



# ***NPOI Progress since SPIE 2008***

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***Don Hutter***

***U.S. Naval Observatory Flagstaff Station  
(NOFS)***



# *NPOI (Navy Prototype Optical Interferometer)*



## The “BASICS”

- ⊕ NPOI is USNO/NRL collaboration, in association with Lowell Observatory
  - ⊕ Lowell is science partner & contractor to USNO (infrastructure & ops)
- ⊕ Astrometric array – perform very high precision astrometry of bright stars
- ⊕ Compliments JMAPS, reducing major “problem stars” (binaries)
- ⊕ Imaging array – test bed for synthetic aperture imaging

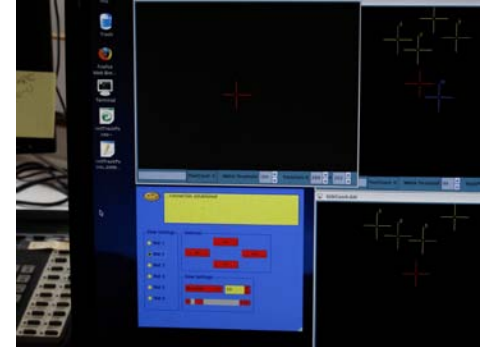
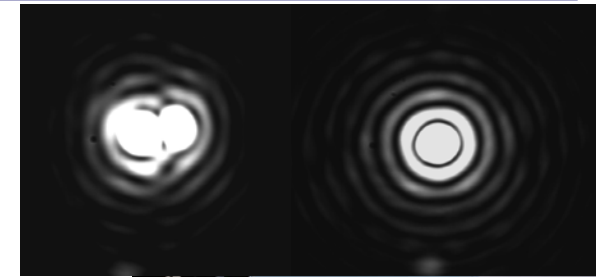


# NPOI Progress since SPIE 2008



## Current capabilities:

- ⊕ With **new mirror coatings** & improved **beam overlap** control, fringe tracking at  $m_v = 6.0$  now **routine**
- ⊕ Improved wavefront quality (FDL optics) promises additional sensitivity.
- ⊕ Above is before beam compressors or outrigger telescopes
- ⊕ Operated by one observer, scheduled ~355 nights/year
- ⊕ ~20K multi-baseline (30s) observations/year
  - ⊕ In “imaging” mode, ~ **200 observations/night** (record 330)
  - ⊕ Observations made on ~63% of nights
  - ⊕ Nights lost: weather (32%) no observer (3%) equip./engineering (2%)



Overmon/Overcon GUIs

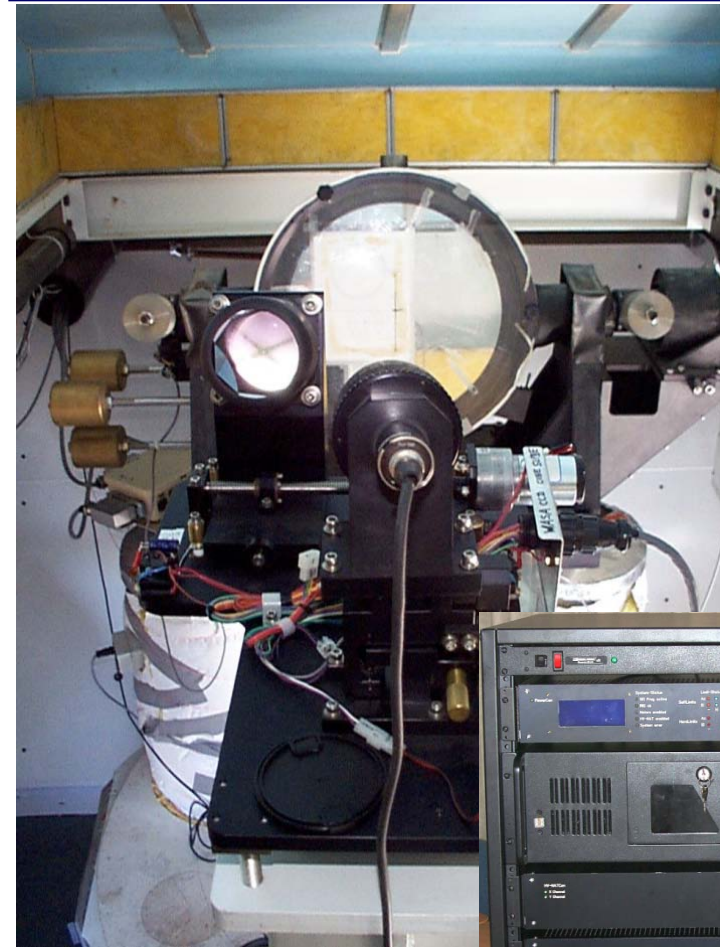


# NPOI Progress since SPIE 2008



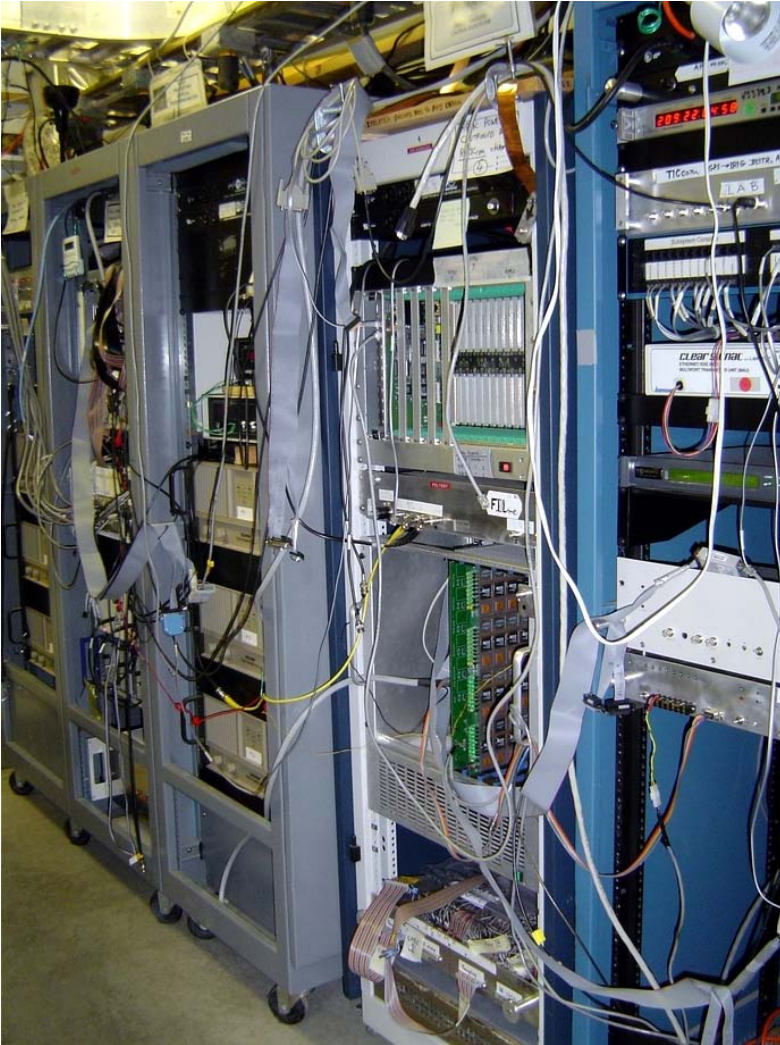
## Control system upgrades in progress:

- PC-based siderostat controllers (3 installed)
- New acquisition camera controllers
- Prototypes for control of vacuum feed system configuration & alignment, instrument covers
- Full remote control via GUIs





# Redesign of the FDL Engine



## **Immediate redesign important!**

- Most components cannot be purchased anymore
- last spares already used
- 'old' technology (we cannot program PLDs anymore)
- if FDL fails we cannot operate
- Fringe Engine needs to be redesigned next!

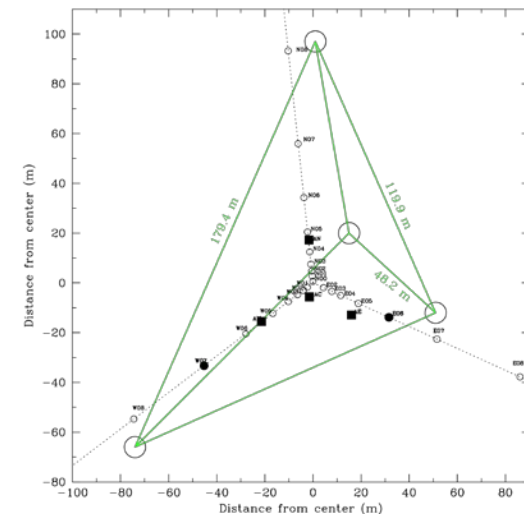
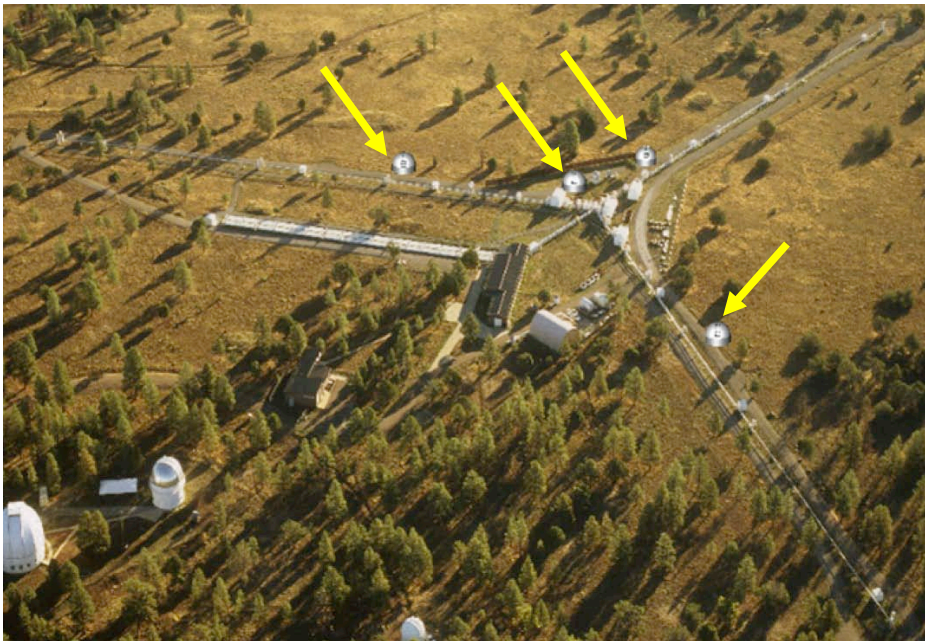
## **PC based FDL Engine**

- based on real-time Linux
- >90% off-shelf components
- Built in "smart" diagnostics
- reliable and failsafe
- New metrology & fringe detection electronics



# 1.8 m Telescopes

- ⊕ Four 1.8-m telescopes originally to be added by NASA to Keck Interferometer
- ⊕ Adds capability for wide-angle astrometry & binary star studies (JMAPS support)
- ⊕ Near IR capability for YSO & other studies/imaging

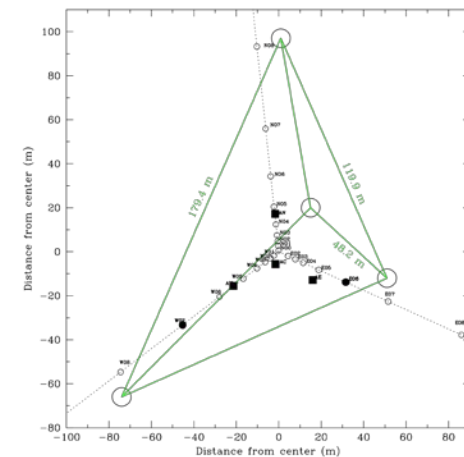




# 1.8 m Telescopes

## ⊕ Present Status

- ⊕ Gift Letter from CARA
  - ⊕ Four 1.8m telescopes
    - ⊕ 3 in Tucson, 1 in Australia
  - ⊕ Other items (domes, pipes, etc.) surplus
- ⊕ Letter approved at CNMOC, USFF & VCNO
  - ⊕ Awaiting final acceptance by UNSECNAV
- ⊕ Preliminary site engineering studies completed
  - ⊕ Standard domes, no dual-star feed
- ⊕ Preliminary discussions with USFS on permits
- ⊕ Seeking funding (DARPA, USAF, others)





# *Beam Combiner Upgrade*



## **“Vision”**

- ⊕ NSF funded
  - ⊕ PI: Matt Muterspaugh (Tennessee State Univ.)
  
- ⊕ 6-beam, visible-light analog of MIRC
  - ⊕ Spatial fringe modulation
  
- ⊕ Development at TSU
  - ⊕ Installation at NPOI ~ mid 2011





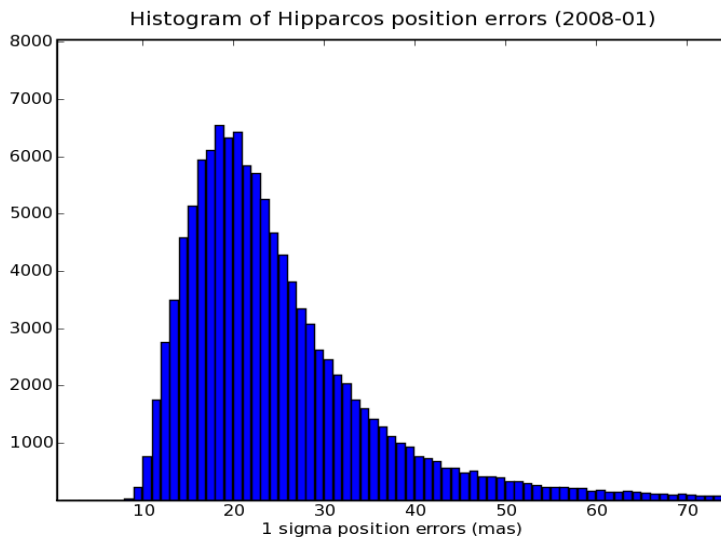
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# *Current Research*

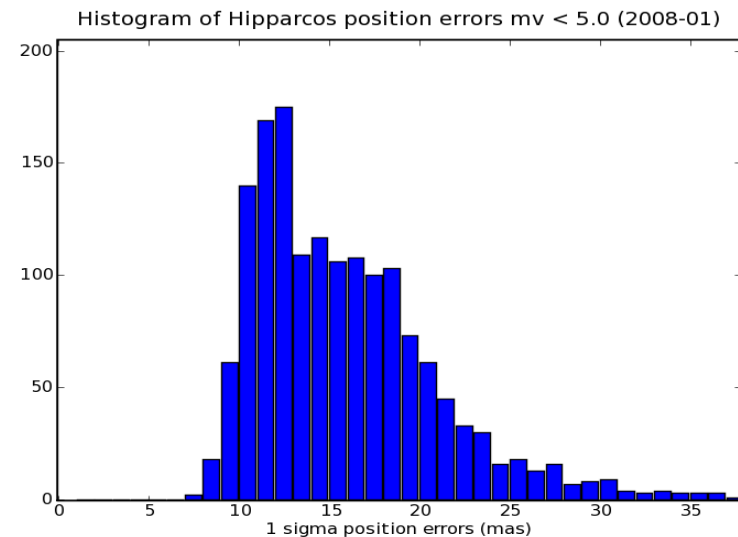


# Wide-Angle Astrometry

- ⊕ Astrometry needs to be referred to a common frame: International Celestial Reference Frame (ICRF)
  - ⊕ Obtained by VLBI
  - ⊕ Optical realization is defined to be the Hipparcos Catalog
- ⊕ DoD requirement  $\leq 16$  mas accuracy in both RA & Dec
  - ⊕ However: HIPPARCOS positions degraded (proper motions)



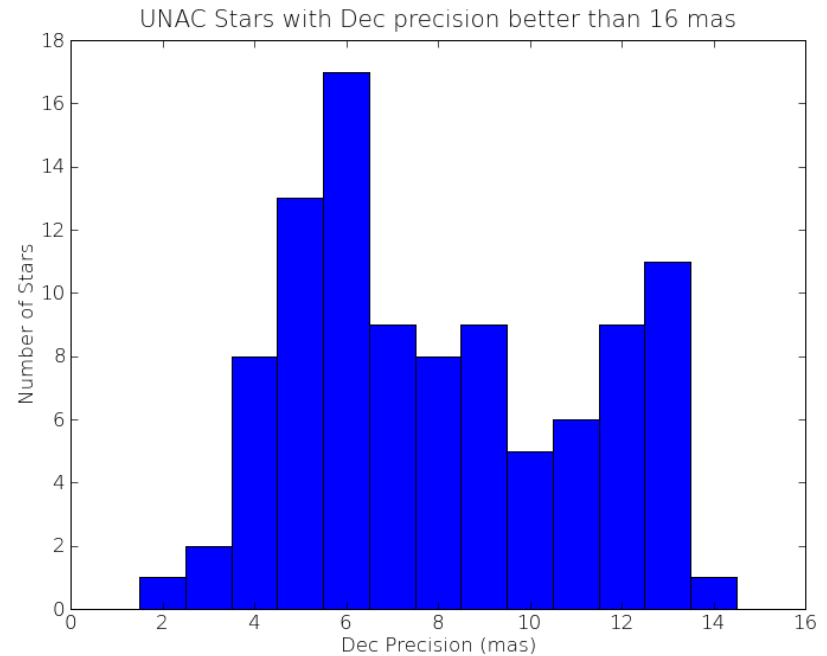
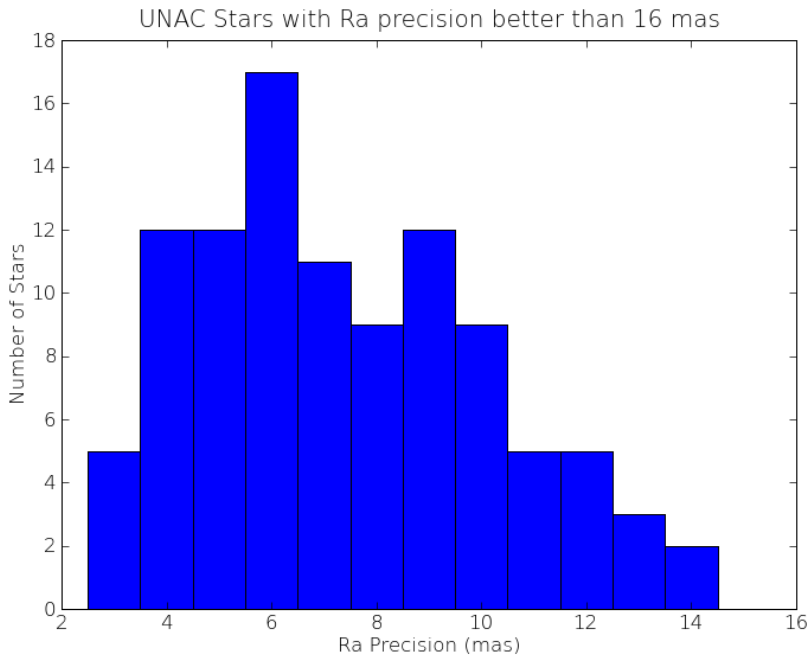
**Hipparcos Position Errors: 2008.0**



**$m_v < 5.0$  Position Errors: 2008.0**



# USNO-NPOI Astrometric Catalog (UNAC)



⊕ UNAC now contains 115 stars with RA & Dec precisions < 16 mas

⊕ Median: 7.2 mas RA, 8.1 mas Dec

⊕ Evaluating accuracy via comparison to other catalogs, NOFS observations

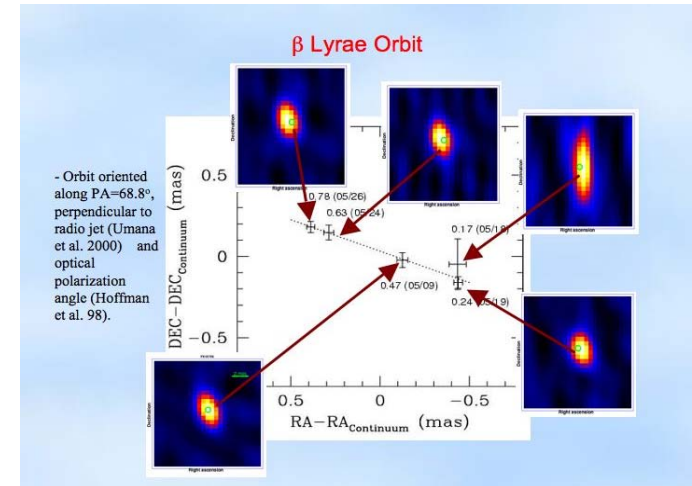


# NPOI Binary Star Capabilities

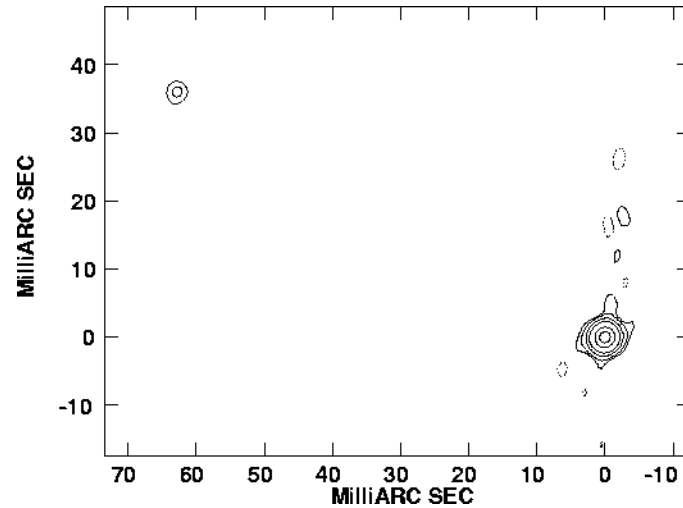


- ⊕ Limiting  $\Delta m = 3.0$  ( $V^2$  data) for separations 3 – 300 mas (from known binaries)
- ⊕ Binaries observed at angular separations <1 mas ( $\beta$  Lyr) to 700 mas (HD76943)

*Schmitt et al. 2009, ApJ, 691, 984*



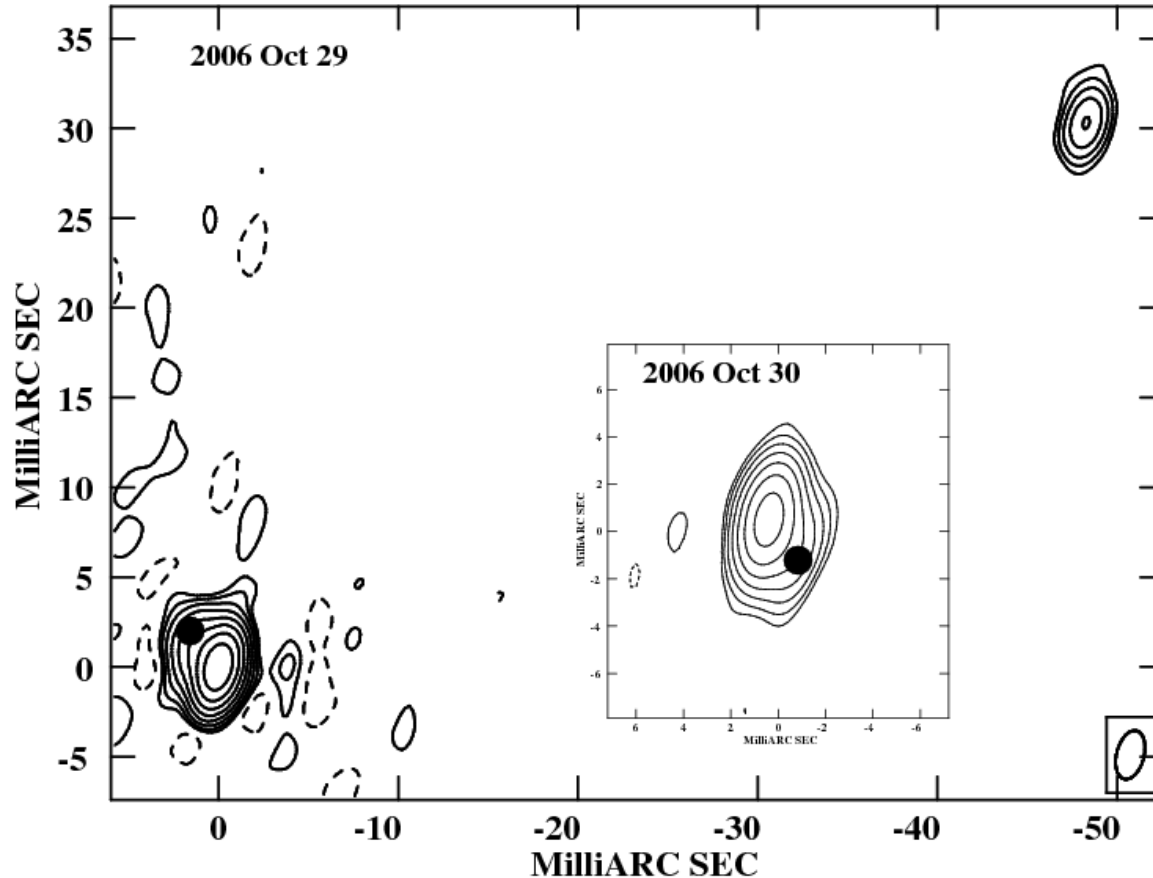
- ⊕ *Binary detection possible in as few as 1-2 scans*
  - ⊕ Example: 15 Mon ( $V = 4.7$ ;  $\Delta m = 1.6$ )
  - ⊕ Image from one 32 second scan!





# Hierarchical Triple systems

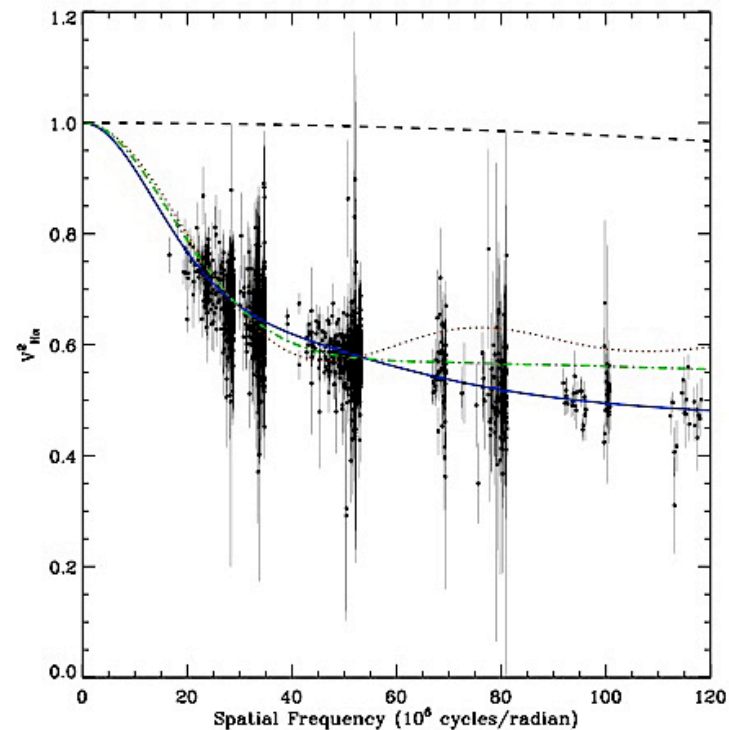
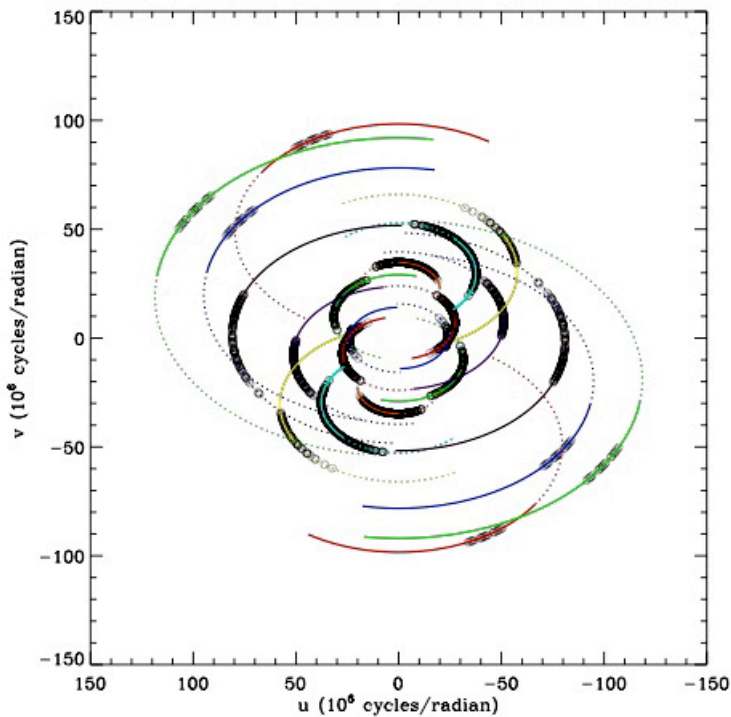
- ⊕ Example: **Algol** (Zavala et al. 2009, ApJL, in press)
  - ⊕ Simultaneous NPOI & radio (VLBI) mas-resolution images
  - ⊕ Absolute astrometry via image registration (“B” is radio source)
  - ⊕ Resolved all 3 optical components (orbital elements,  $\Delta m$ 's, masses)





# H $\alpha$ -observations of P Cygni

- ⊕ H $\alpha$  flux from wind structure has profile unlike Be-star disks (non-Gaussian)
- ⊕ H $\alpha$ -emitting wind structure stable to 10% (2005-2008)



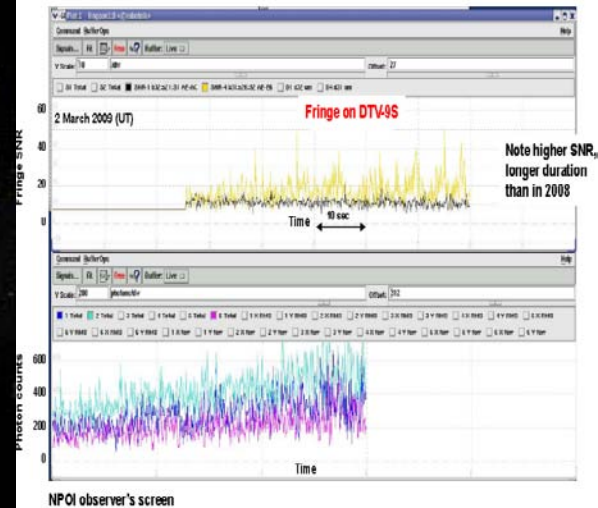
*Balan et al. 2010, AJ, in press*



# GEOsatellite observations



- ⊕ 1<sup>st</sup>-ever fringe tracking on geosynchronous satellite “glints” in 2008 & 2009
- ⊕ Observations of DirecTV-9s modeled
  - ⊕ 2-component model (71% of flux unresolved, rest resolved ~26 mas)



Armstrong et al. 2009, Proc. Adv. Maui Optical and Space Surveillance Technologies Conf., Wailea, HI.  
Vrba et al. 2009, *ibid.*



# NPOI Progress since SPIE 2008



## Other projects:

- ⊕ Combining coherent averaging, phase referencing, self-calibration
  - ⊕  **$\zeta$  Dra ( $\Delta m = 3$  binary):** *Coherent averaging applied (SPIE paper)*
  - ⊕  **$\eta$  Vir (triple system):** *Imaging with baseline phases à la  $\beta$  Lyrae (SPIE)*
  - ⊕ **Solar analogs:** *Preliminary results on precise diameter measurements*
  
- ⊕ Exoplanet host stars: Diameters, evolutionary status