



Diameters and Effective Temperatures of Benchmark Stars: Metal-poor stars and Seismic targets

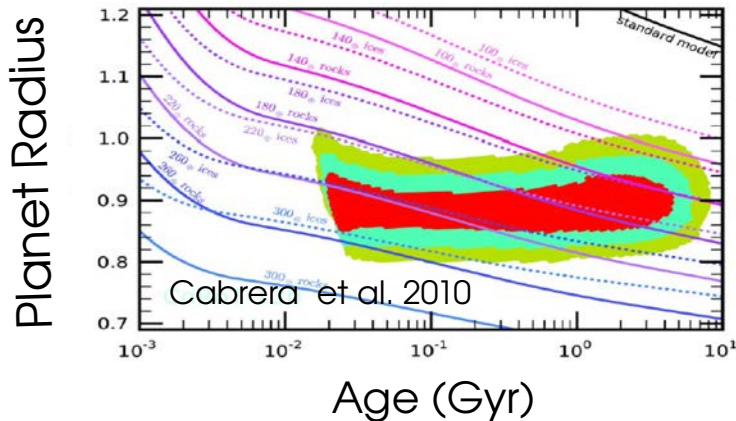
Orlagh Creevey

Frederic Thevenin, Philippe Berio, Ulrike Heiter,
Denis Mourard, Nicolas Nardetto, Tabettha Boyajian
et al.

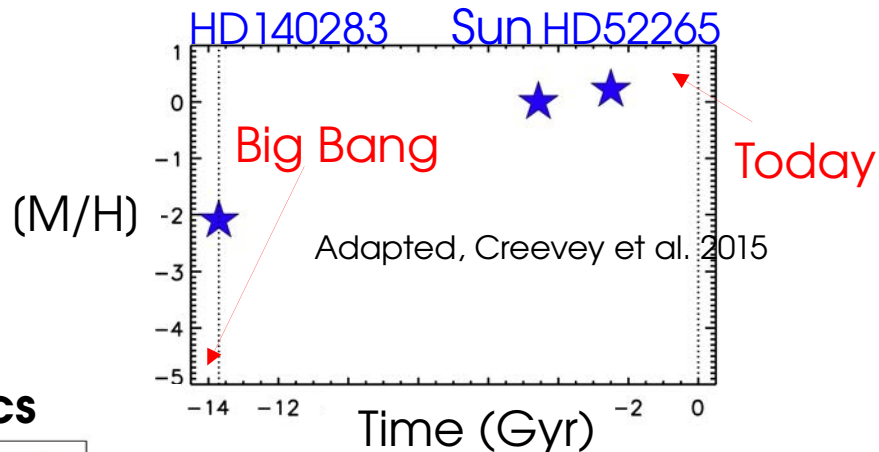


Fundamental parameters

Planetary Science

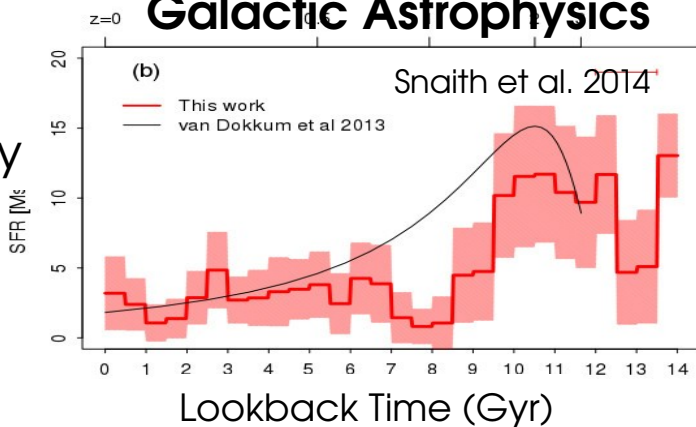


Stellar physics vs Cosmology



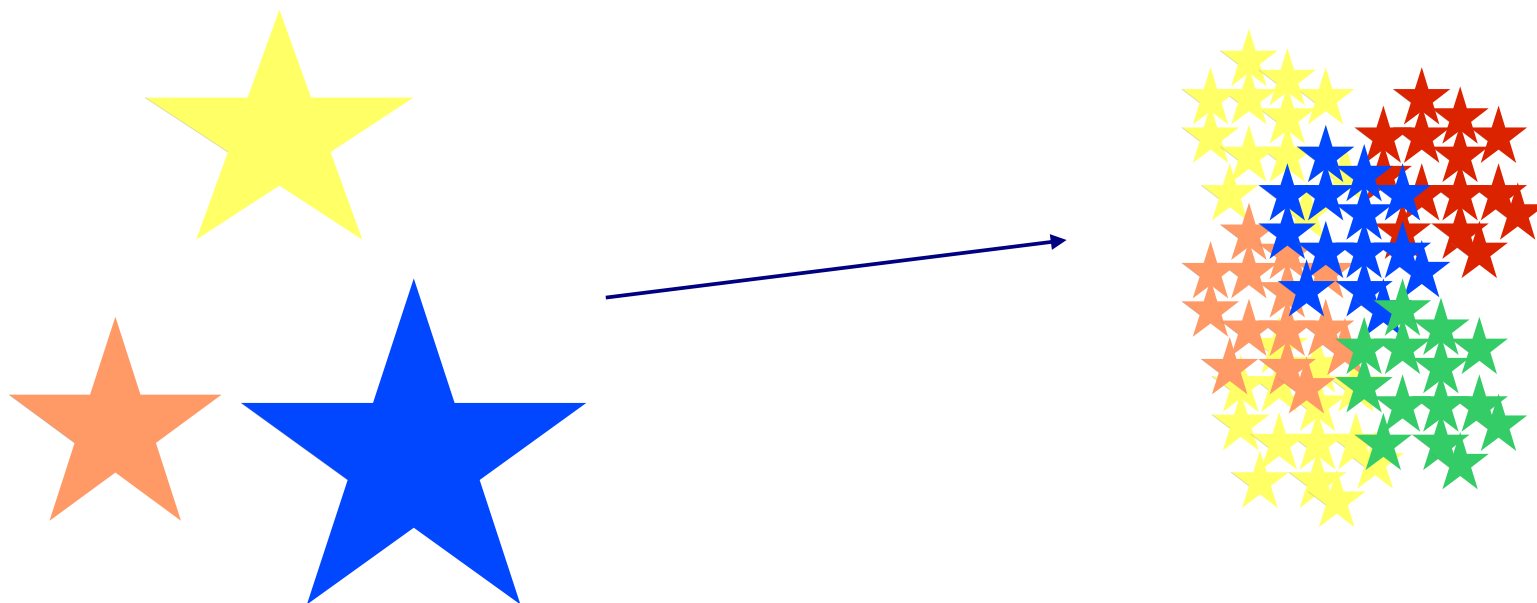
Galactic Astrophysics

SF History



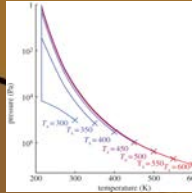
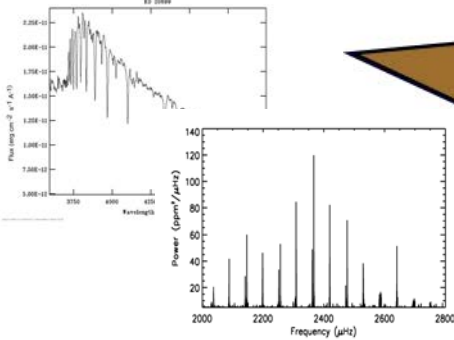
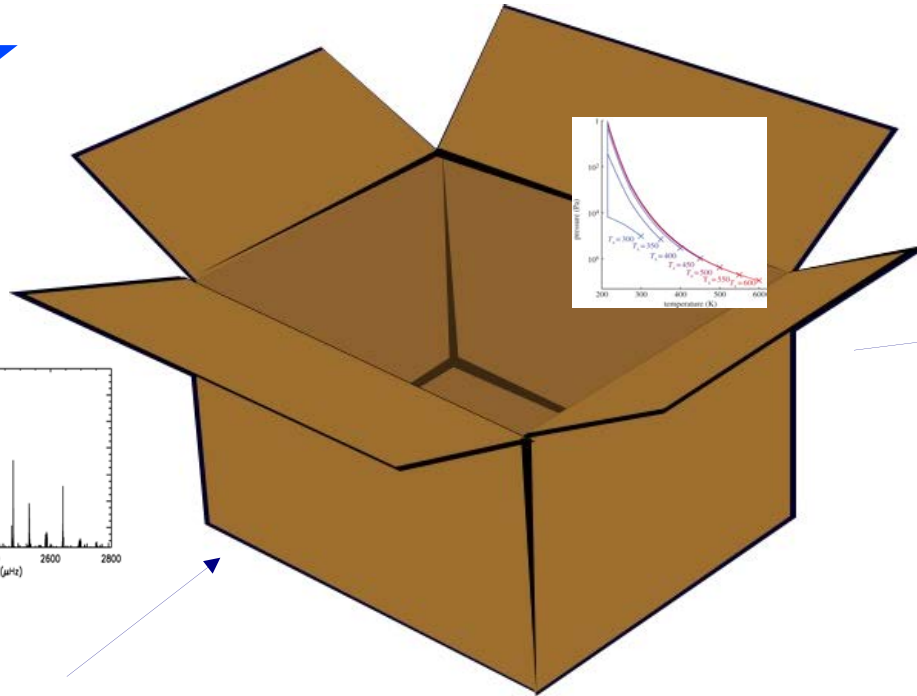


Benchmark Stars





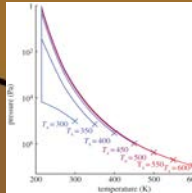
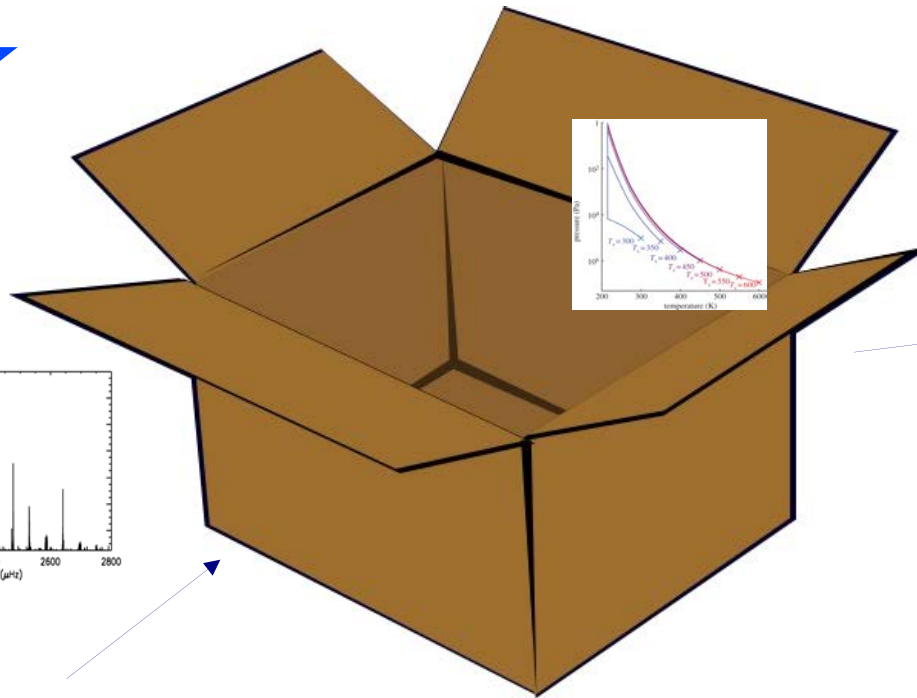
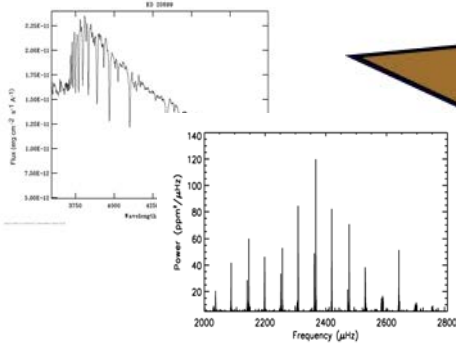
Diameters and Temperatures



- Temperatures
- Logg
- Chemical
- Composition
- Mass
- Radius
- Age
- Initial XYZ



Diameters and Temperatures

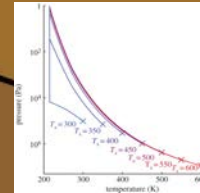
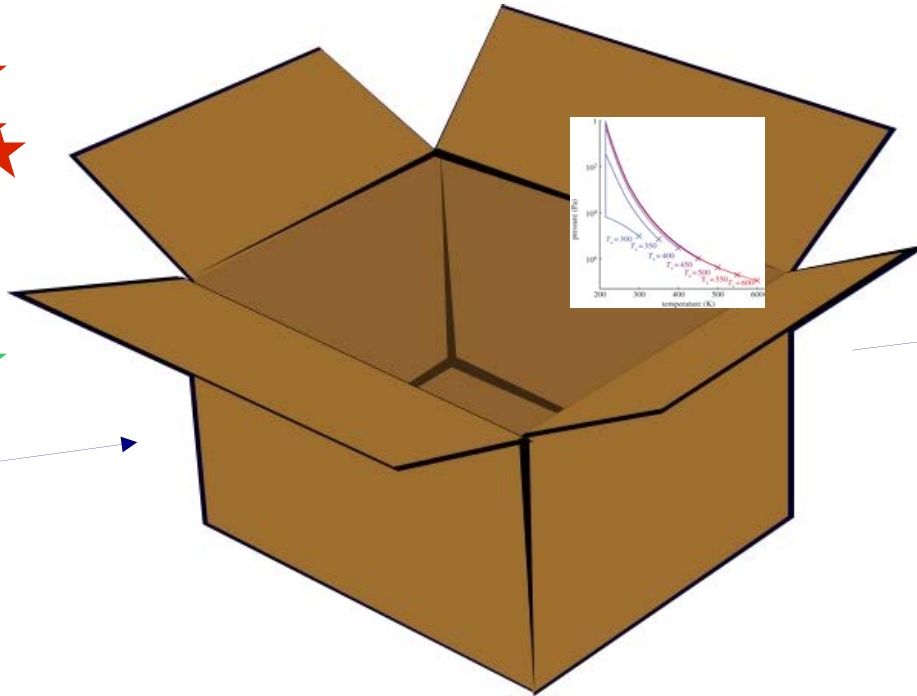
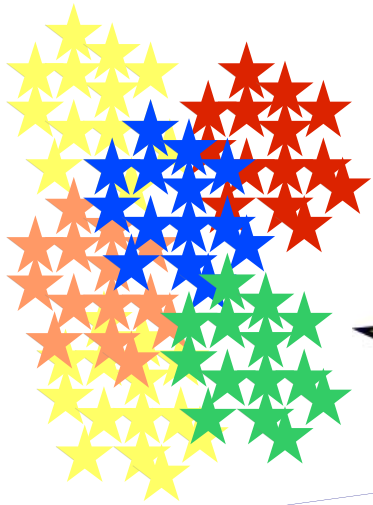


Chemical
Composition
Mass
Age
Initial XYZ



Temperatures
Logg
Radius
Composition

Diameters and Temperatures



Fundamental
Properties
of 1000s of
stars

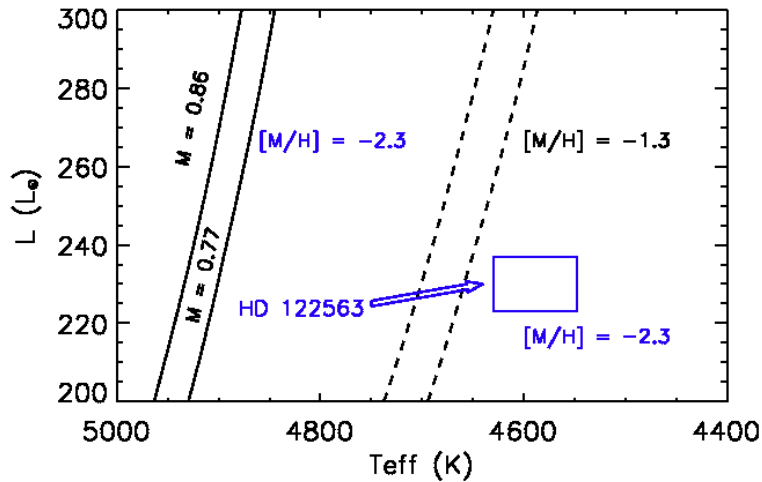


Interferometry Programs

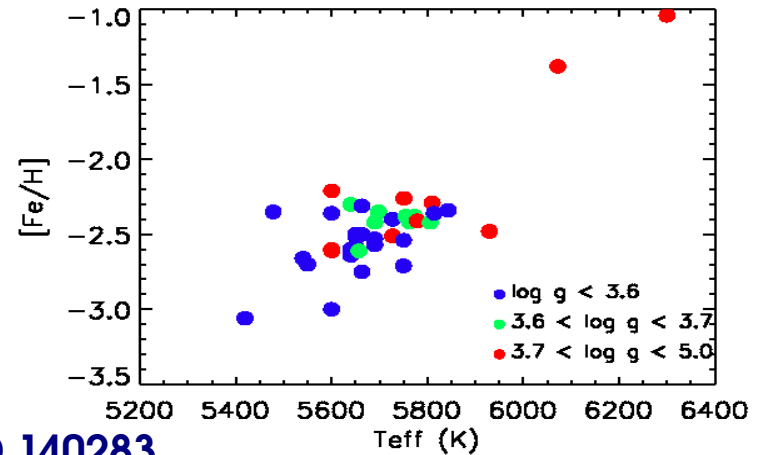
- Metal-poor Population II stars
- Solar-like seismic stars
- K2 Giants (White/Huber/Boyajian/Creevey)



Metal-poor (Population II) stars



Position in HR diagram for HD122563



(Fe/H) versus Teff for HD 140283

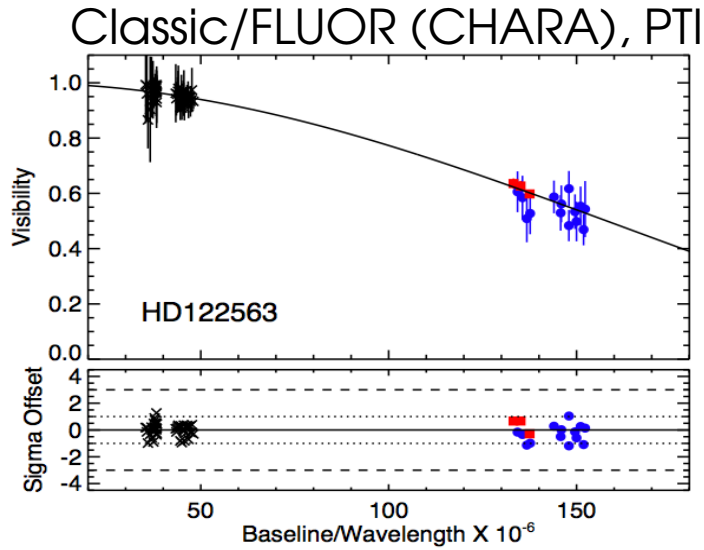


Metal-poor Population II stars

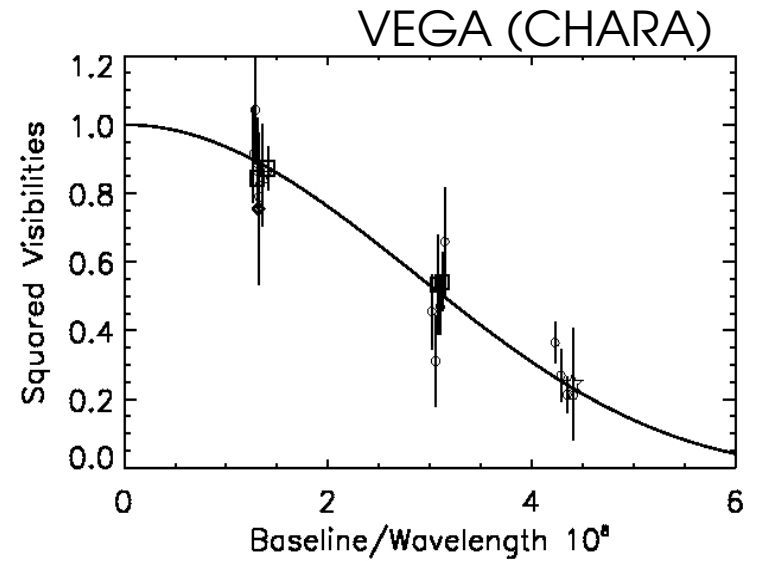
- Sample of metal-poor stars
- HD 122563, HD 104328, HD 103095
- HD 107328 HD 220009 HD 221170 HD 148897
- +3



From V2 to Stellar properties

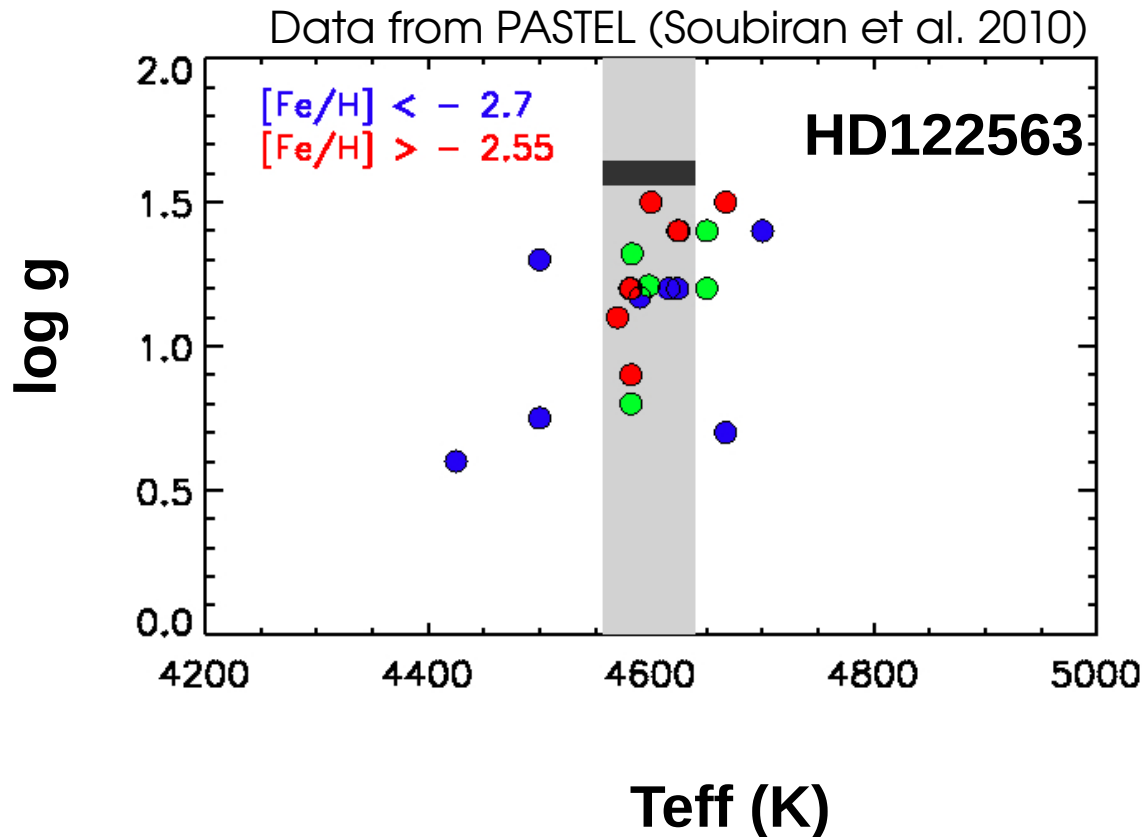


Creevey et al. 2012/2015





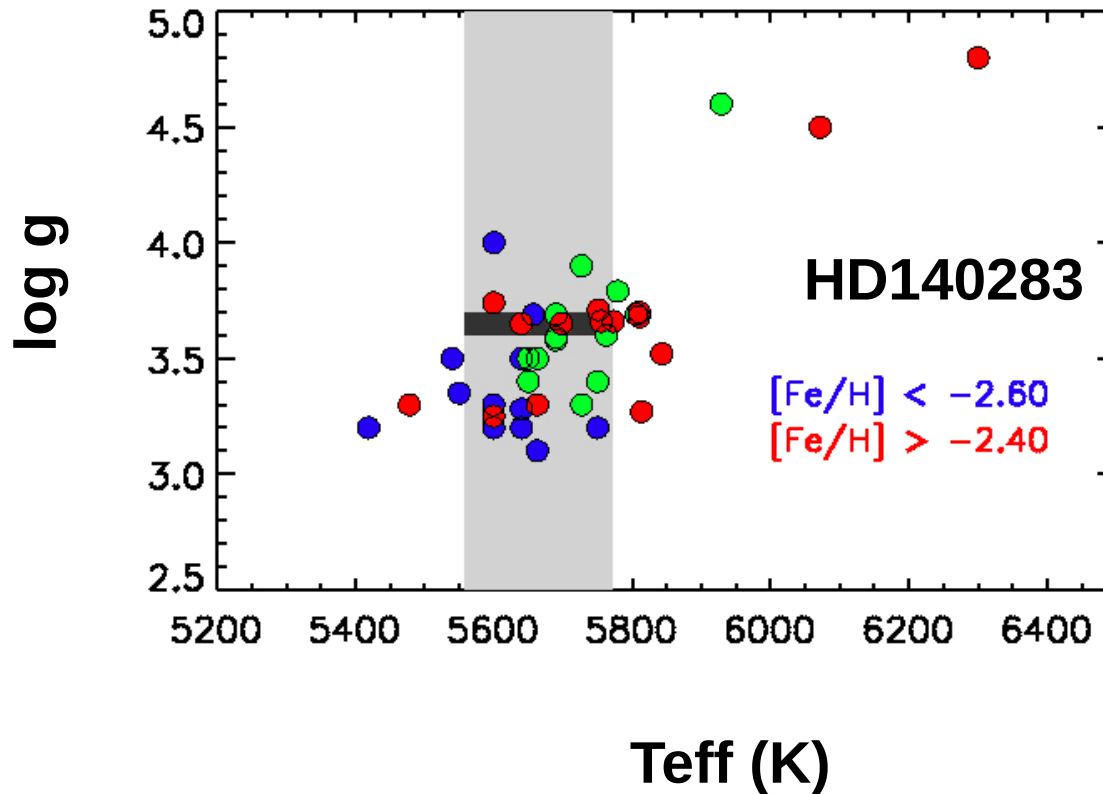
Comparison of effective temperatures



\emptyset : 0.948 ± 0.012
 mas
 T_{eff} : 4598 ± 41 K
 R : $24.1 \pm 1.1 R_{\odot}$
 $\log g$: 1.60 ± 0.04



Comparison of effective temperatures



\emptyset : 0.353 ± 0.013
mas

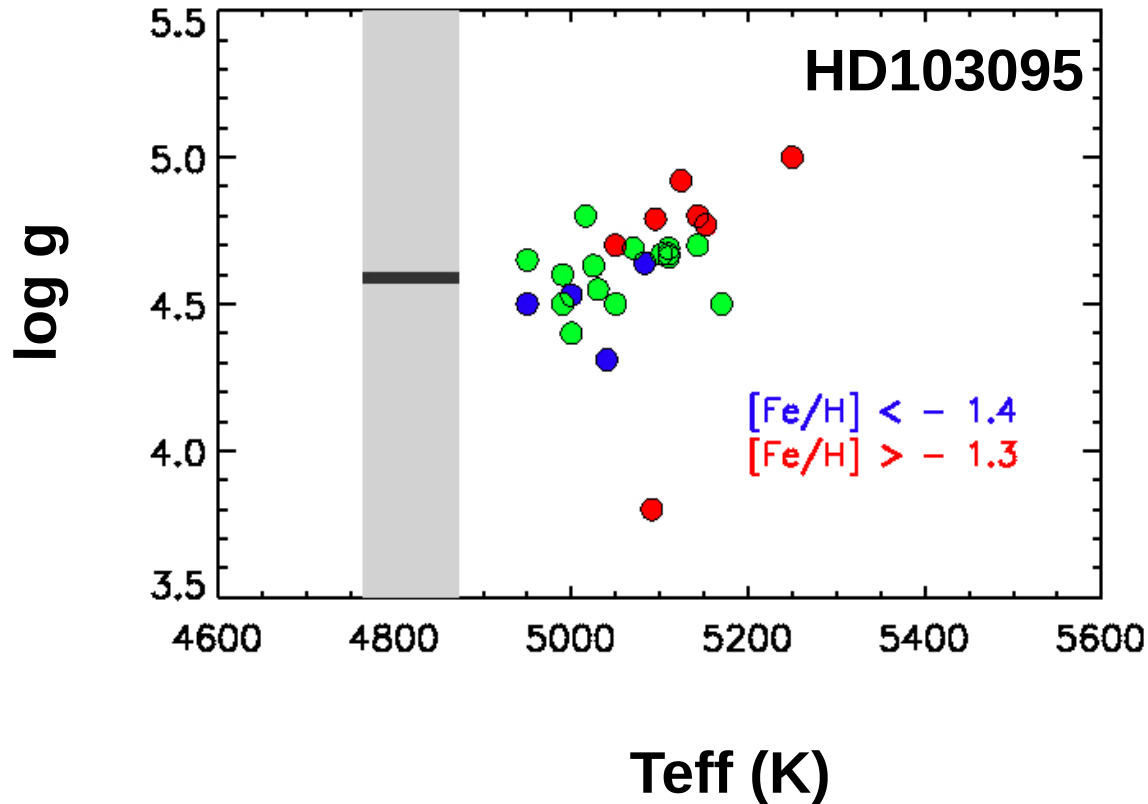
T_{eff} : $5665 \pm 106\text{K}$

R : $2.21 \pm 0.08 R$

$\log g$: 3.65 ± 0.05



Comparison of effective temperatures



$\emptyset: 0.679 \pm 0.007$
mas

$T_{\text{eff}}: 4818 \pm 54 \text{ K}$

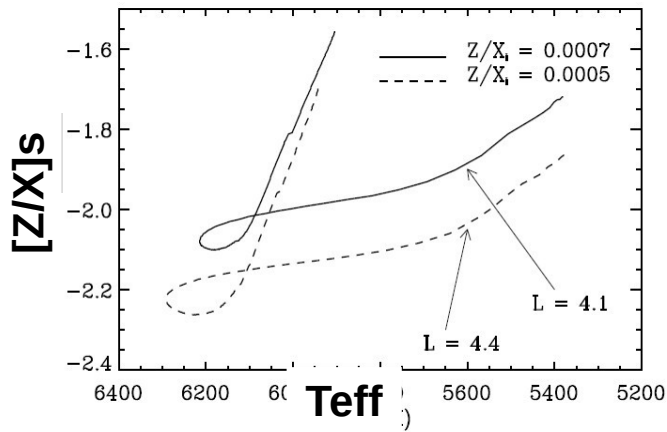
$R: 0.665 \pm 0.014 R$

$\log g: 4.59 \pm 0.02$

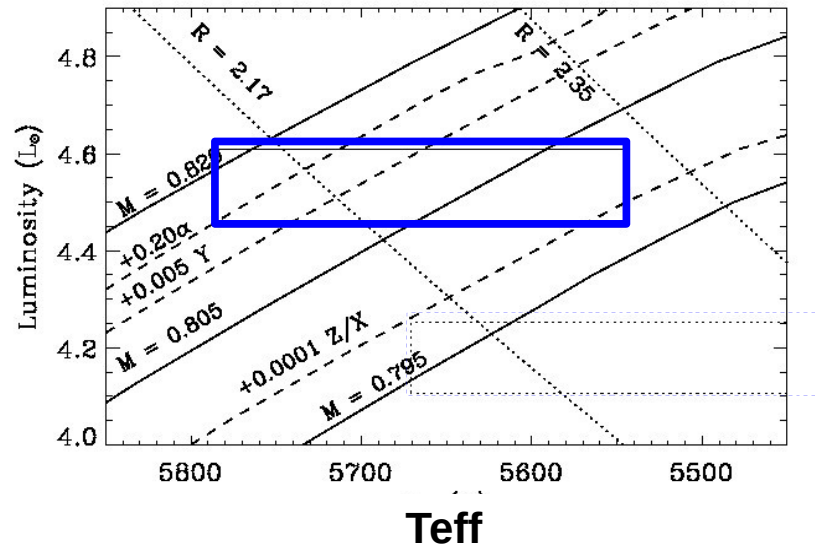
15



Model Stellar properties



**Calibrated extra-mixing
with NGC6397 using CESAM2K**



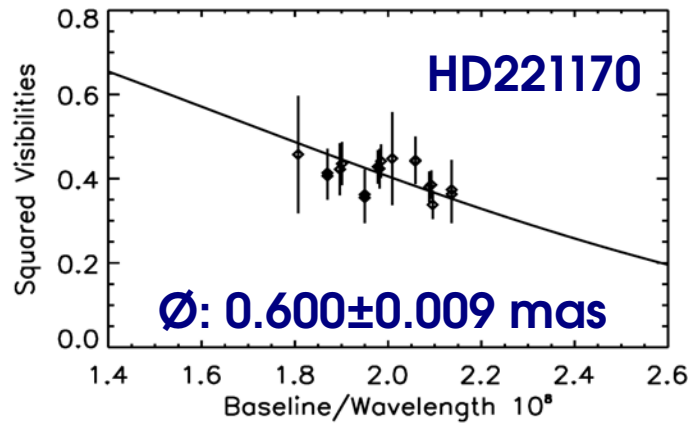
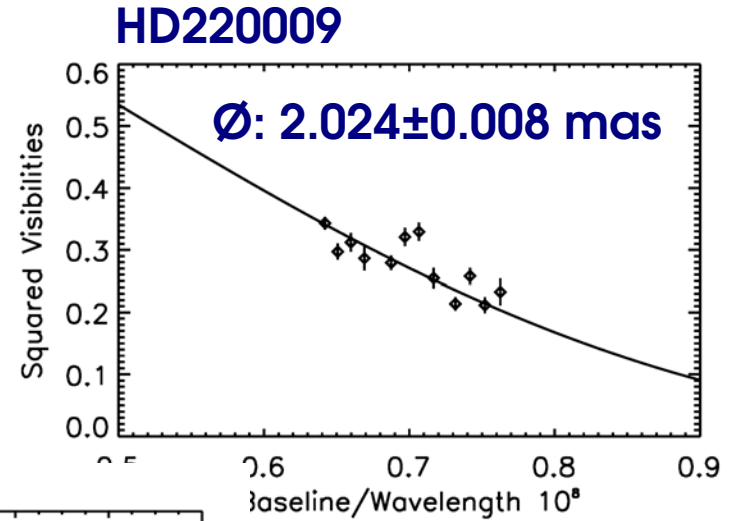
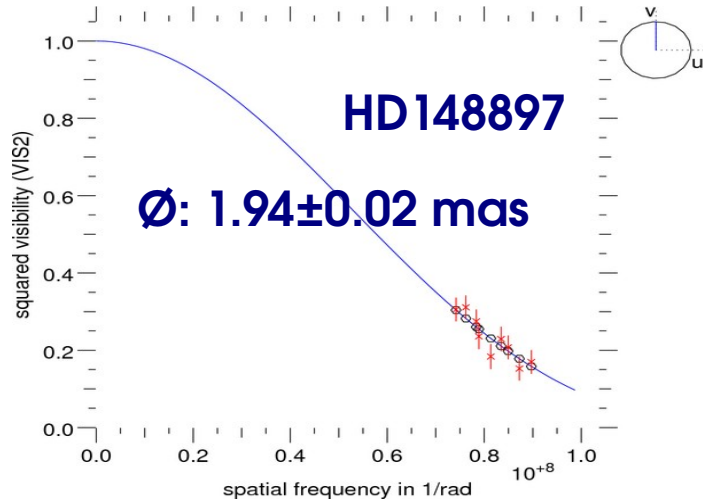


Model Stellar properties

- Mass (3%) Ages (10%)
- Interstellar Reddening: errors in age > 1 Gyr
- Mixing-length parameter variable
 - Results standard tracks 'overestimate age'
- Other variable parameters \rightarrow more constraints, e.g. More stars....

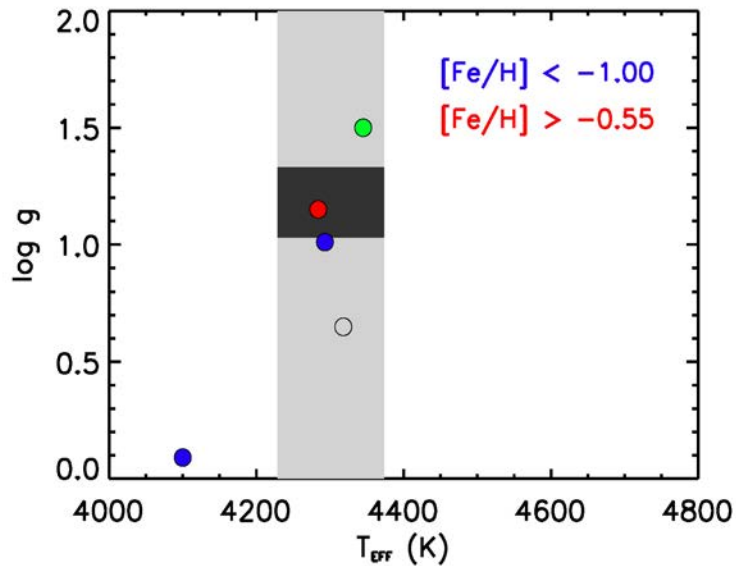


Newest data





HD 148897



\emptyset : 1.94 ± 0.02 mas

T_{eff} : 4302 ± 72 K

R: $40.2 \pm 3.3R$

log g: 1.18 ± 0.15

L: $497 \pm 88 L^{**}$

Fbol: 43.0 ± 2.8

($A_v=0.2$ mag)



Why more sensitive

- ~ 0.3 mas, but fainter +7 stars
- > 0.2 mas +13 stars
- > 0.1 mas + 27 stars

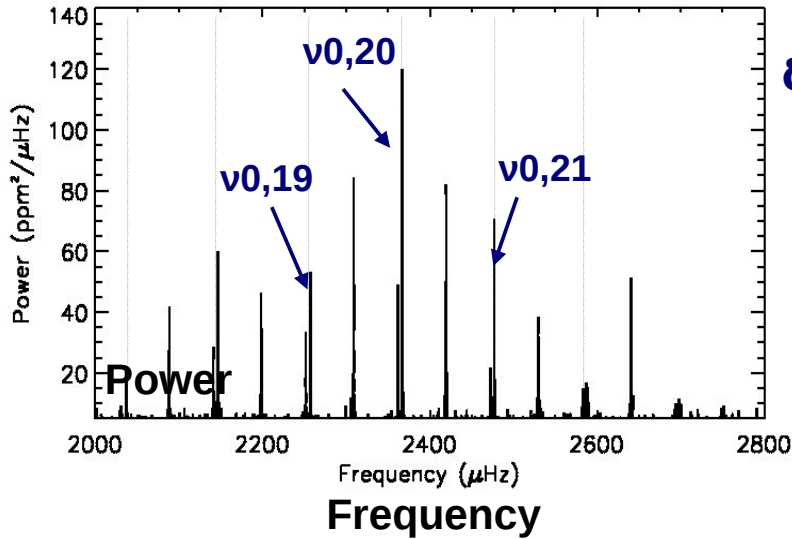


Interferometry Programs

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- Solar-like seismic stars
- K2 Giants (White/Huber/Boyajian/Creevey)

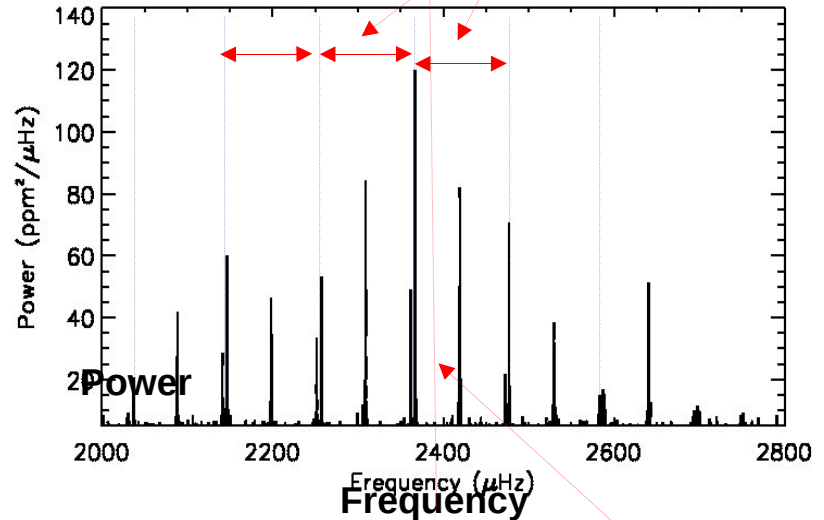


Solar-like Oscillations



$\delta\nu/\nu < 0.01\%$

$\langle \Delta\nu \rangle = (M/R3) 0.5 =$
 $\langle \text{Large frequency separations} \rangle$

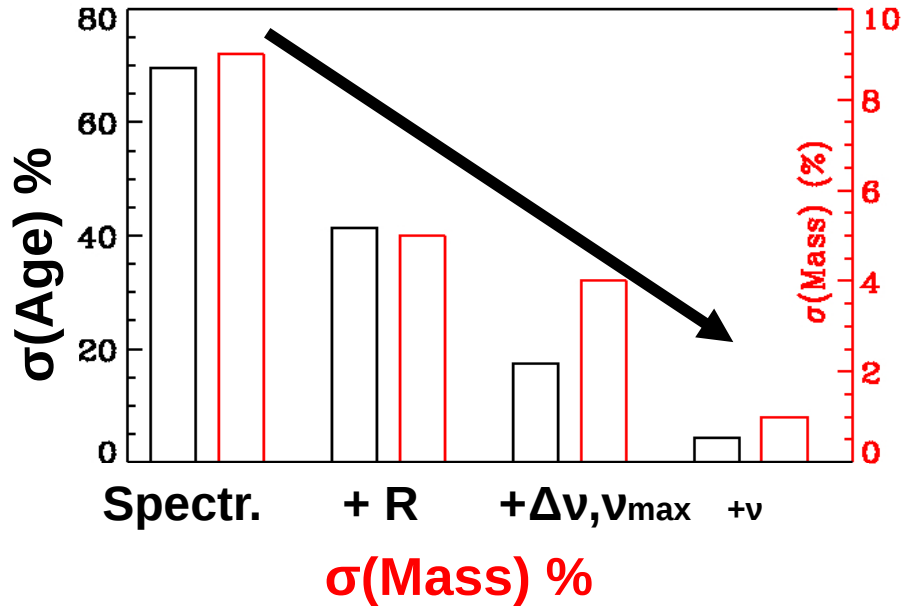


Frequency of maximum power

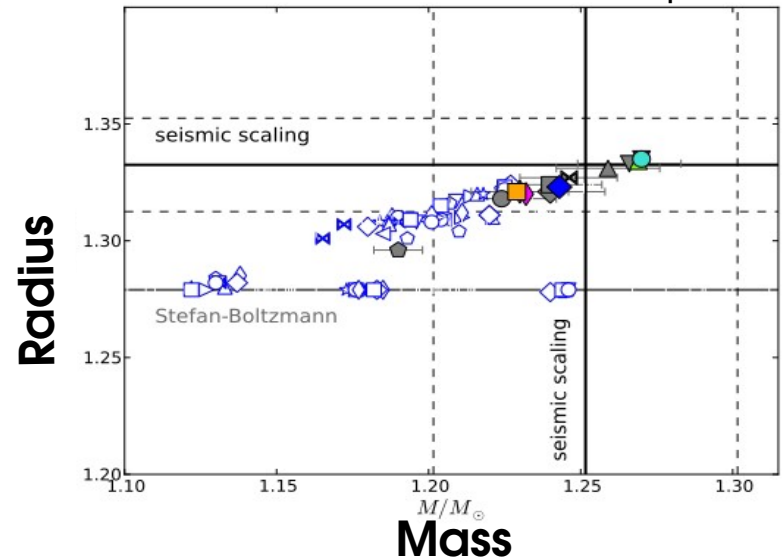
$\nu_{\text{max}} \sim M \sqrt{R^2 \text{ Teff}^{0.5}}$



Why the radius

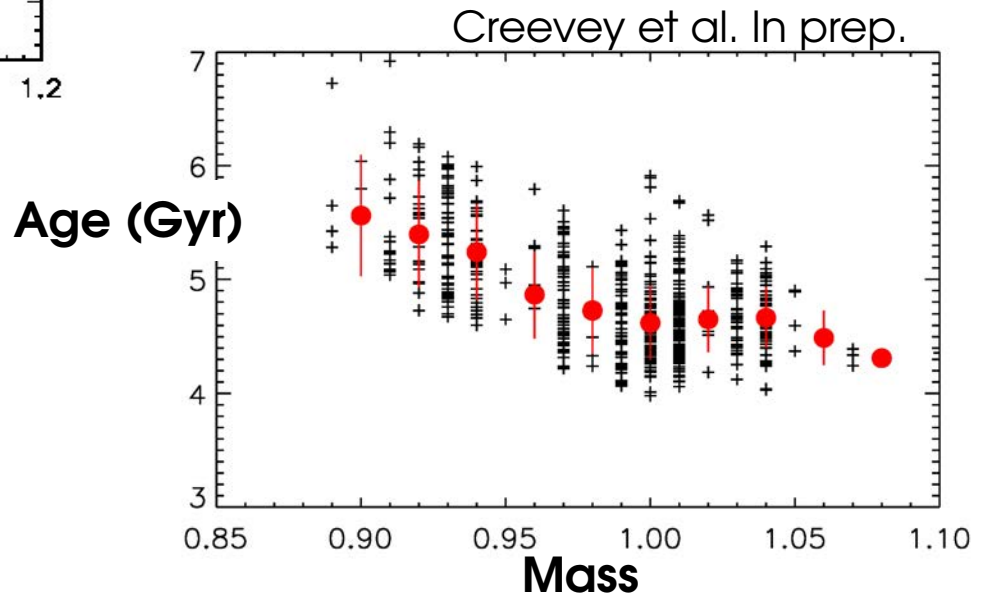
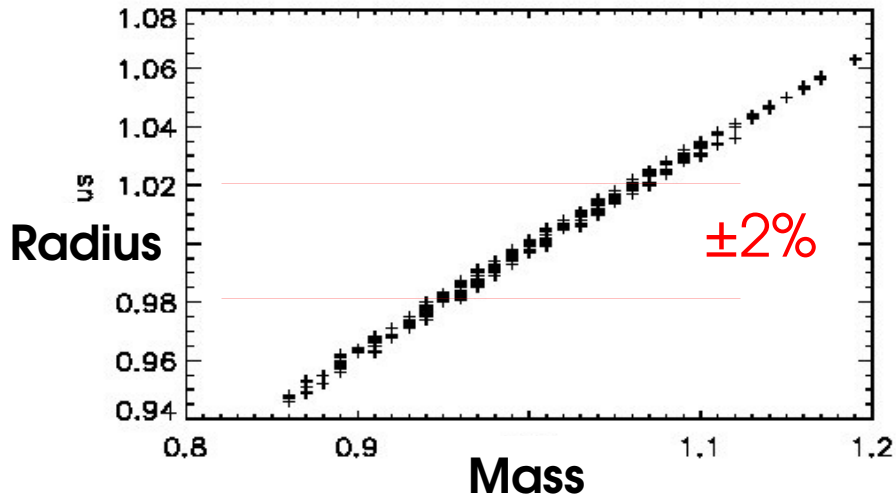


Lebreton & Goupil 2014





Refining model parameters



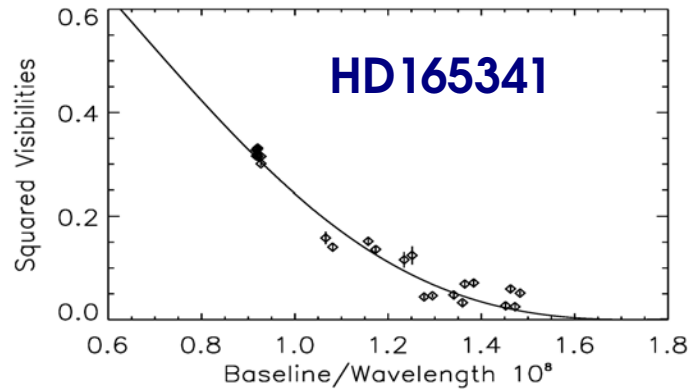
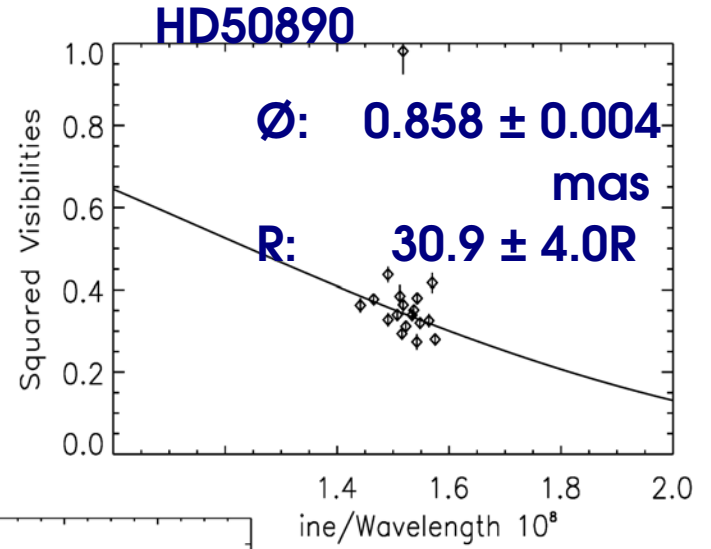
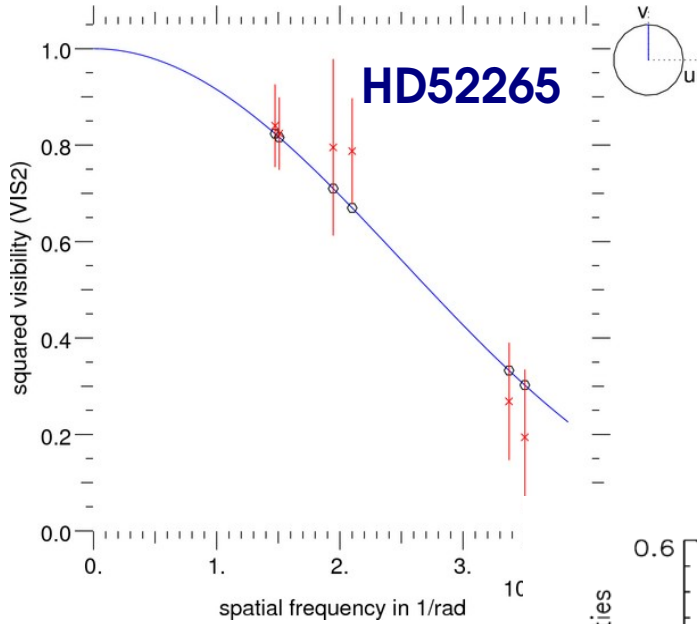


VEGA/CHARA Program

- CoRoT stars (many Winter targets)
- HD 165341 A&B
- Measure diameters, model frequencies



V2 curves





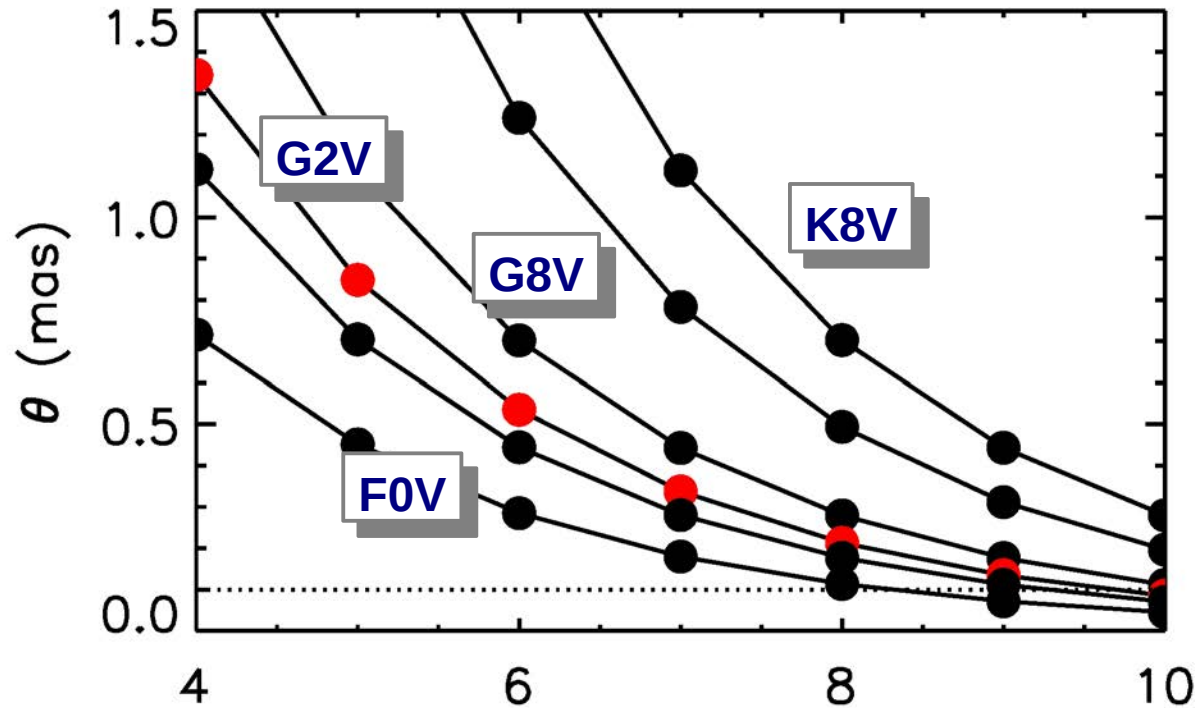
Conclusions

- Metal-poor stars:
 - t_{eff} , $\log g$, (M/H)
 - Missing physics atmospheres, Gaia, surveys
 - Diffusion, convection, Ages
- Seismic stars
 - Better precision mass, age, Y_i (Kepler, Tess, Plato)
 - convection, diffusion
- Need for more sensitivity

Conclusions

- Metal-poor stars:

- to
- M
- C
- Seis
- B
- A
- Neq



Estimated angular diameter for ZAMS stars (not evolved)



Fin / end

Go raibh mile maith agat