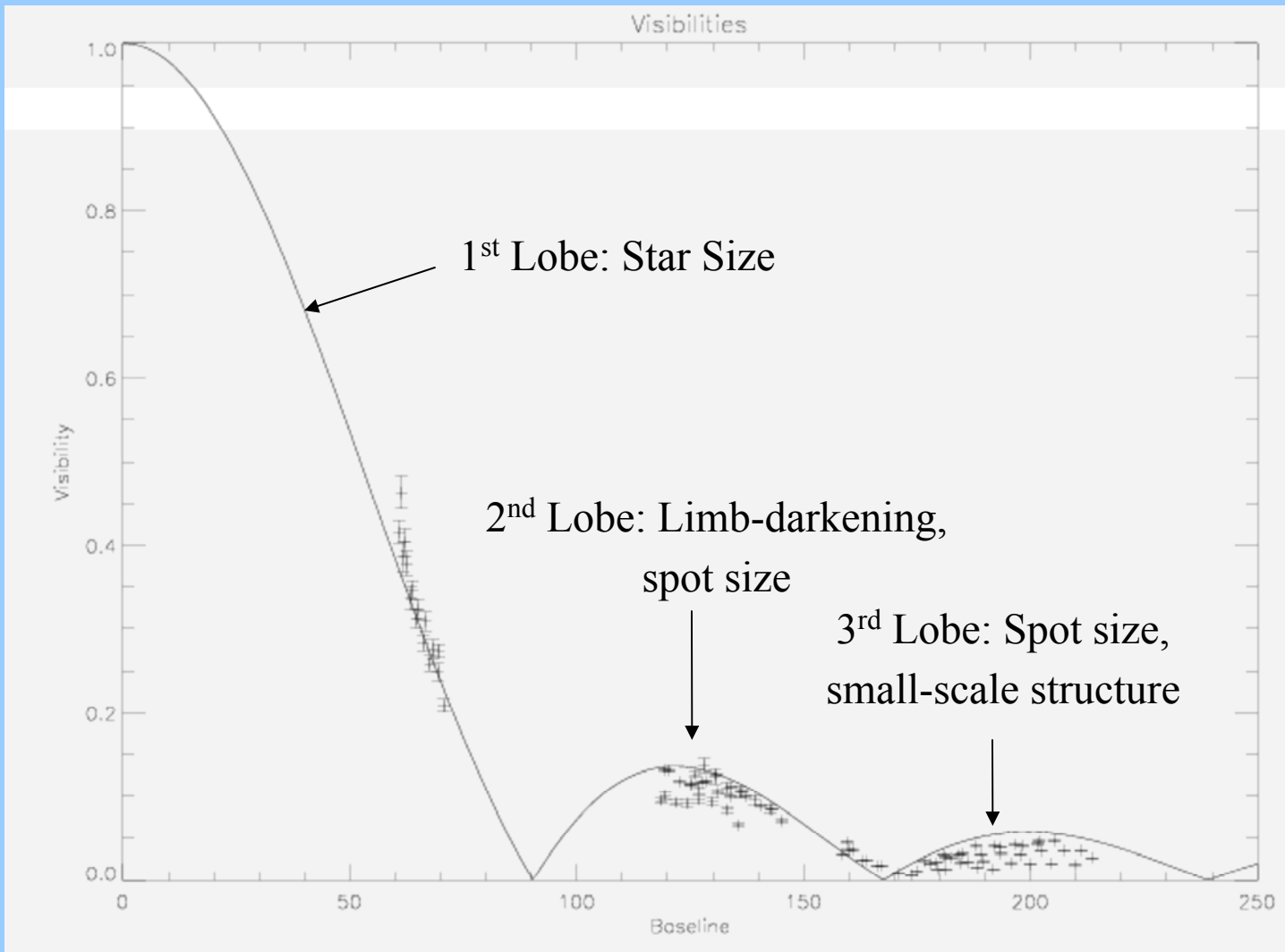
# Pilot Study: Lam And

- CHARA/MIRC beam combiner
  - Prefer phase information over spot contrast
- First epoch
  - November 17, 2007
- Second epoch
  - August 18<sup>th</sup> – 21<sup>st</sup>, 2008
- Third epoch
  - September 20<sup>th</sup>, 2008





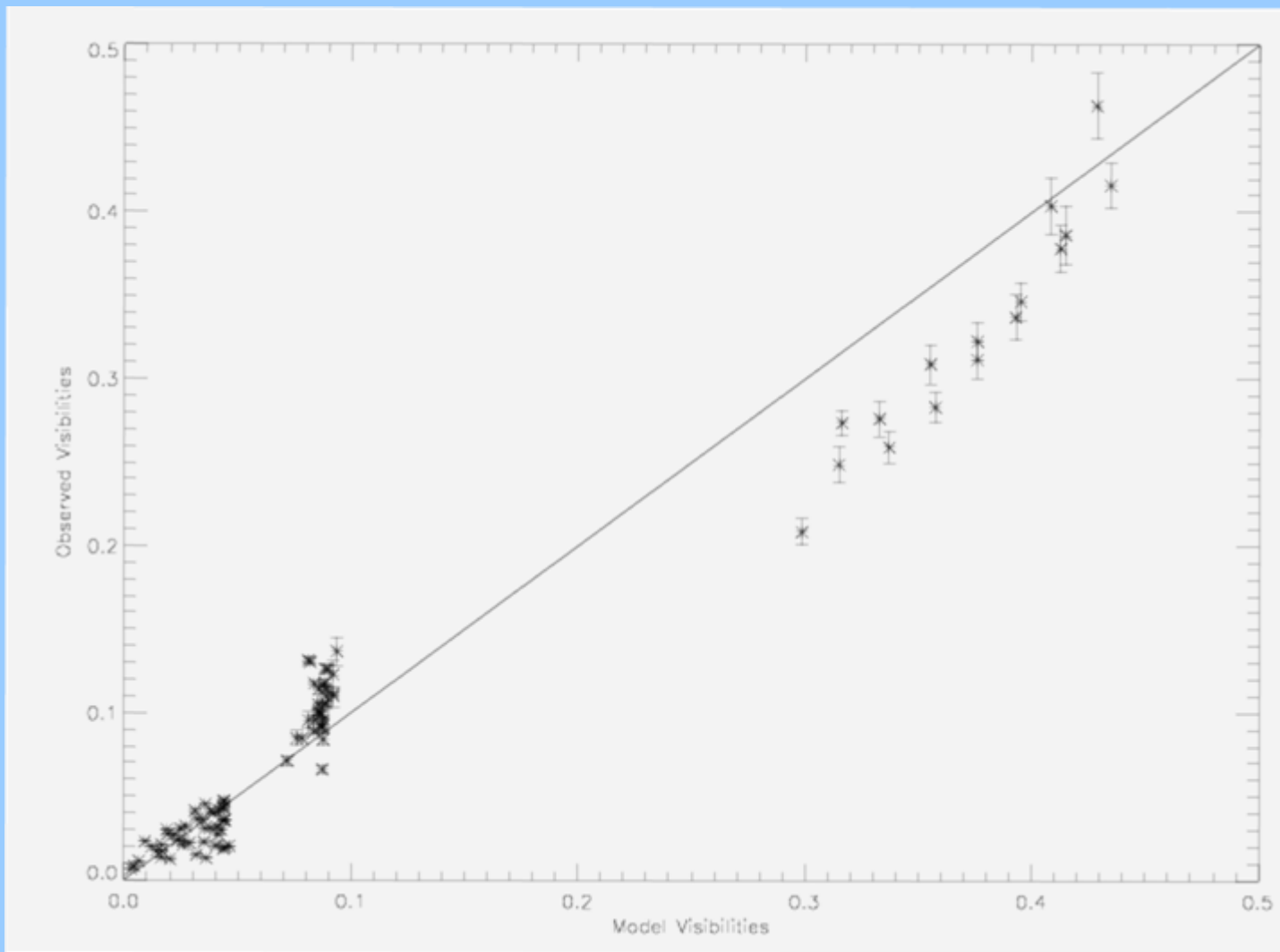
# Visibility Curve





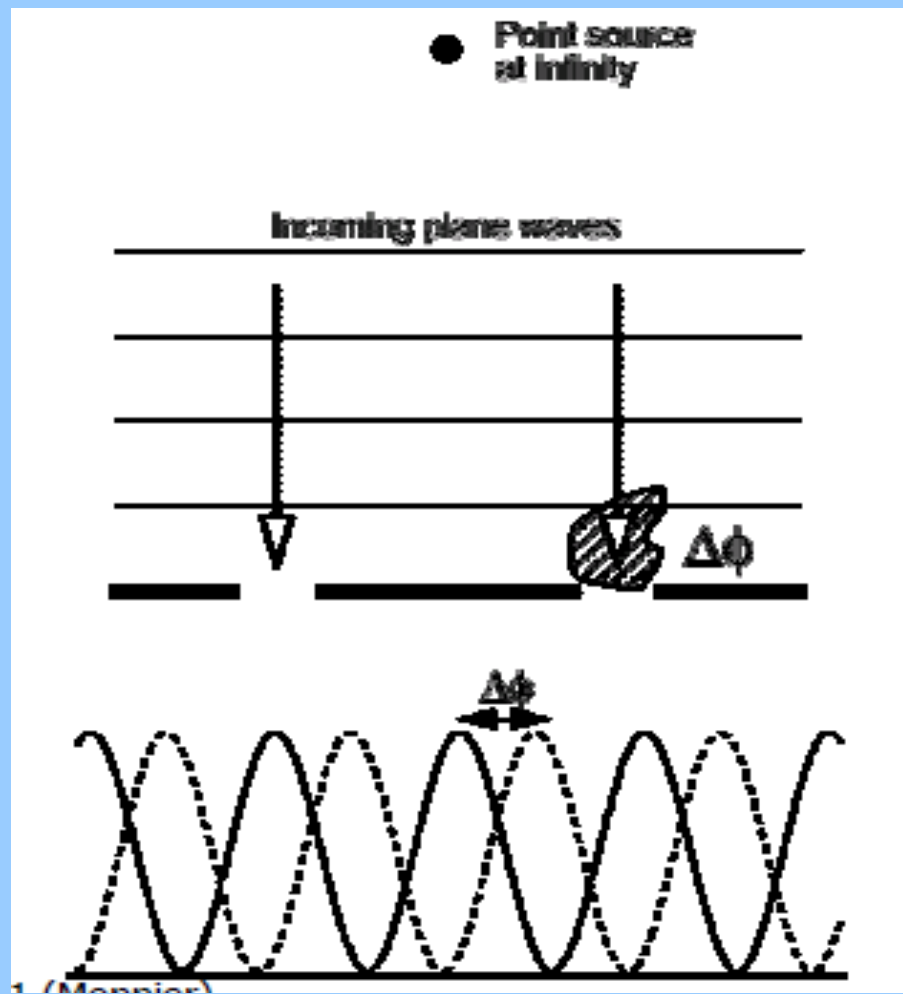


# Visibility Comparison





# Phase Information



# Closure Phase

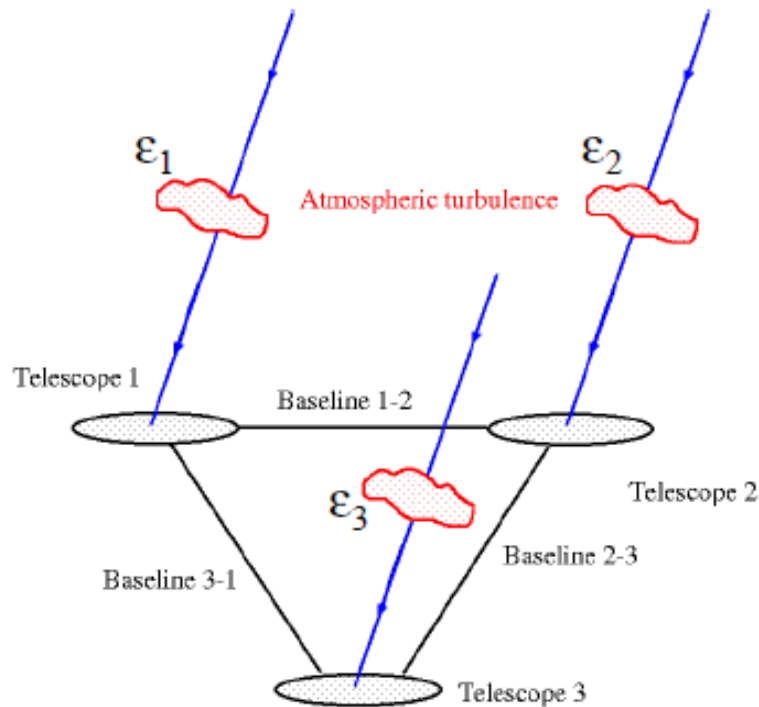
Measured Source “Antenna”

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi_{12} &= \phi_{12} + \varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2 \\ \Phi_{23} &= \phi_{23} + \varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_3 \\ \Phi_{31} &= \phi_{31} + \varepsilon_3 - \varepsilon_1 \end{aligned}$$

Combine  $\Rightarrow$

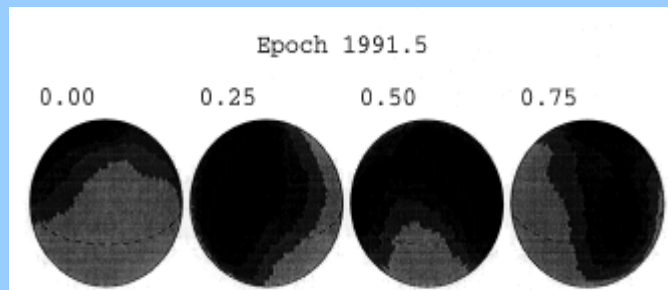
$$\Phi_{12} + \Phi_{23} + \Phi_{31} = \phi_{12} + \phi_{23} + \phi_{31}$$

- Source terms are baseline-dependent.
- Error terms are antenna-dependent.

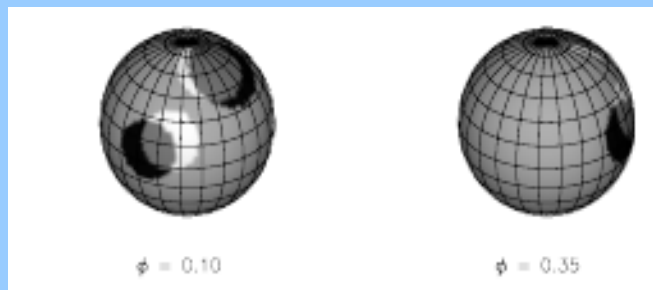




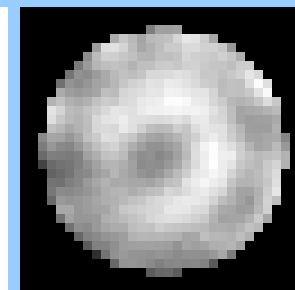
# “Lambdy Andy”



Donati et al (1995)



Frasca et al (2008)



Monnier (unpub.)

$\Pi = 38.74 \pm 0.68$  mas

$v \sin i = 6.5$  km/s

$P_{\text{phot}} = 54.33$  days

$P_{\text{orb}} = 20.5212$  days

H mag = 1.501

$\Delta V$  mag = 0.22

**SB1, white dwarf companion**

**G8 III**

$M = 0.65 M_{\text{sun}}$

$R = 7.5 R_{\text{sun}}$

11 yr stellar activity cycle (Hall 1991)



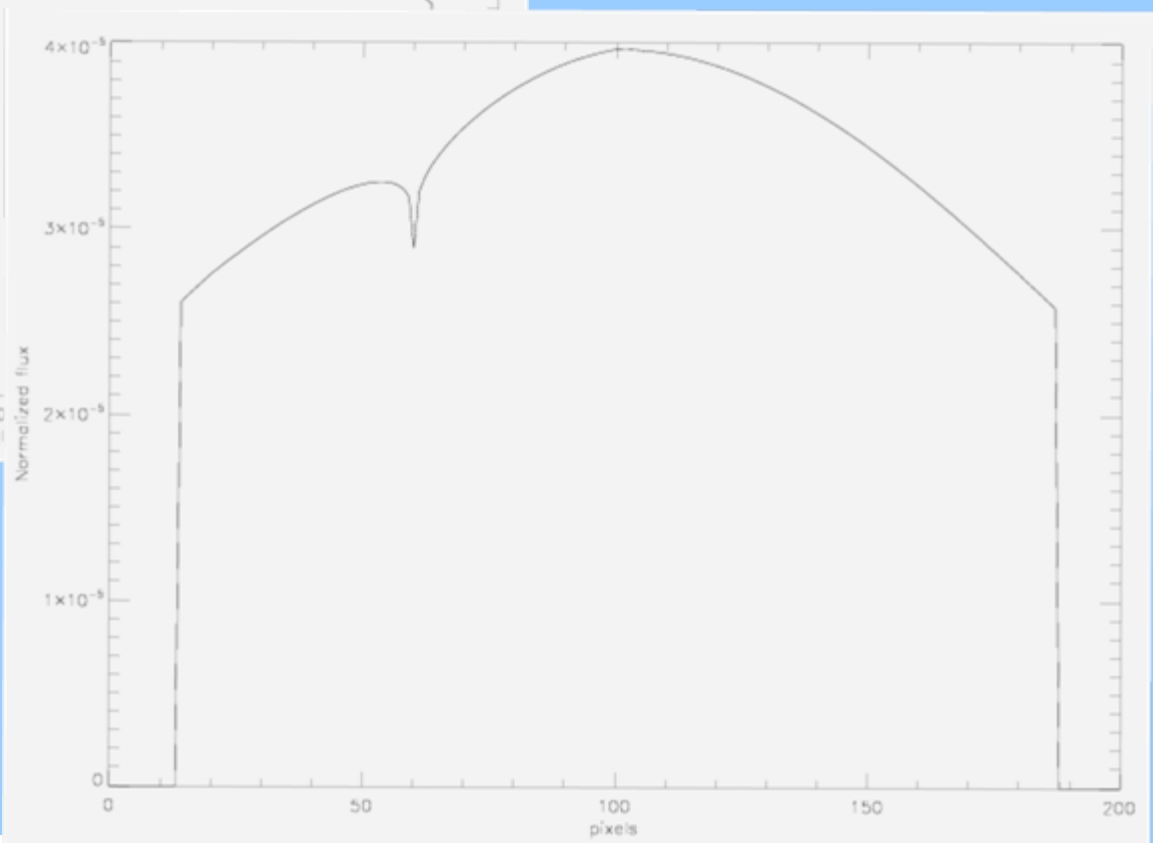
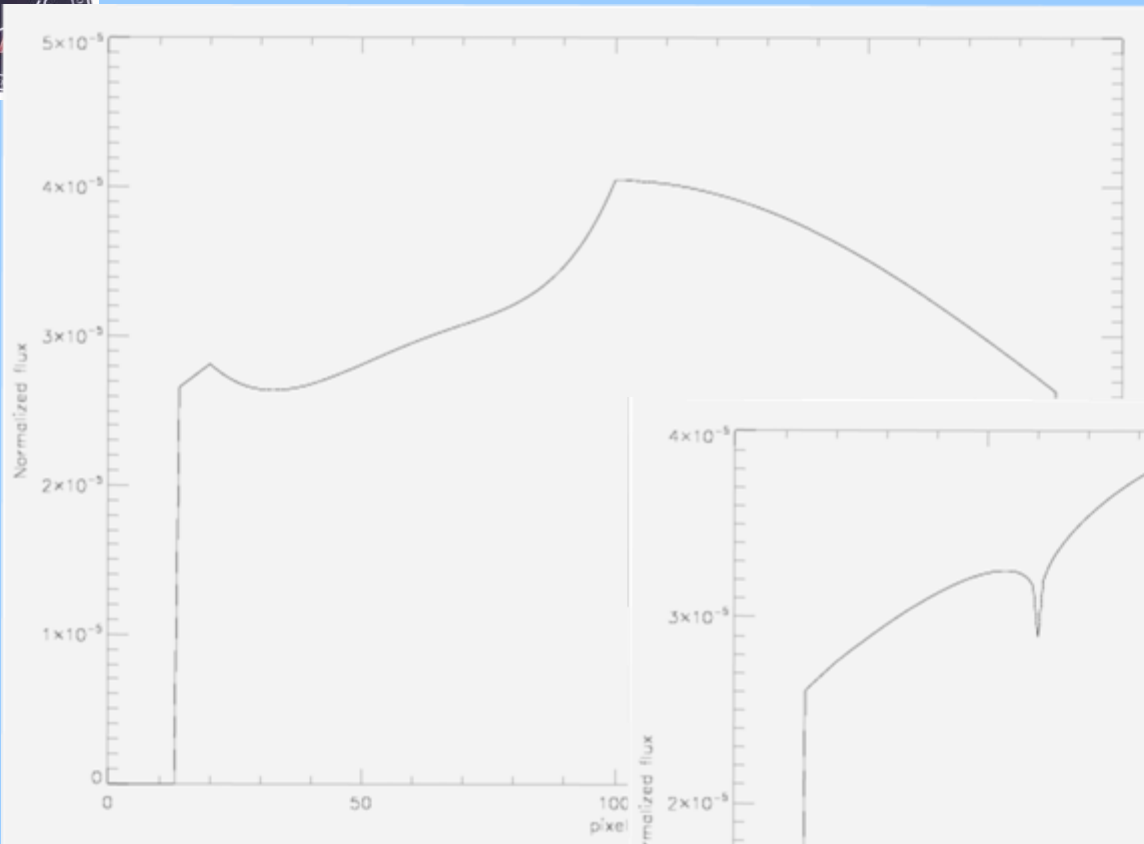
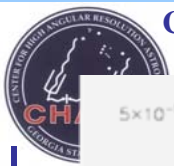


# Spot Model

- 8+ parameters
  - Star size, limb-darkening coefficient, ellipticity, spot size, spot position [x,y], flux ratio, temp. profile coefficient
  - Model capable of any number of spots
- Minimization on visibility or closure phase (Filho 2008)

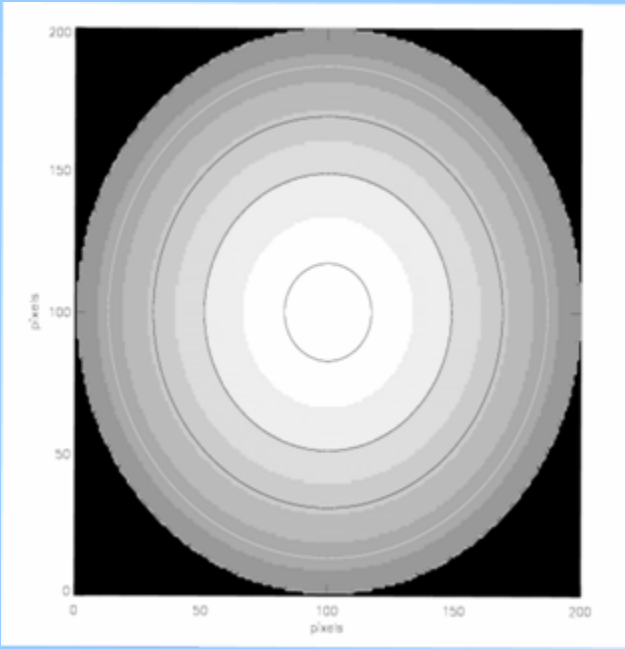
$$\chi^2_V(z) = \sum \frac{1}{\sigma_V^2} (V_{\text{data}}^2 - V_{\text{model}}^2)^2$$
$$\chi^2_T(z) = \sum \frac{1}{\sigma_T^2} |e^{i\phi_T^{\text{data}}} - e^{i(\phi_T^{\text{model}} + \phi_T^{\text{ref}})}|^2$$

- Grey limb-darkening relation:  $1 - \epsilon + \epsilon \cos \Theta$

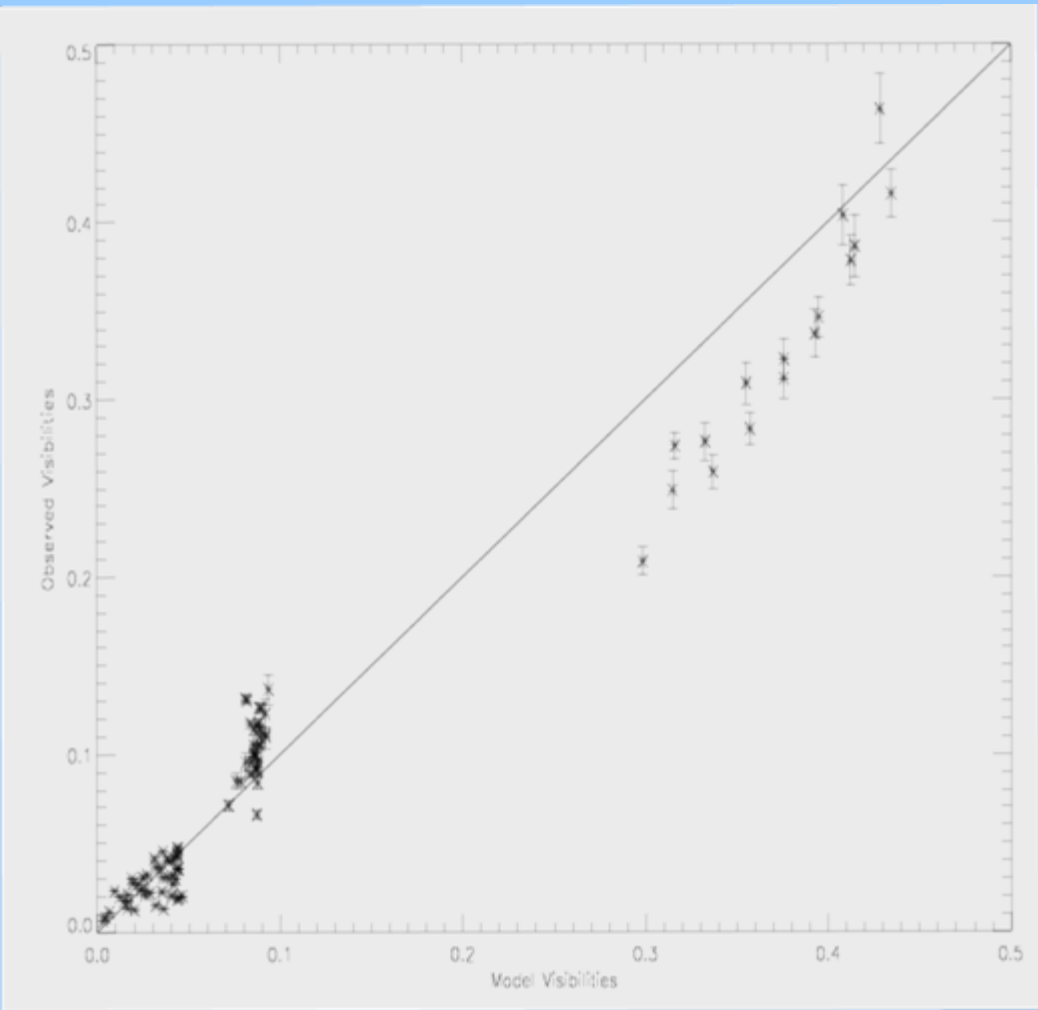




# Limb-darkening Disk

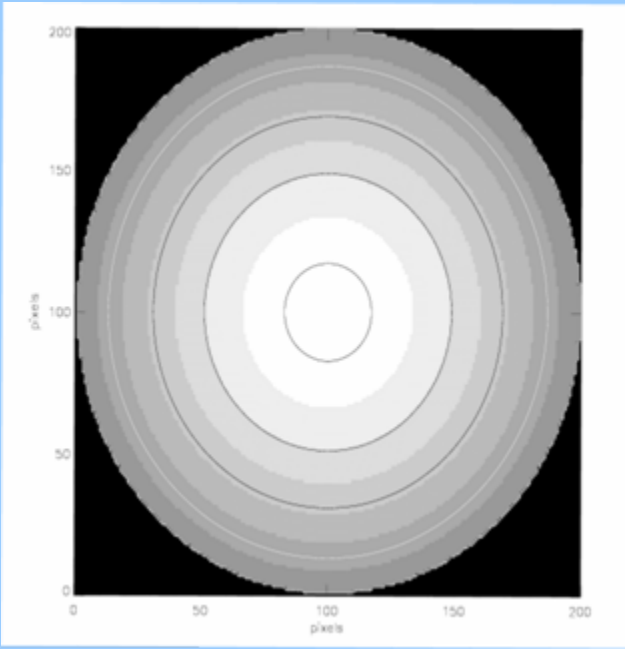


Size: 2.750 mas  
Epsil: 0.462  
 $\chi^2_V$ : 9.818

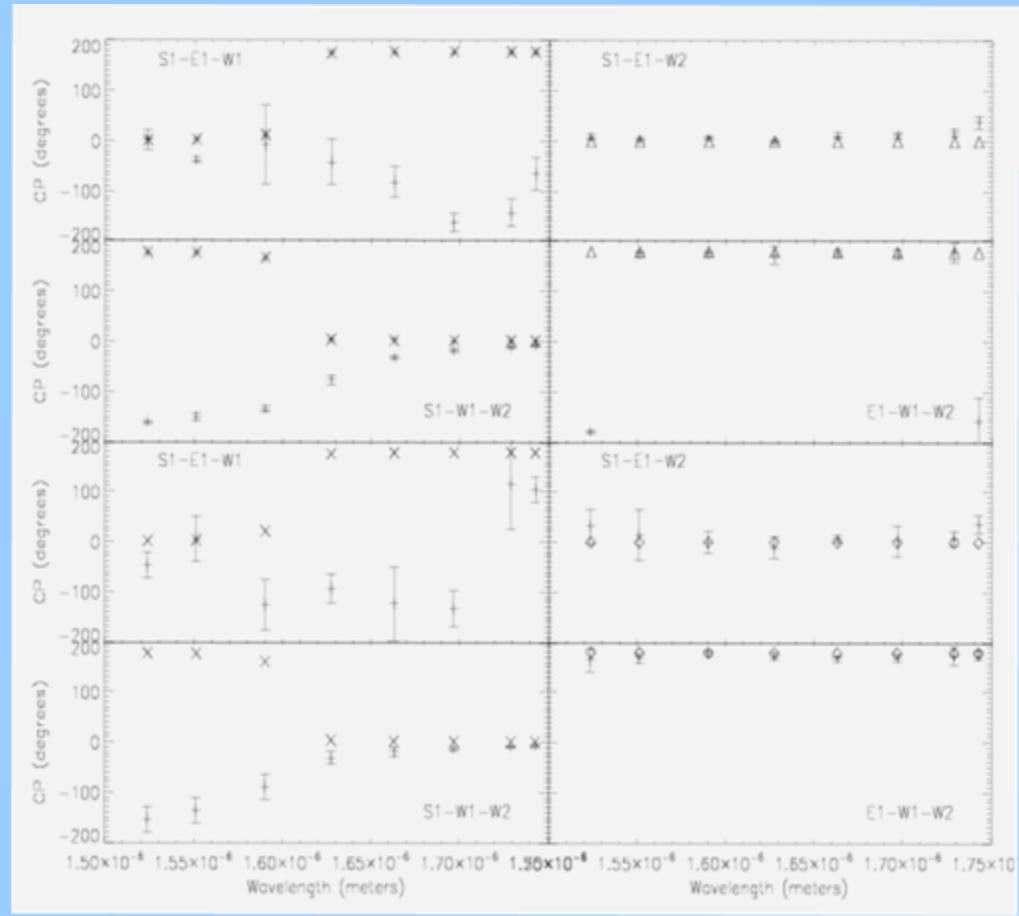




# Limb-darkening Disk



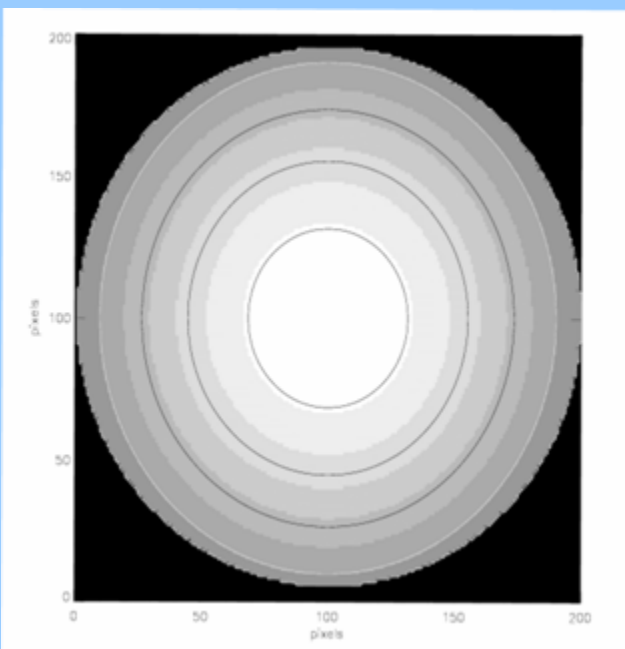
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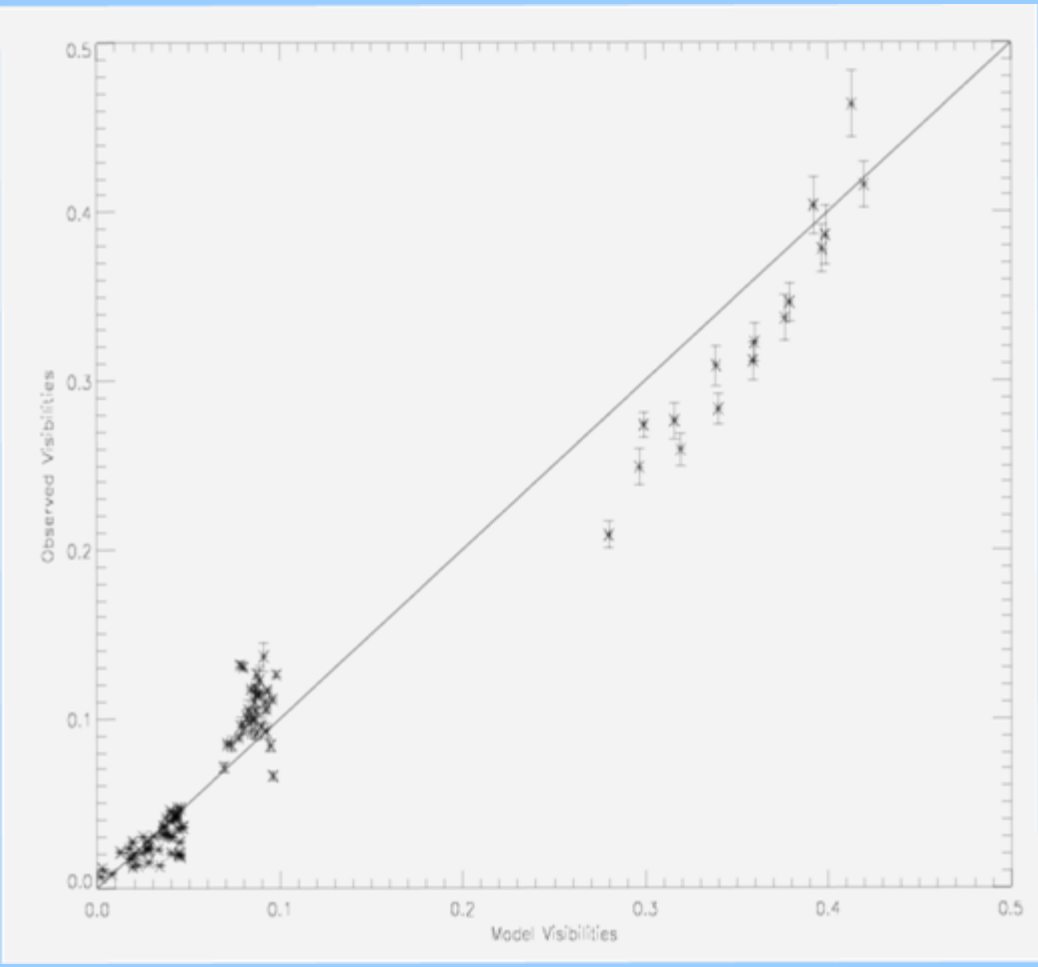




# Elongated Limb-darkening Disk

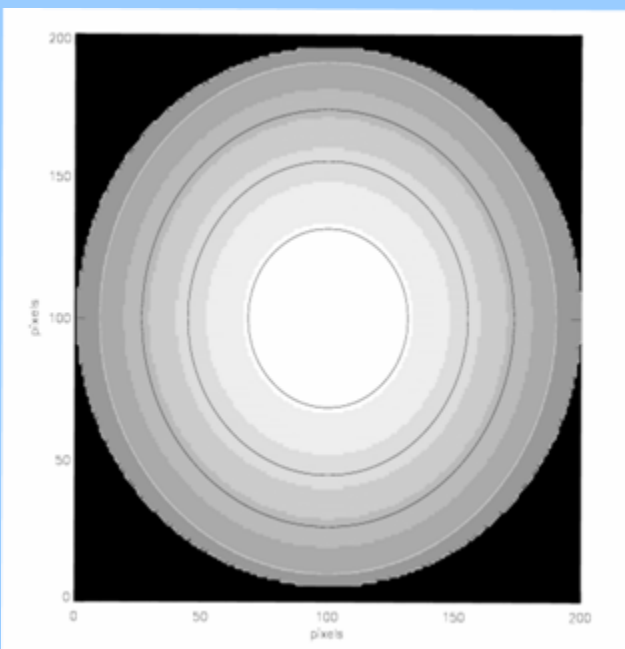


Size: 2.819 mas  
Epsil: 0.467  
Ellip 0.0469  
 $\chi^2_V$ : 8.109

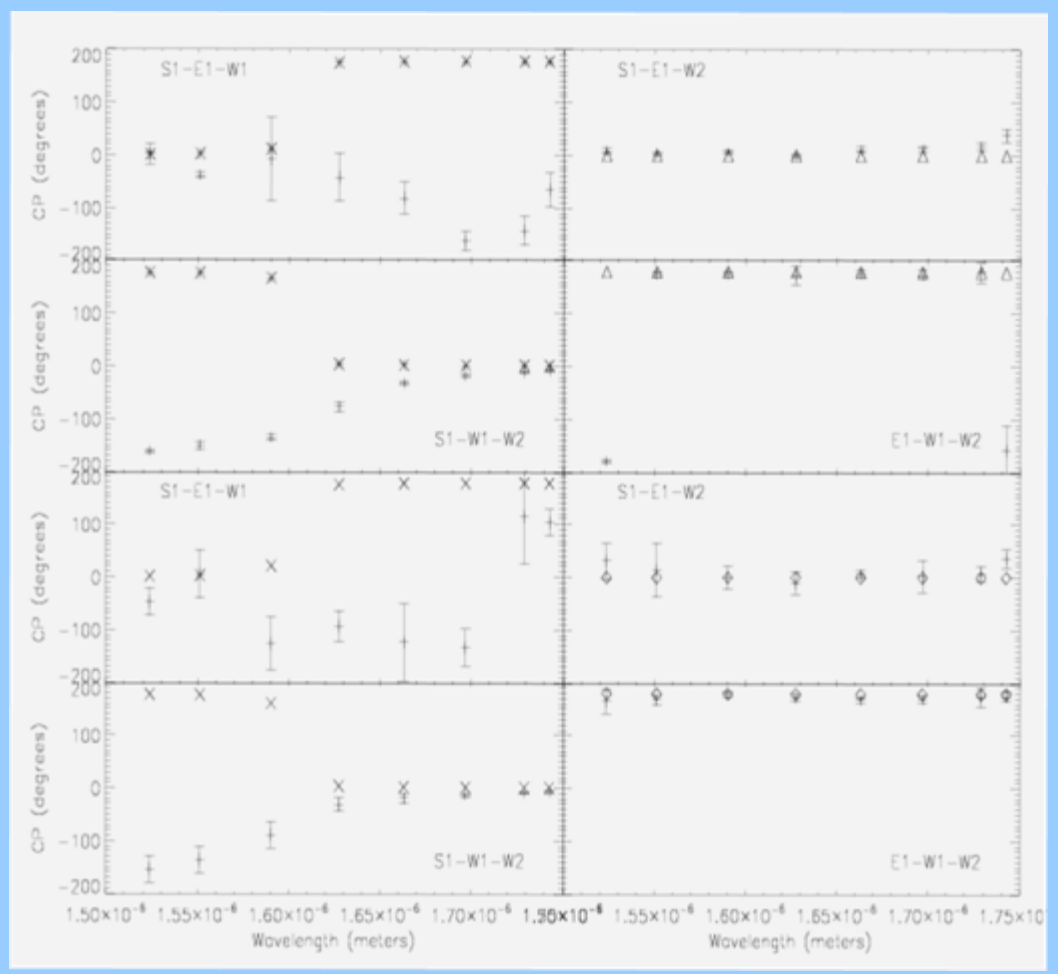




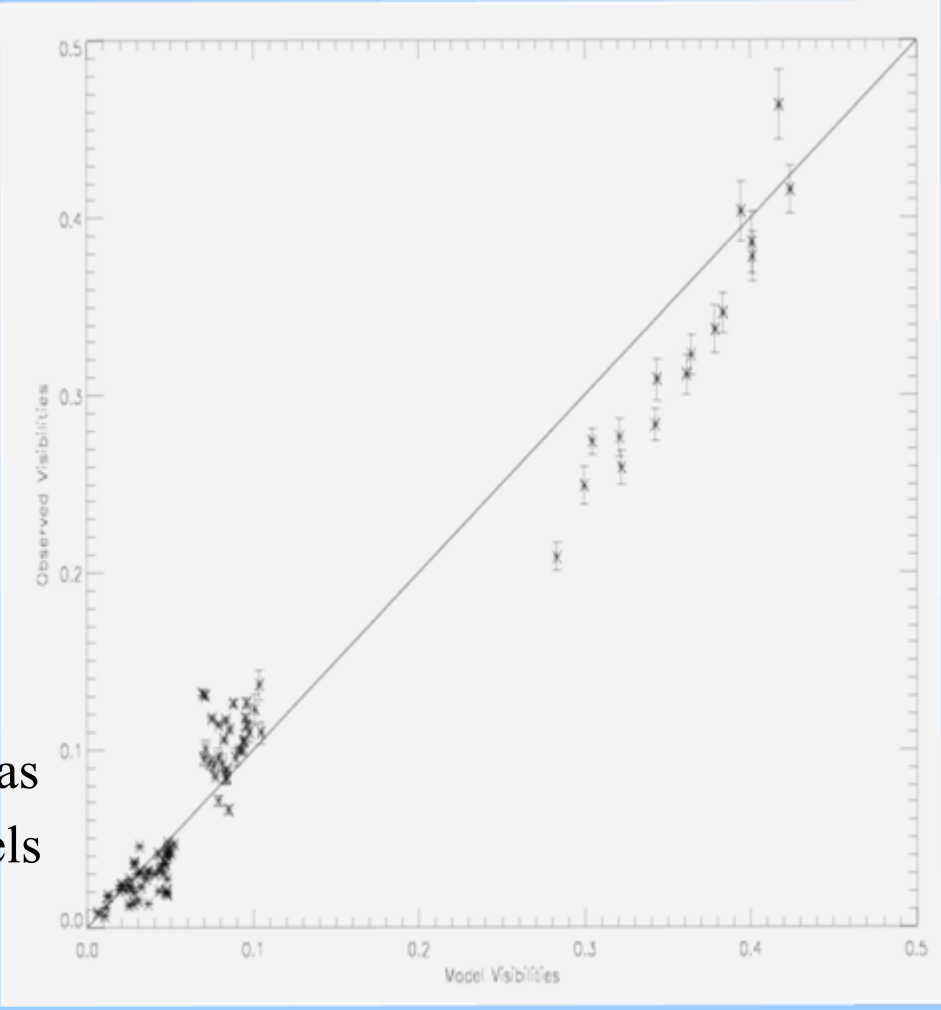
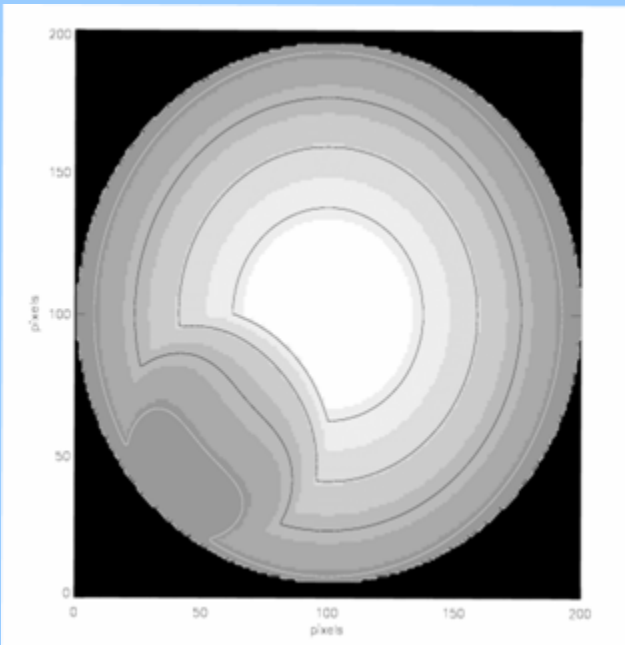
# Elongated Limb-darkening Disk



Size: 2.819 mas  
 Epsil: 0.467  
 Ellip 0.0469  
 $\chi^2_V$ : 8.109



# Elongated Limb-darkening Disk w/ Spot



Star Size: 2.819 mas    Spot Size: 1.13 mas

Epsil: 0.467    80 pixels

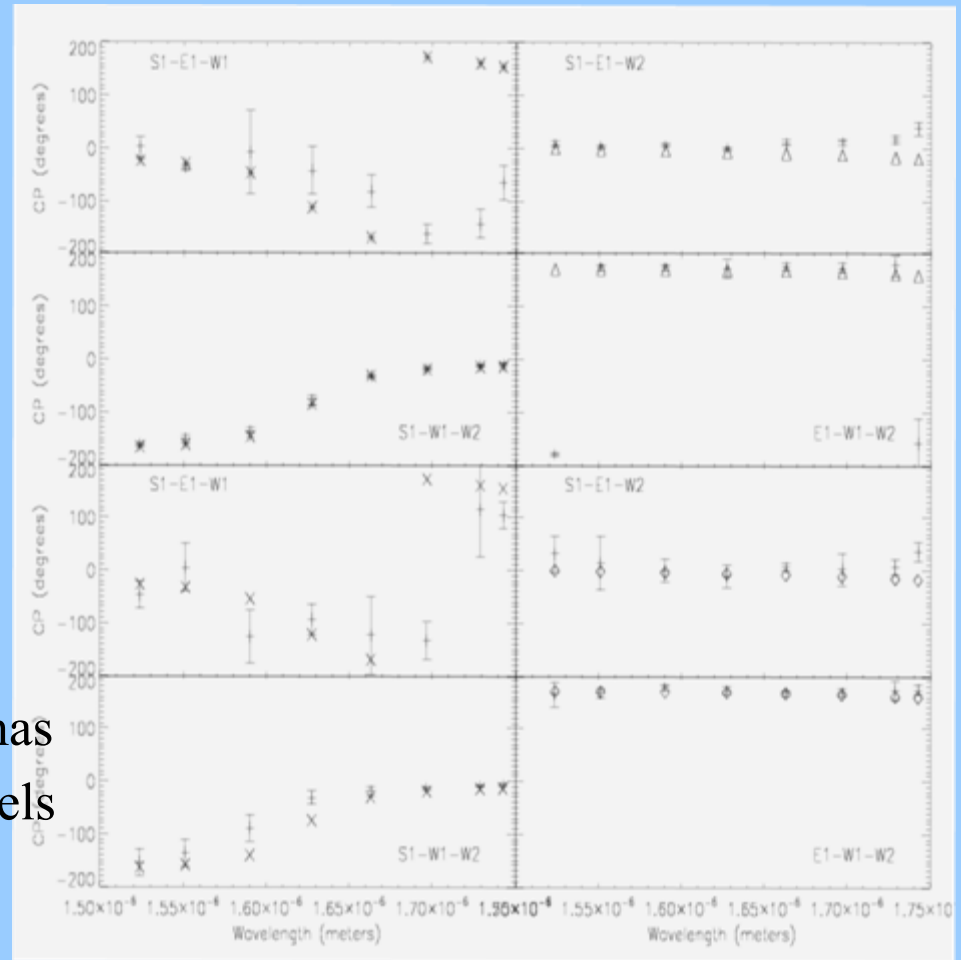
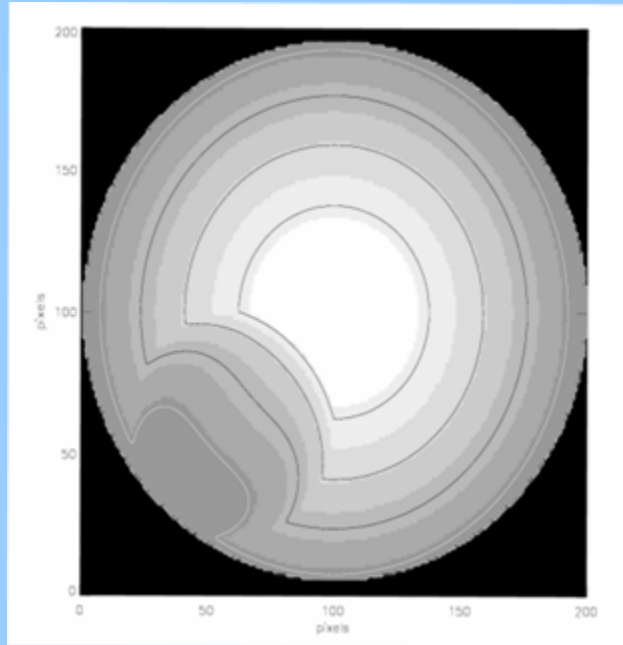
Ellip 0.0469    x: 60

$\chi^2_V$ : 10.847    y: 60

$\chi^2_C$ : 0.016



# Elongated Limb-darkening Disk w/ Spot



Star Size: 2.819 mas     Spot Size: 1.13 mas

Epsil: 0.467     80 pixels

Ellip 0.0469     x: 60

$\chi^2_V$ : 10.847     y: 60

$\chi^2_C$ : 0.016





# The News So Far...

- Closure phase show asymmetries
- Simple models insufficient
- Strong signs towards spotted surface





# Future Plans

- Improved method of minization
- Addition of elongation position angle
- More complicated spot structures
- Apply to multiple epochs of data
- Magic happens → Graduate

