VLTI update



European Organisation for Astronomical Research in the Southern Hemisphere



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Overview

- Infrastructure
 - 4 UTs, 4 ATs
 - 6 delay lines
 - FINITO and FSUA fringe trackers
 - PRIMA (dual feed fringe tracker)
- Instruments
 - MIDI, AMBER, PIONIER
 - Commissioning: PACMAN
- ♦ 2nd generation instruments
 - MATISSE, GRAVITY
- Operations
 - OPC, SM/VM, USD, SciOps, Archive

Infrastructure



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Infrastructure



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4 Unit Telescopes (8m ø)

- with Adaptive Optics (60 element curvature systems)
- used on average 3-4 nights per month (bright time)
- baselines: 47m to 130m
- 4 Auxiliary Telescopes (1.8m ø)
 - with tip-tilt field stabilisation at telescope
 - movable (max. 2 movements per day, daytime) on many stations (9 offered or 4 different quadruplets)
 - baselines: from 8m to 128m
 - used 50% of the time (rest = UT nights and technical time / commissioning of new systems)

Infrastructure



- 6 Delay Lines
 - range: OPD from 0 to 120m, resolution: 5nm
 - pupil relay (continuous) through Variable Curvature Mirror
 - compatible wit dual-feed
- Infra-red tip-tilt sensor IRIS
 - J, H or K-band, up to 4 beams
 - fast tip-tilt guiding
- 3 telescope fringe tracker FINITO
 - H-band, used with AMBER
- Alignment tools (pupil viewer, calibration source...)

Current Instruments: AMBER



- ♦ Bands: (J) H and K (1.5 to 2.5µm)
- Spectral resolution: up to 12000 Spatial res.: 3mas
- 4 3 telescopes => phase closure => some imaging
- Limiting magnitudes:
 - low resolution => H_{corr}, K_{corr} = 7.5 (UT) and 5.5 (AT)
 - high resolution => H_{corr}, K_{corr} = 6 (UT) and 5 (AT) with fringe tracking



Current instruments: MIDI

- Band: N (8-13µm)
- Spectral resolution: 30 or 230 Spatial res.= 15mas
- 2 telescopes => squared visibilities + differential phase (as a function of the wavelength)
- Limiting magnitudes:

 - new correlated flux mode
 > N=5.7 =0.2Jy (UT)



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Current instrument: PIONIER



- Band: Η (1.5-1.8 μm)
- Low spectral resolution (up to R~ 40)
- 4 telescopes –
 6 baselines
- ♦ lim. mag. H>7
- Visitor instrument





PRIMA

PACMAN: Differential astrometry

- under test / commissioning
- Normalised B-D -0.2 -0.4 ō 2 min 1 min 3 min -0.6 -0.8 goal: 50-100 µas accuracy for Jupi -20 20 AOPD (um)

0.8

0.6

0.4

0.2

1Hz scan

40

- detection => gives the mass and orbit inclination
- follow-up of radial velocity + access to more active stars
- current problem with baseline stability / definition
- Off-axis fringe tracking to push the limiting magnitude of AMBER and MIDI (at the cost of sky coverage)
 - increase of limiting magnitude by 4-5 magnitudes
- Phase-referenced imaging with AMBER & MIDI
 - for some imaging ... if implemented

PRIMA – astrometry status



- New IS: Julien Woillez
- Problem: metrology only for part of stellar light path
 - Path does not contain de-rotator and does not go out to telescope.
 - Flexure problems
- Tiger Team proposed solutions and evaluate potential performance => moving metrology reference point up (M2), measuring its position...
- Work on polarization control (affects quality of return beam from retro-reflector)



2nd generation instruments



- GRAVITY (2014+) under manufacturing
 - 2 to 2.5 µm (K-band), R= 22 to 4000
 - 4 telescopes simultaneously
 - astrometry (30µas) and faint imaging (K>15)
 - Galactic Center, AGNs, stellar environment & dynamics...
- MATISSE (2015+comm.) at final design stage
 - 3 to 13 µm (L, M & N-bands), R= 30 to 1000
 - 4 telescopes simultaneously
 - star & planet formation (dust), evolved stars, AGNs, minor solar system bodies, Galactic center, extra-solar planets ...

Long Range Plan



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 Responsibility of Jean-Philippe Berger (new VLTI Programme Scientist)



AMBER top requirements



- Sensitivity
- Precision
- High spectral resolution





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AMBER offers three beam combination at the VLTI

- (J),H,K bands available
- Observables: visibilities, closure phase (CP), differential vis, phases, CP
- VLTI+AMBER offers 4x3 possible telescope triplets in single night
- R:40,1200,10000





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Standard operation



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Typical observation sequence: CAL-SCI-CAL



- Offered: LR: 60 minutes + MR/HR: 75 minutes:
- AMBER+FINITO used "almost" smoothly but performance limitation
- 3T AT triplet can be choosen out of 4 positions (redundancy would avoid idle time)
- AMBER acquisition of faint sources cumbersome (PlayStation-like)

Performance



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Offered Initial planned Precision

mode	FINITO	calibrated V	diff. ϕ	CP
low HK	not used	10%	NG	5^{o1}
	coherencing	5%	NG	3^{o1}
	cophasing	7%	NG	3^{o1}
medium K	coherencing	5%	2^{o}	4°
	cophasing	5%	1°	2°
medium H	any mode ³	5%	2^{o2}	-4^{o2}
high K	cophasing	5%	10	2°

Visibility	Closure phase	Diff. phase
0.1%	0.05deg	0.01deg

Sensitivity

		AMBER	FINITO	Kcorr	Hcorr
		LR-HK	no	<7*	<7*
		LR-HK	group tracking	<7.5*	<7.5*
	UT	LR-HK MR-K	fringe tracking	<7	<7
		MR-H	fringe tracking	4	<5
		HR-K	fringe tracking	<6	<6
		LR-HK	по	<5.5 (4.1, 3.1)**	<5.5 (4.1, 3.1)**
		LR-HK	group tracking	<5.5 (4.5, 3.5)**	<5.5 (4.5, 3.5)**
	AT	MR-H	fringe tracking	1.2.1	<4 (3, 2)
		LR-HK MR-K HR-K	fringe tracking	<5 (4, 3)	<5 (4, 3)
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Average see	ing cor	ditions	(< 60% c	of time)		
		3 UTs			3 ATs	
Observing modes	J	Н	К	J	H	K
High Sensitivity	8.8	10.5	11.6	6.6	7.5	8.6
High Precision Visibility	7.1	8.8	0.0	5.1	5.9	6.9

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AMBER limits



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	Spectral mode	Fringe Tracking ¹	Kcorr limit	Hcorr limit	Vis K	Vis H	Air Mass	Guid. Vmag	Guid. Dist	
	LR-HK	group	8.5, 7.5 *	8.5, 7.5 *			<2.0	117	<55"	
UT	LR-HK, MR-K	phase	8.0, 7.0	8.0, 7.0	>10%	% >10%			<13"	
0.	MR-H	phase	-	6.5, 5.5			<1.5	115		
	HR-K	phase	7.0, 6.0	7.0, 6.0						
	LR-HK	group	6.0, 5.0, 4.0**	6.0, 5.0, 4.0 **			<2.0	-1.713.5	<60"	
AT	MR-H	phase	-	4.5, 3.5, 2.5	>5%	>5%	<1.5	-1.711	<15"	
	LR-HK, MR-K, HR-K	phase	5.5, 4.5, 3.5	5.0, 4.0, 3.0						

¹: "Phase" tracking is performed by FINITO, "Group" tracking is performed by AMBER self-coherencing.

The table above assumes seeing<0.6" with CLR conditions, seeing<0.8" with CLR conditions, for the UTs. For the ATs, the conditions are supposed to be seeing<0.6" with CLR conditions, seeing<0.8" with CLR conditions and seeing<1.2" and THN conditions. THK conditions should not be used for AMBER observations. PHO conditions are not applicable because AMBER does not provide a photometric calibration to a high level of accuracy even under optimum conditions.



- AMBER is a productive instrument
- VLTI is a robust interferometer
- but .. degraded combined FINITO+AMBER+vibration control performances only give a hint of what could be achieved in particular in stellar physics
- there is hope ...
 - VLTI has demonstrated sensitivity (K~10.5 with VINCI-UT)
 - VLTI has demonstrated good quality fringe tracking (K~9 on ATs)
 - VLTI has demonstrated precision (VINCI, PIONIER):0.5%, 0.5 deg

MIDI in the VLTI lab



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The MIDI Instrument at the VLT Interferometric Laboratory on Paranal



ESO PR Photo 50c/02 (18 December 2002)

@European Southern Observatory

MIDI lab fringes



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MIDI limits



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Telescopes	Beam combiner	Spectrograph	Limit (N mag)	Limit (Jy @ 12 µm)
UTs	HIGH_SENS	PRISM	4	1
UTs	HIGH_SENS	GRISM	2.8	3
ATs	HIGH_SENS	PRISM	0.74	20
ATs	HIGH_SENS	GRISM	0.31	30
UTs	SCI_PHOT	PRISM	3.2	2
UTs	SCI_PHOT	GRISM	2	6
ATs	SCI_PHOT	PRISM	0.0	40
ATs	SCI_PHOT	GRISM	-0.44	60

· Limiting correlated magnitudes (flux*visibility).

MIDI+FSUA



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MIDI tracking fringe

FSUA tracking fringe



User support



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Phase 2 Preparation

Observing conditions

- Service Mode Philosophy
- Service Mode Policies
- Phase 2 Instrument Table
- Service Mode Guidelines
- Special Procedures
- Phase 2 Submission
- Visitor Mode Guidelines
- The P2PP Tool (version 3)
- P2PP for La Silla
- Other Tools and Services
- Run Progress Report
- Post-observation Support
- The User Support Department
- Phase 2 Users Workshop: July 2012

Phase 2 Instrument Overview Table

For information, please follow the links in this table. If one instrument has special requirements, this is visualized in the relevant row of the table. A summary table of the main characteristics of all instruments is available here.

Instrument	Policies		nt Policies		ent Policies		olicies Change FC/README Documentation Requests		Documentation	Tools	FAQ
General informatio	n valid for all i	nstruments									
Paranal instruments	SM <u>specifics</u> OB naming	Constraints Calibrations	Waivers / Change Requests	Finding Charts README	P2PP version 3 Manual Generic P2PP3 tutorials	Exposure Time Calculators Observability	FAQ				
Instrument-specifie	c information										
AMBER	SM specifics OB Naming	<u>Constraints</u> Calibrations	N/A	Finding Charts README	User Manual P2PP Tutorial	-	FAQ				
CRIRES	SM specifics OB Naming	<u>Constraints</u> Calibrations	Waivers	Finding Charts README	User Manual P2PP Tutorial	-	FAQ				
FLAMES	SM <u>specifics</u> N/A	N/A Calibrations	Waivers	Finding Charts N/A	User Manual P2PP Tutorial	FPOSS	FAQ				

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Service mode





Science Operations





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- VLTI UT scheduled in blocks of 4-6 nights/month
- Night astronomer selects telescopes from quadruplets
- OBs selected from MIDI and AMBER queues
- LST intervals allow user to achieve specific projected baseline
- Science targets interleaved with interferometric calibrators

Next baseline: UT1-UT3

Available LST ran	ge:				
RunID	OB_ID	OB Name (RA DEC)	LST start-end	LST currently reachable 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09	LST not reachable this month 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
<u>088.C-1007(F)</u> Mosoni/ Sipos/ Juh\'asz/	586856 M	SCI_DGTau_F 4.451 +26.10	2.8 - 5.8	03 <mark>04</mark> 05	
	B	9349	822	3Bn	1223244
ES					

Offered configurations

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Configurations offered using the UTs AMBER is offered on all four available UT triples:

- UT1-UT2-UT3
- UT1-UT2-UT4
- UT1-UT3-UT4
- UT2-UT3-UT4

MIDI is offered on all six UT baselines:

- UT1-UT2-57m
- UT1-UT3-102m
- UT1-UT4-130m
- UT2-UT3-47m
- UT2-UT4-89m
- UT3-UT4-62m

Configurations offered using the Auxillary Telescopes

Starting with P85 the Auxillary Telescopes are offered in 4 telescopes configurations. For each of these quadruplets, all possible 2 telescopes and 3 telescopes configurations can be used. At the time of Phase I, user are only requested to provide informations on which of the available quadruplets they wish to use for observations. The decision on which specific baselines will be used at the time of the observation will be decided at the time of the Phase II or in preparation of the visitor run.

The 3 offered quadruplets are:

- A1-G1-K0-J3 (new)
- D0-H0-G1-I1
- A1-B2-C1-D0



Configurations



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Calibrator selection



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AMI	BER [MO	4] A cat	alog of b	right calibra	tor stars for	200-met	er base	line near	-infrare	ed stellar interf	ferometry, A. Méran	d, P. Bordé and V.	Coudé du Forest	0, A&A
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1	-	6 45	-16 42	2	100.000				1	0.91 ± 0.000	0.21 ± -0.00	35.50UT	35.50 UT	max = 0%
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		6.45	-16.42		La contra					0.91 ± 0.004	0.22±0.01	35.50UT	35.50 UT	max = 0%
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3	hd50778	6 54 11.40	-12 2 19.10	5.2	3.95 ± 0.22	0.67	K4Ш	ш	1	NOT VISIBLE	NOT VISIBLE	NOT VISIBLE	NOT VISIBLE	NOT VISIBLE
4	LICIONE	741	-933	15.1	226 1 0 12	101	com			0.99 ± 0.001	0.02 ± 0.00	22.25UT	22.25 UT	max = 0%
(277)	ndb1935	14.83	4.10	15.4	2-20±0.12	1.04	Call	m	2	graph ascii	graph ascii	0.50hrs	graph ascii	graph ascii
5		5 28	-20.45							0.98 ± 0.003	0.05±0.01	34.00UT	35.50 UT	max = 0%
(208)	hd36079	14.72	34.00	18.6	2.97 ± 0.16	0.90	GSII	n	2	0.98-0.98 graph ascii	0.05-0.05 graph ascii	35.50UT	graph ascii	graph ascii
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Jean-Marie Mariotti Center (JMMC) tools



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2	4.563	175510	18 58 27.77	-52 56 19.1	0.953	0.006	0.280	0.019	AOV	4.839	5.067	4.952	4.888
3	6.092	188162	19 57 06.31	-58 54 04.9	0.963	0.005	0.250	0.017	B9.5IV	5.240	5.228	5.279	5.251
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	Con	idence index	LOW	Mealum	High								