

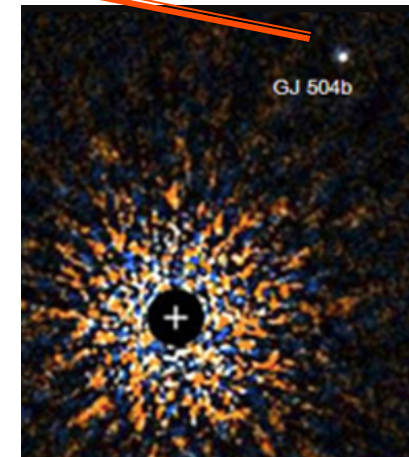
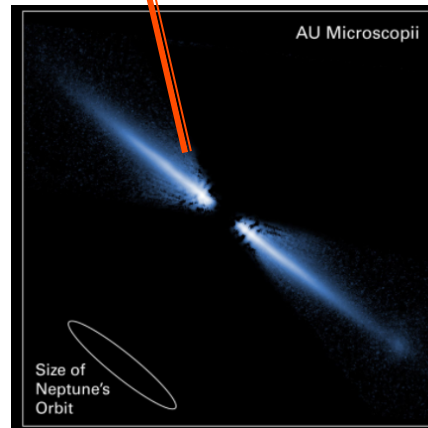
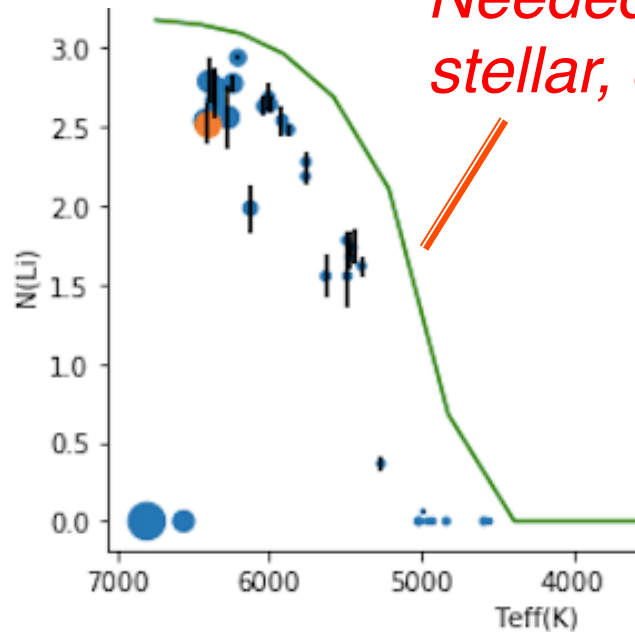


The Ages of Young (and Adolescent Age) Stars From Pre- to Post-Main Sequence

Russel White (GSU)



*Needed for understanding:
stellar, circumstellar, and exoplanet evolution*





The Ages of Young (and Adolescent Age) Stars From Pre- to Post-Main Sequence

Pre-MS

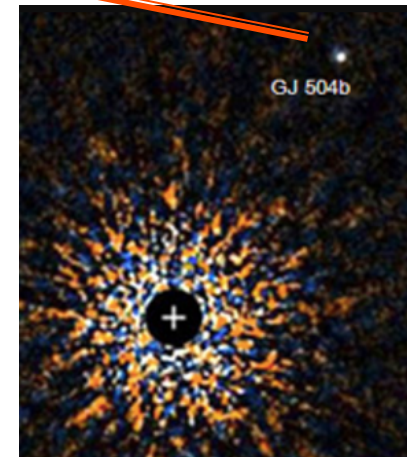
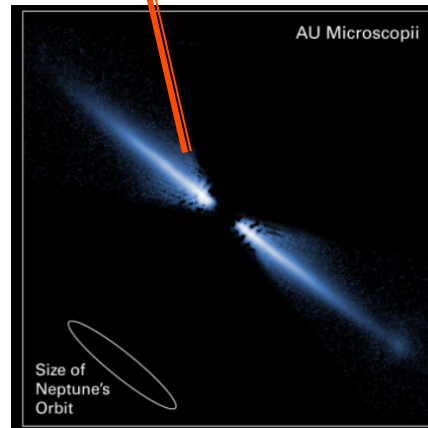
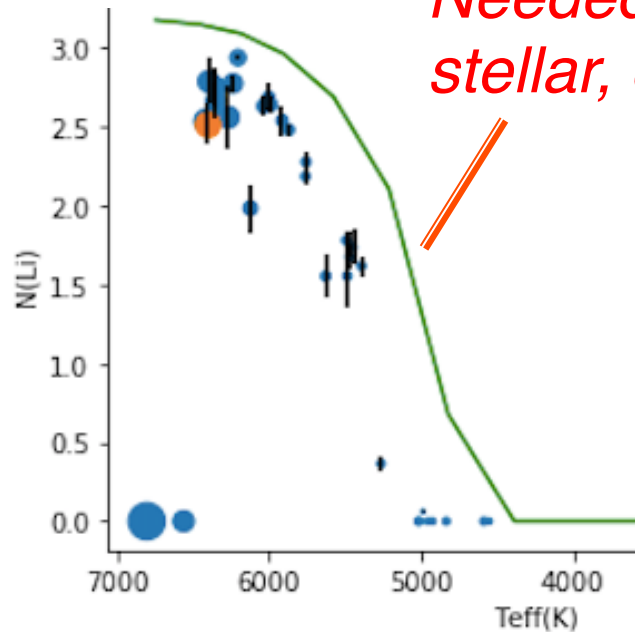
< 1 Gyr

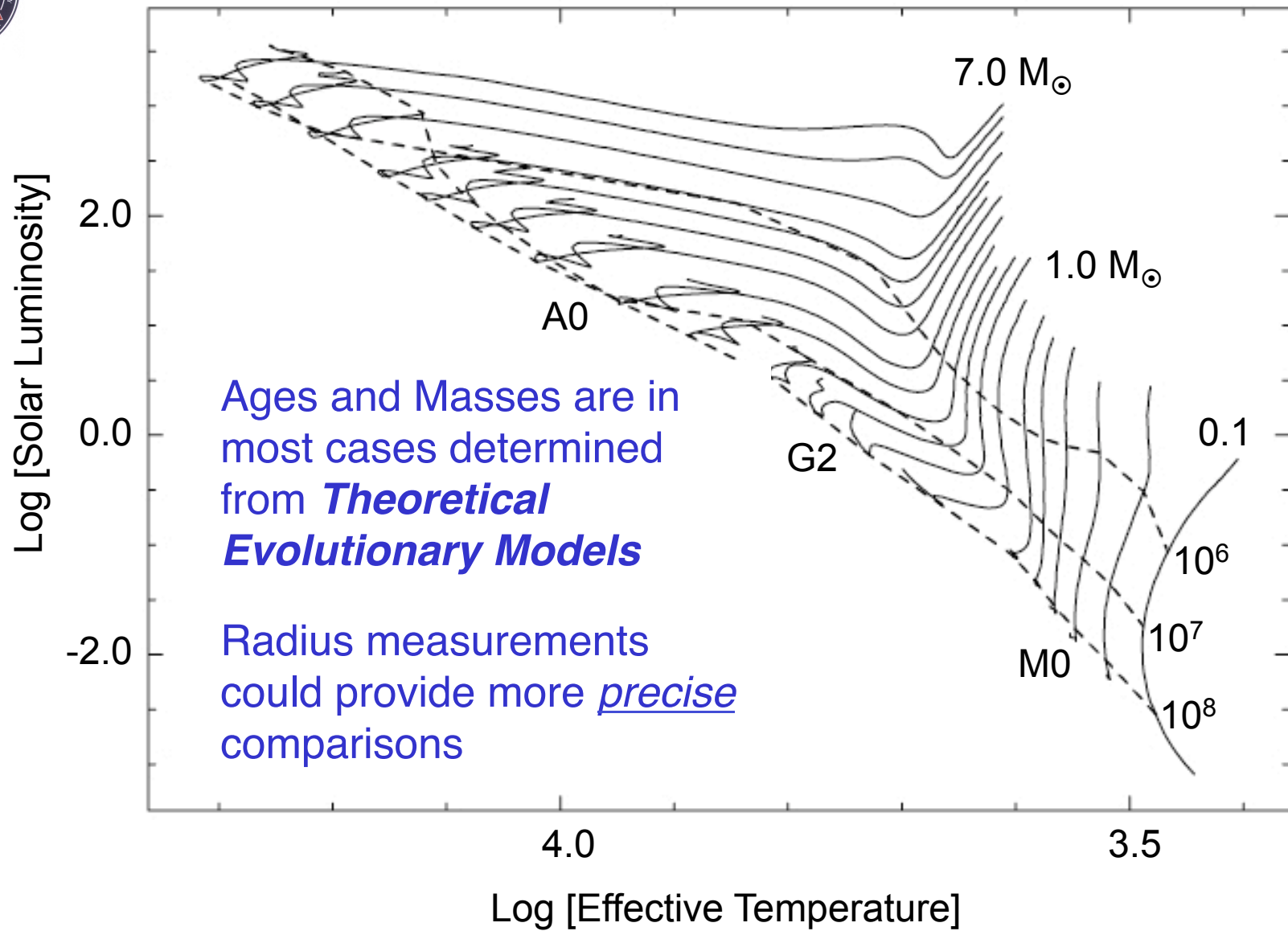
(stars, disks, exoplanets evolve substantially)

Russel White (GSU)



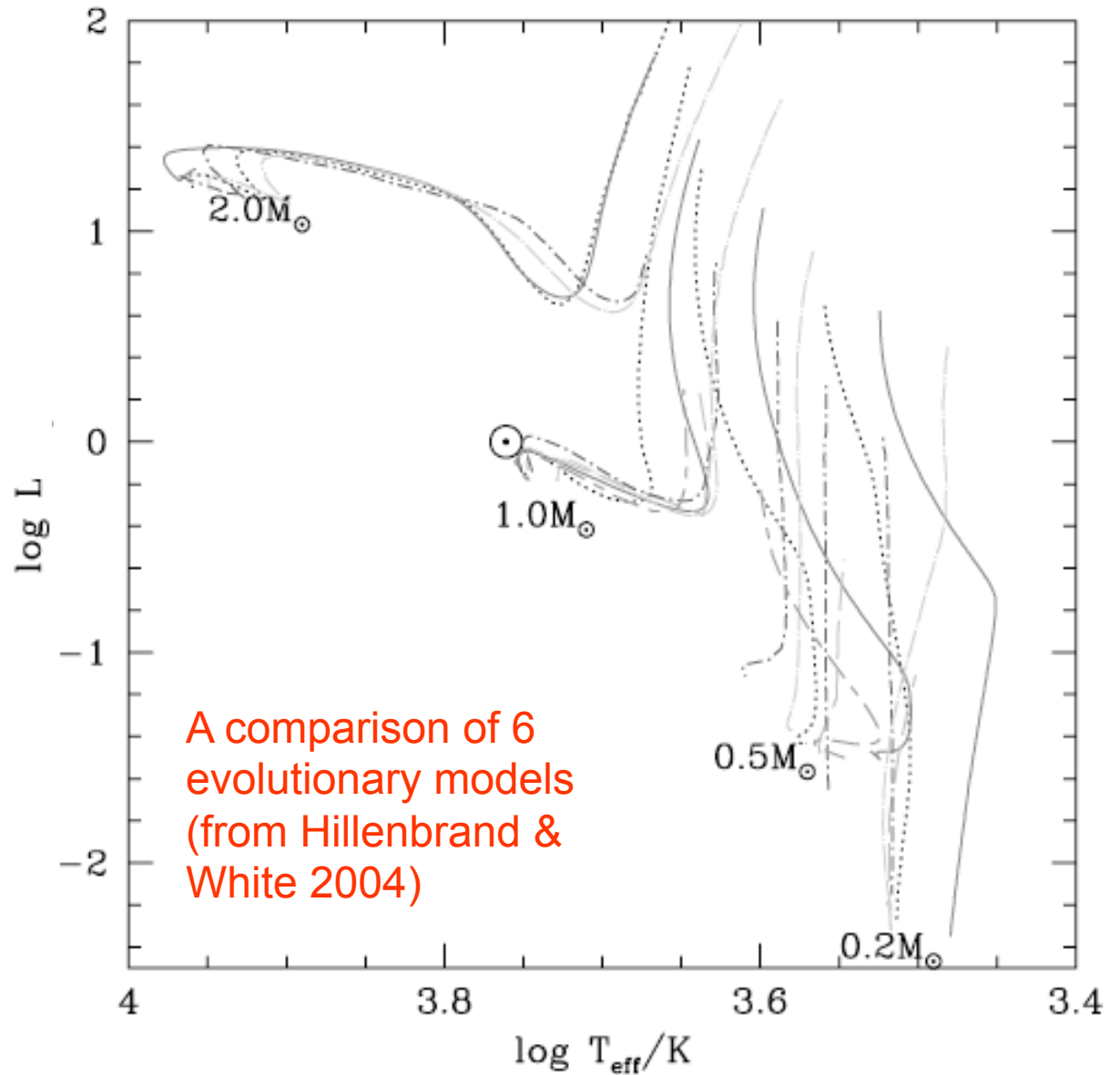
*Needed for understanding:
stellar, circumstellar, and exoplanet evolution*







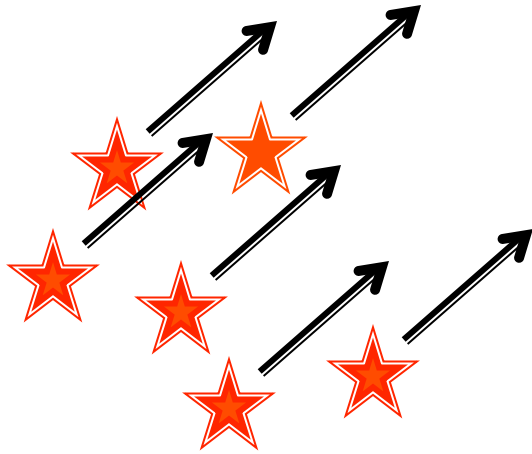
Improving the accuracy will require improving evolutionary models.



A comparison of 6 evolutionary models (from Hillenbrand & White 2004)



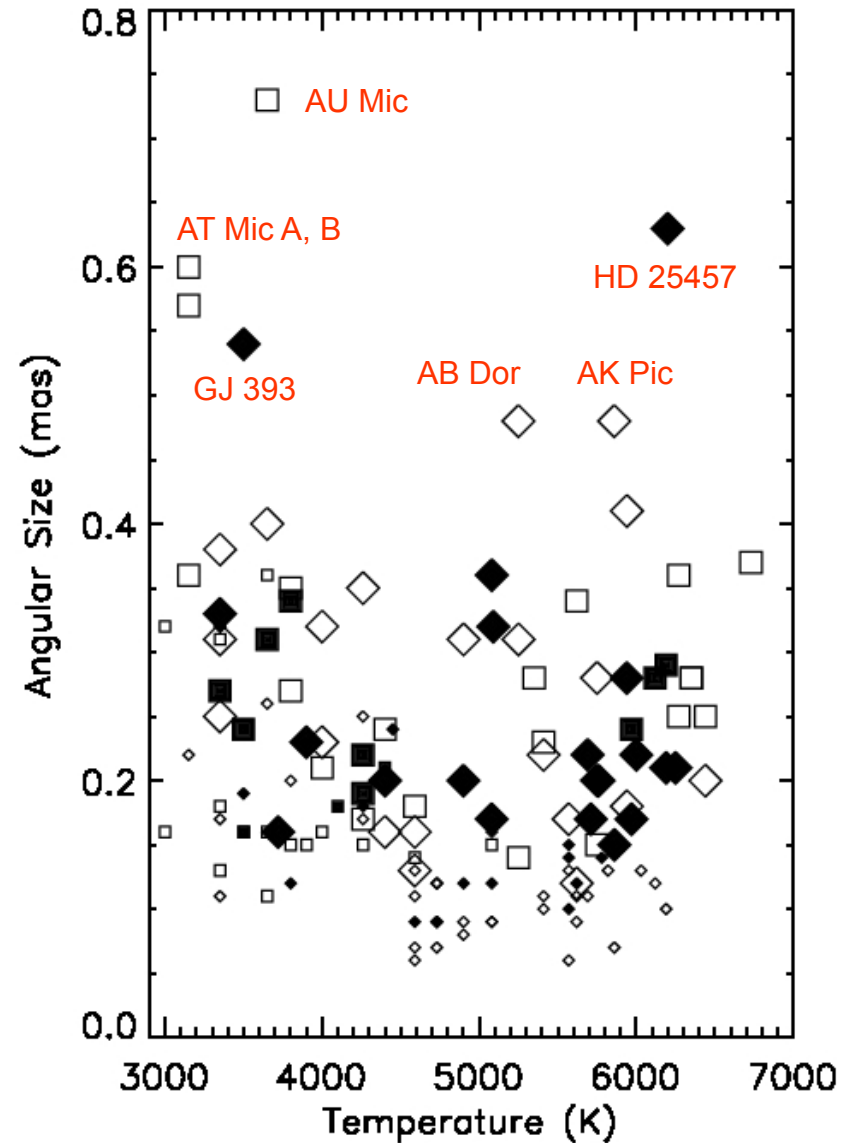
Star in Moving Groups



... that
can be spatially
resolved

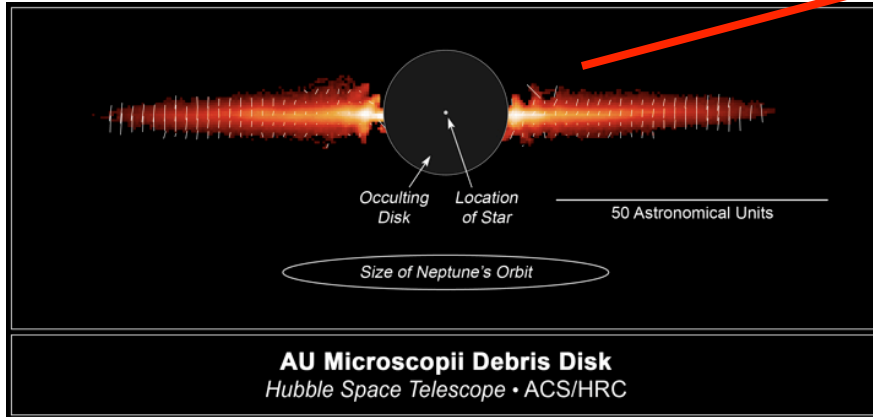
Large: $K < 7$; Filled: $DEC > -10$

McCarthy & White (2012)



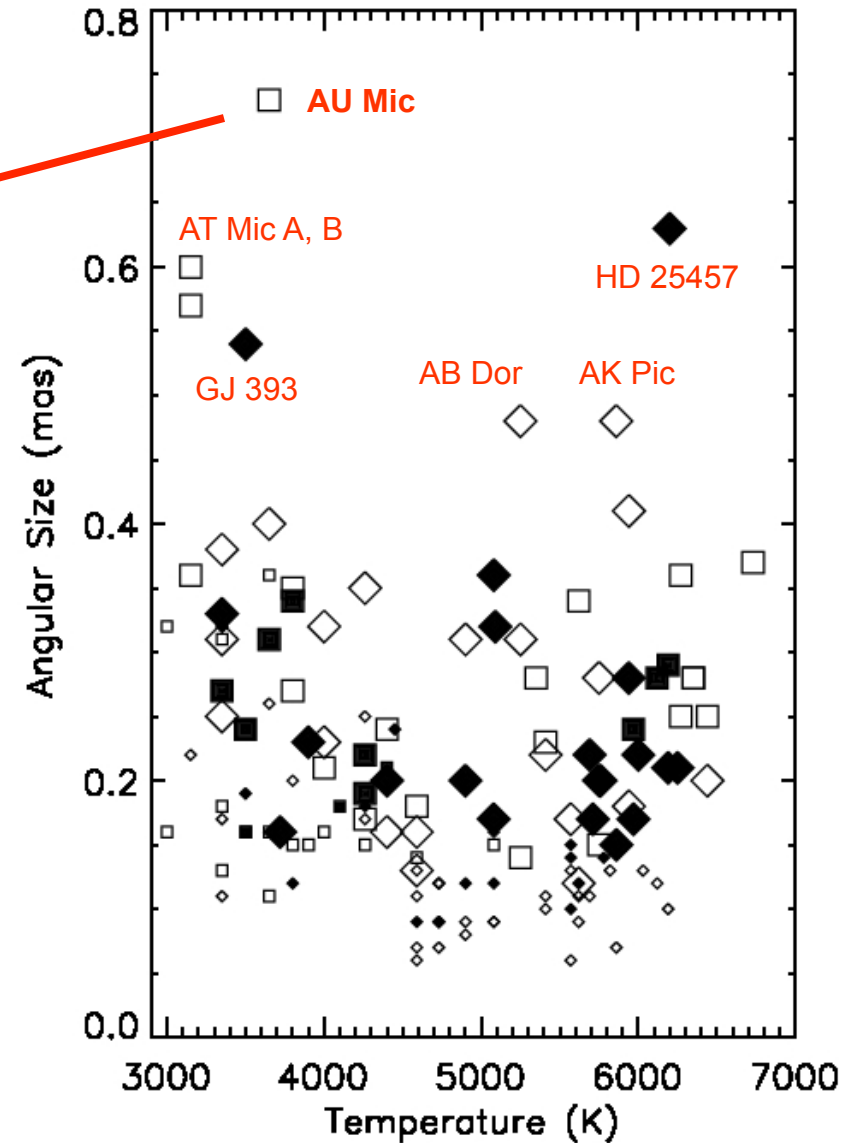


The nearest M dwarf debris disk



Large: $K < 7$; Filled: $DEC > -10$

McCarthy & White (2012)





Is challenging to observe at DEC -31!

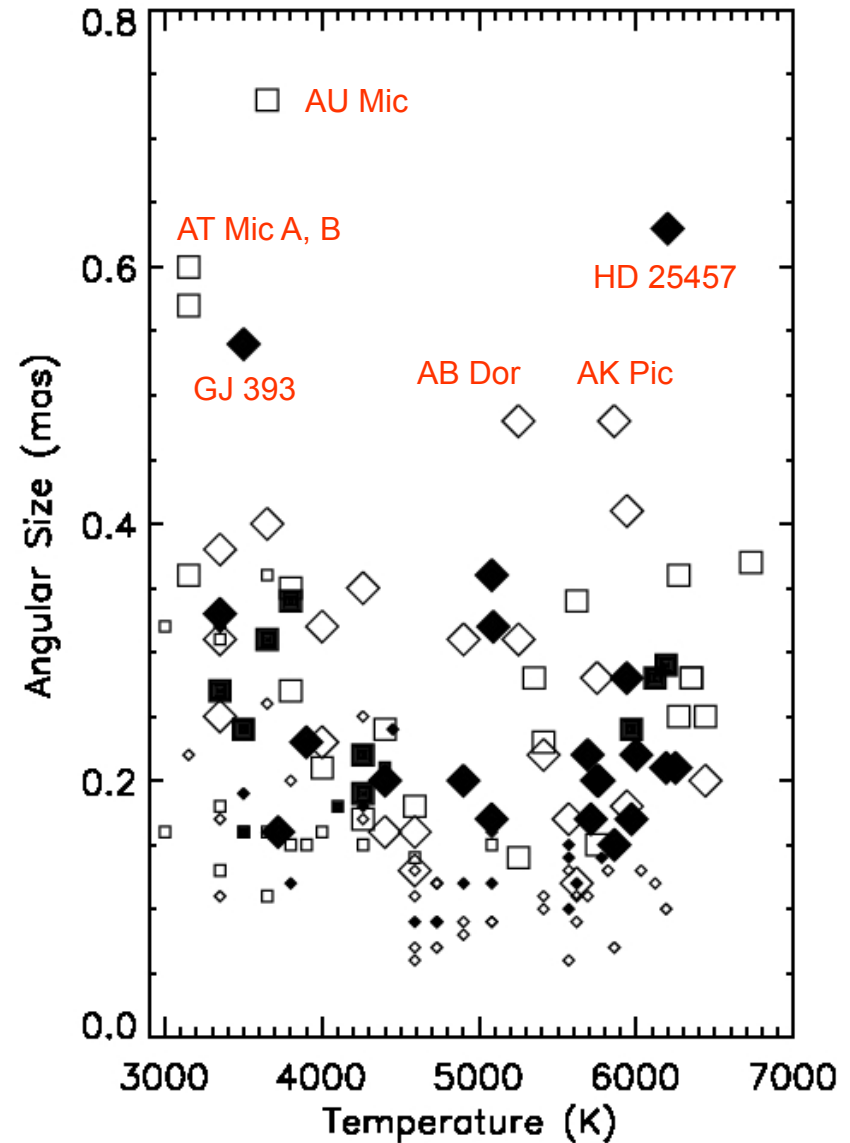


Hollywood



Large: $K < 7$; Filled: $DEC > -10$

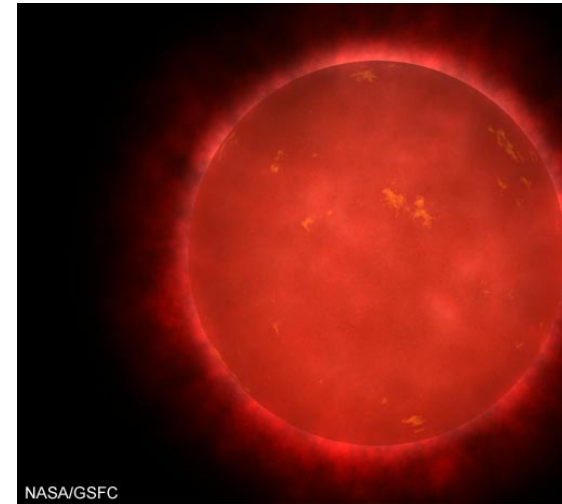
McCarthy & White (2012)



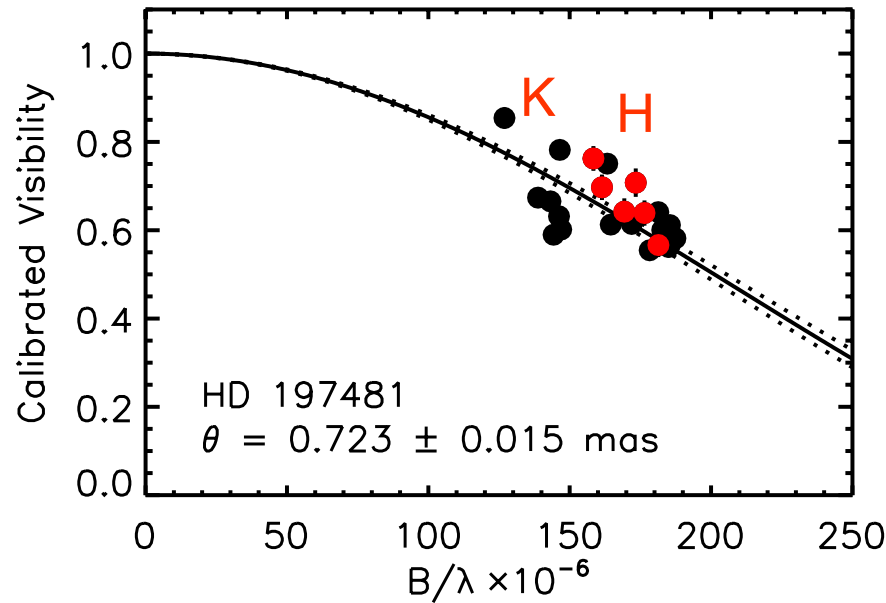


CHARA/Classic Observations

with Gail Schaefer



NASA/GSFC



Initially uncertain,
... but improving

And now with Tabettha Boyajian,
Kaspar von Braun

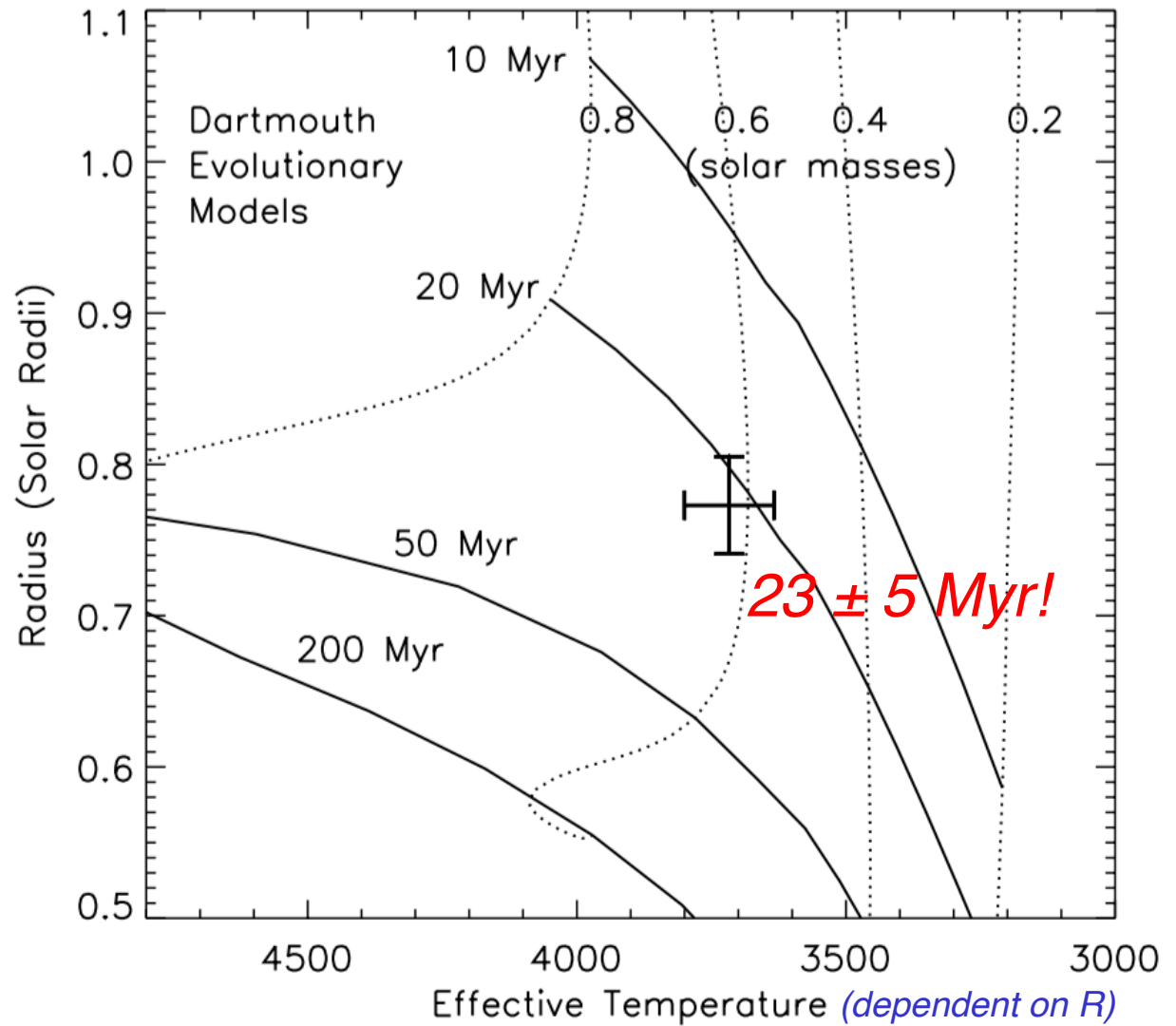
Adopting:
 $\theta = 0.72 \pm 0.03$ mas



$$R = 0.77 \pm 0.03 R_{\text{Sun}}$$

and with F_{bol} to 3%

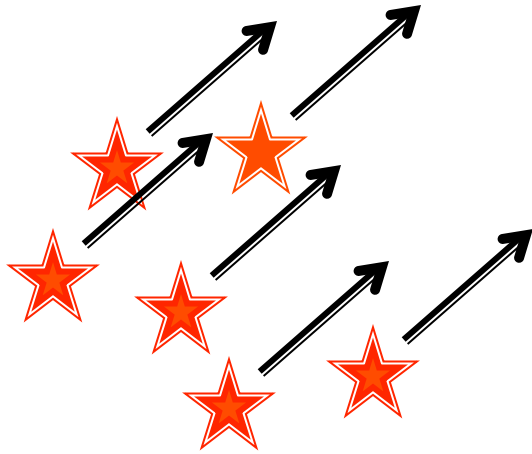
$$T = 3713 \pm 83 \text{ K}$$



First size estimate of a single, fully convective PMS star?



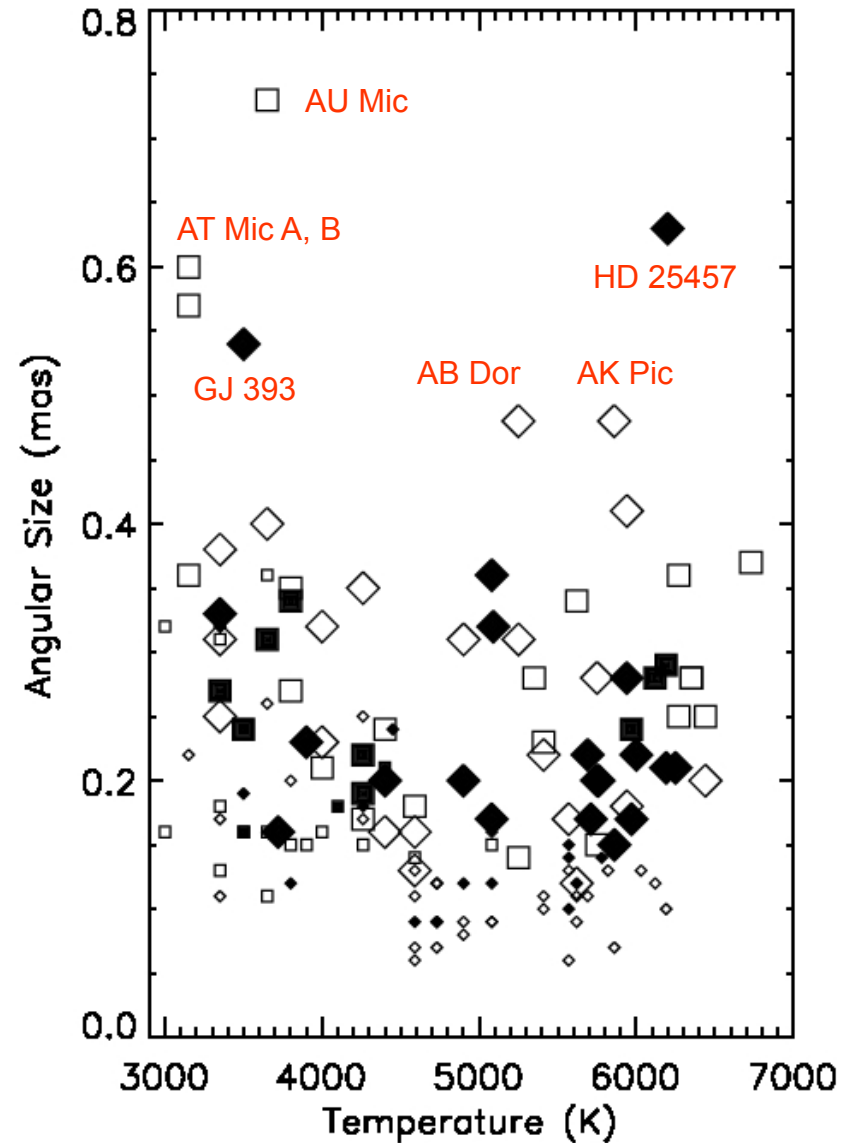
Star in Moving Groups



... that
can be spatially
resolved

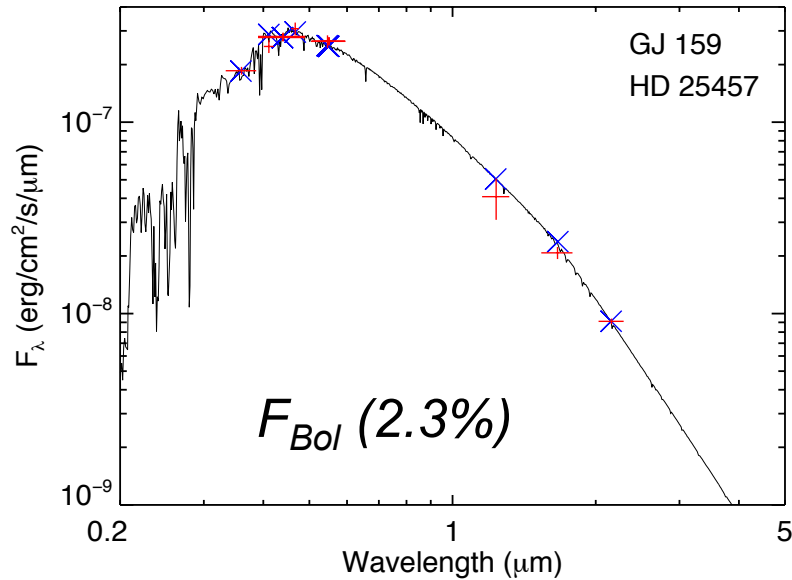
Large: $K < 7$; Filled: $DEC > -10$

McCarthy & White (2012)

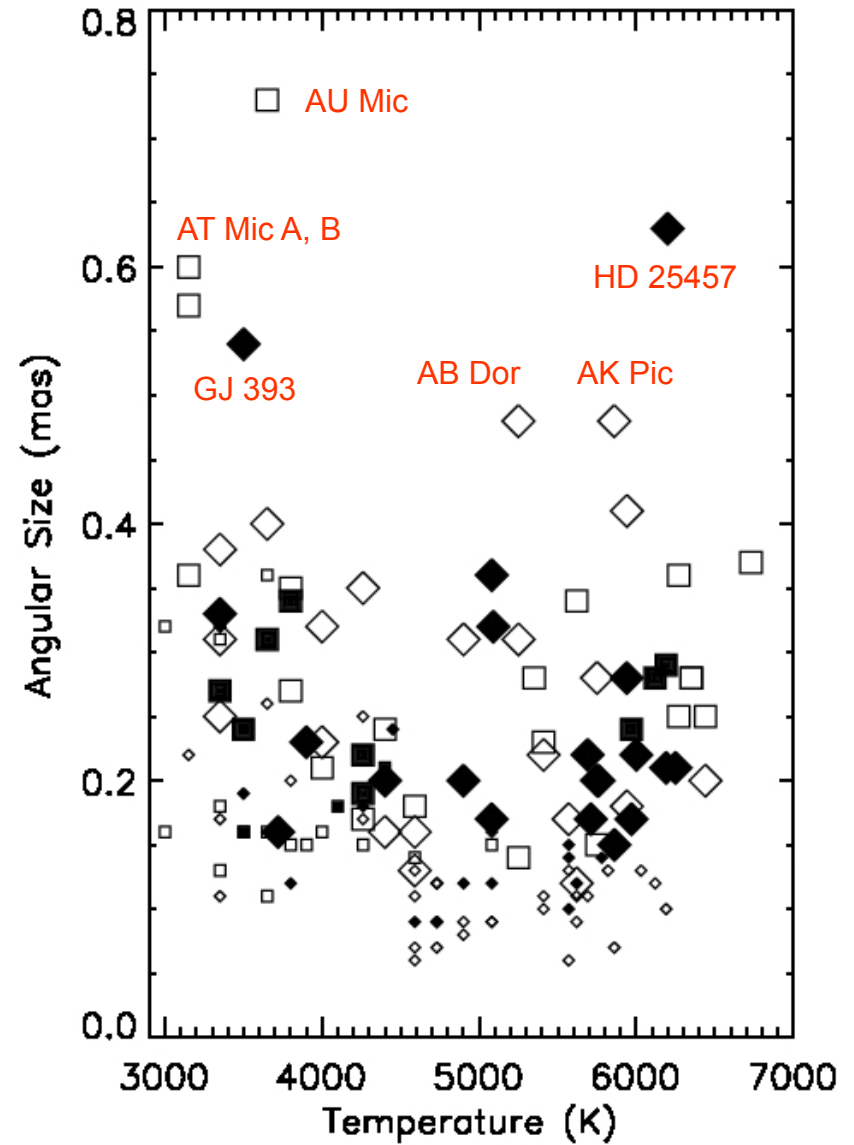




Star in Moving Groups



McCarthy & White (2012)





Stars in AB Dor

with Gail Schaefer,
Ellyn Baines

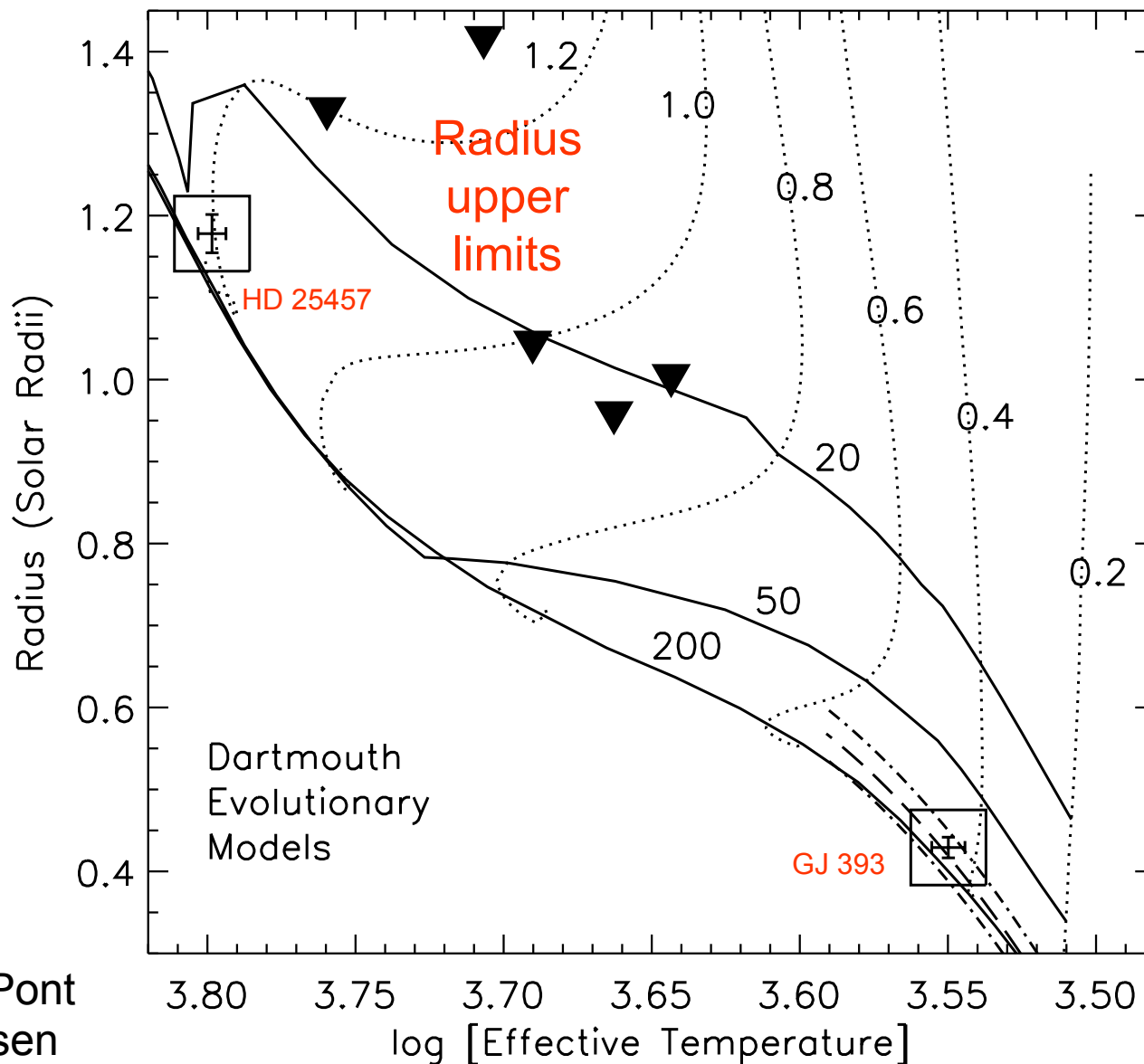
HD 25457:

*Contracting or
Expanding?*

23 Myr vs 1.7 Gyr

Requires
'likelihood'
analysis

See Ligi et al. (2016), Pont
& Eyer (2004), Jørgensen
& Lindegren (2005).



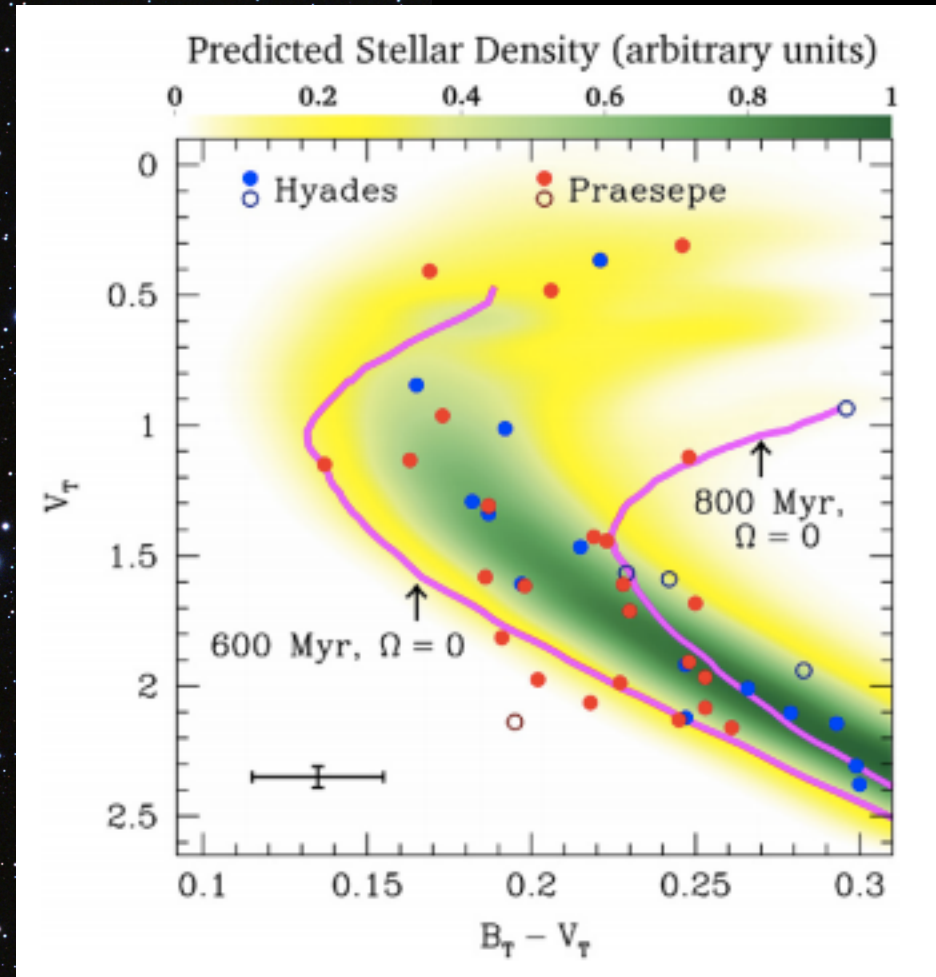
Open clusters: benchmarks for stellar evolution



Open clusters: benchmarks for stellar evolution

Pr0201 →

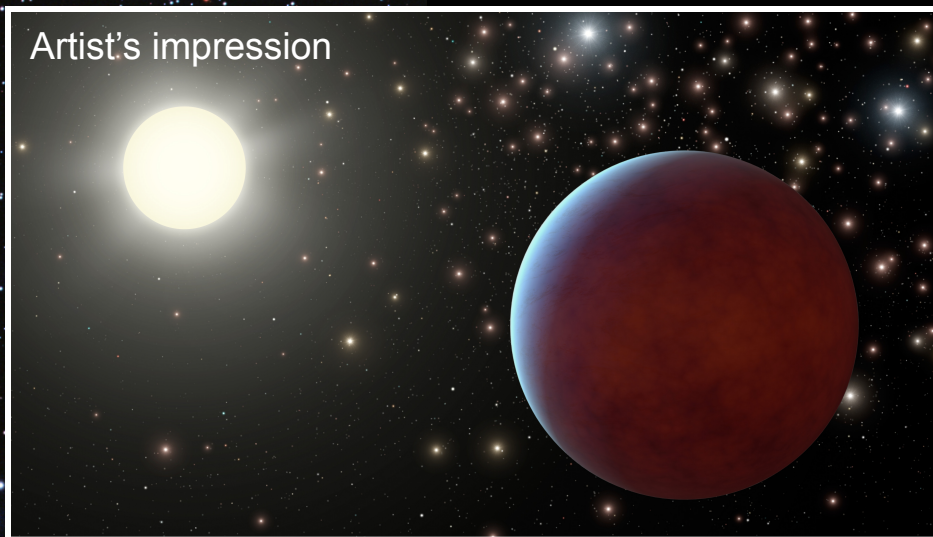
Pr0211 →



Brandt & Huang (2015) suggest ~ 800 Myr instead of 625 ± 25 Myr

Open clusters: benchmarks for stellar evolution and now exoplanet evolution!

Pr0201 →



see Quinn et al. 2012, Quinn 2014

(Praesepe)

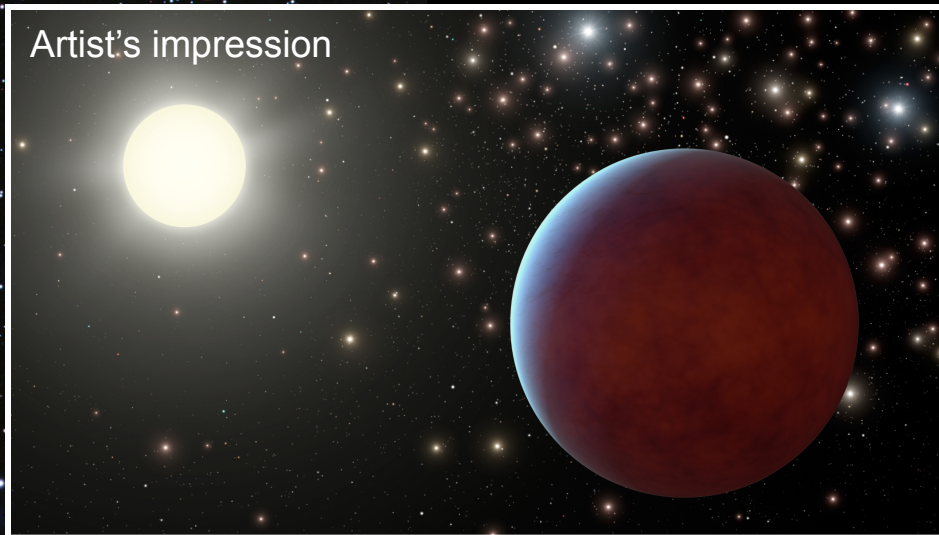
(Hyades)

Pr0211 →

Open clusters: benchmarks for stellar evolution and now exoplanet evolution!

Pr0201 →

Artist's impression

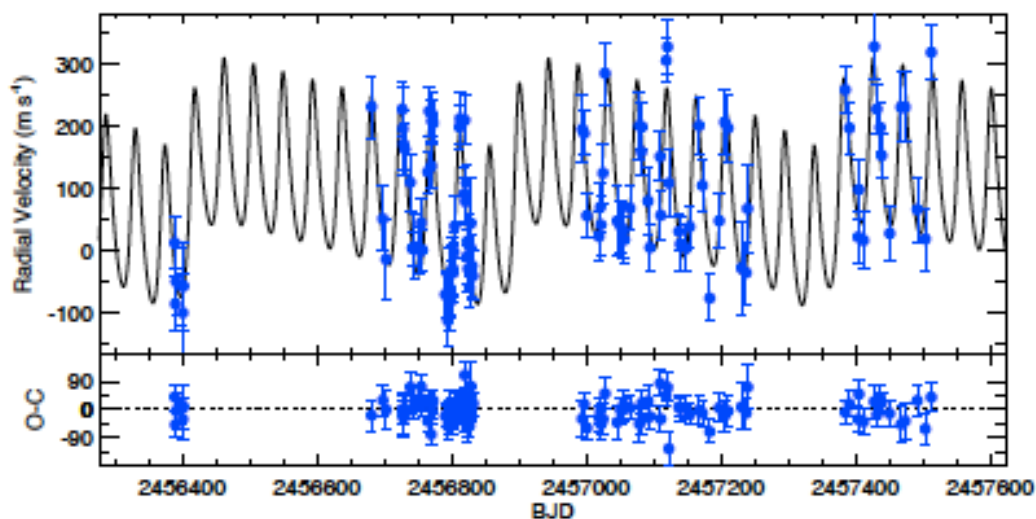


see Quinn et al. 2012, Quinn 2014

(Praesepe) (Hyades)

A new double-planet system in Coma Berenices!

Quinn et al. in prep





Open Cluster Ages from Giant Star Sizes

(Hyades, Praesepe, Coma Berenices, Ursa Major)

with **Sam Quinn, Jeremy Jones**



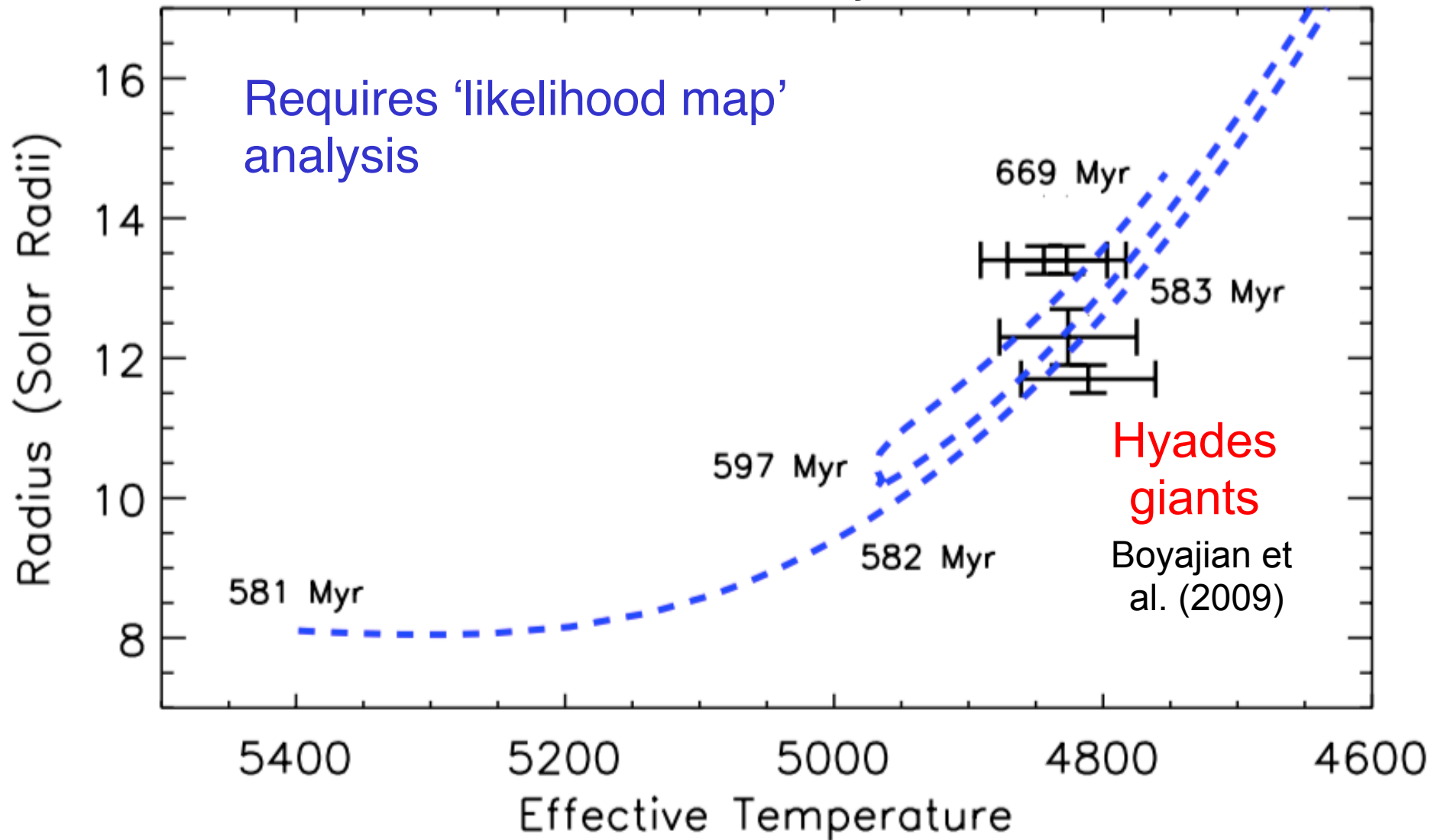


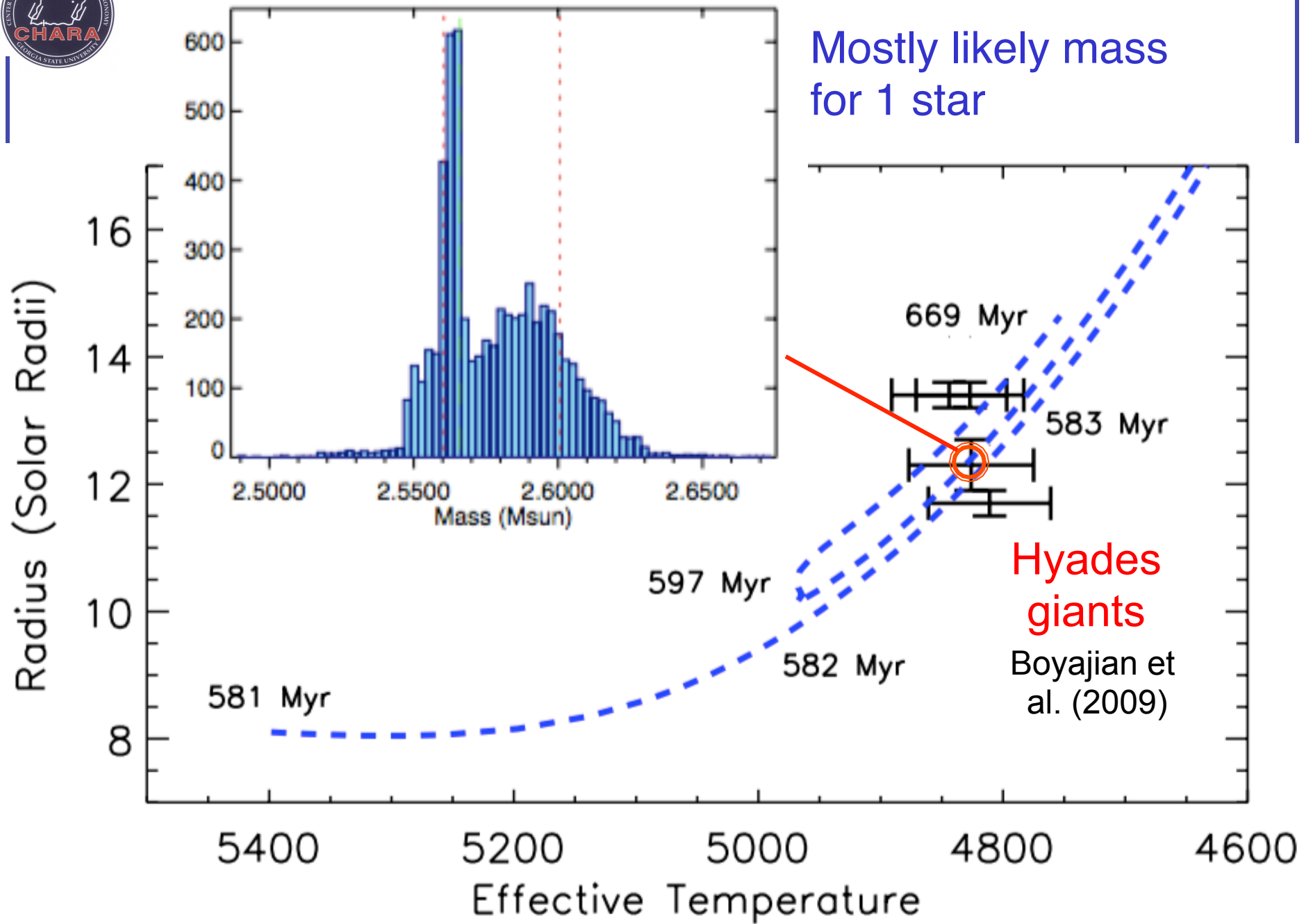


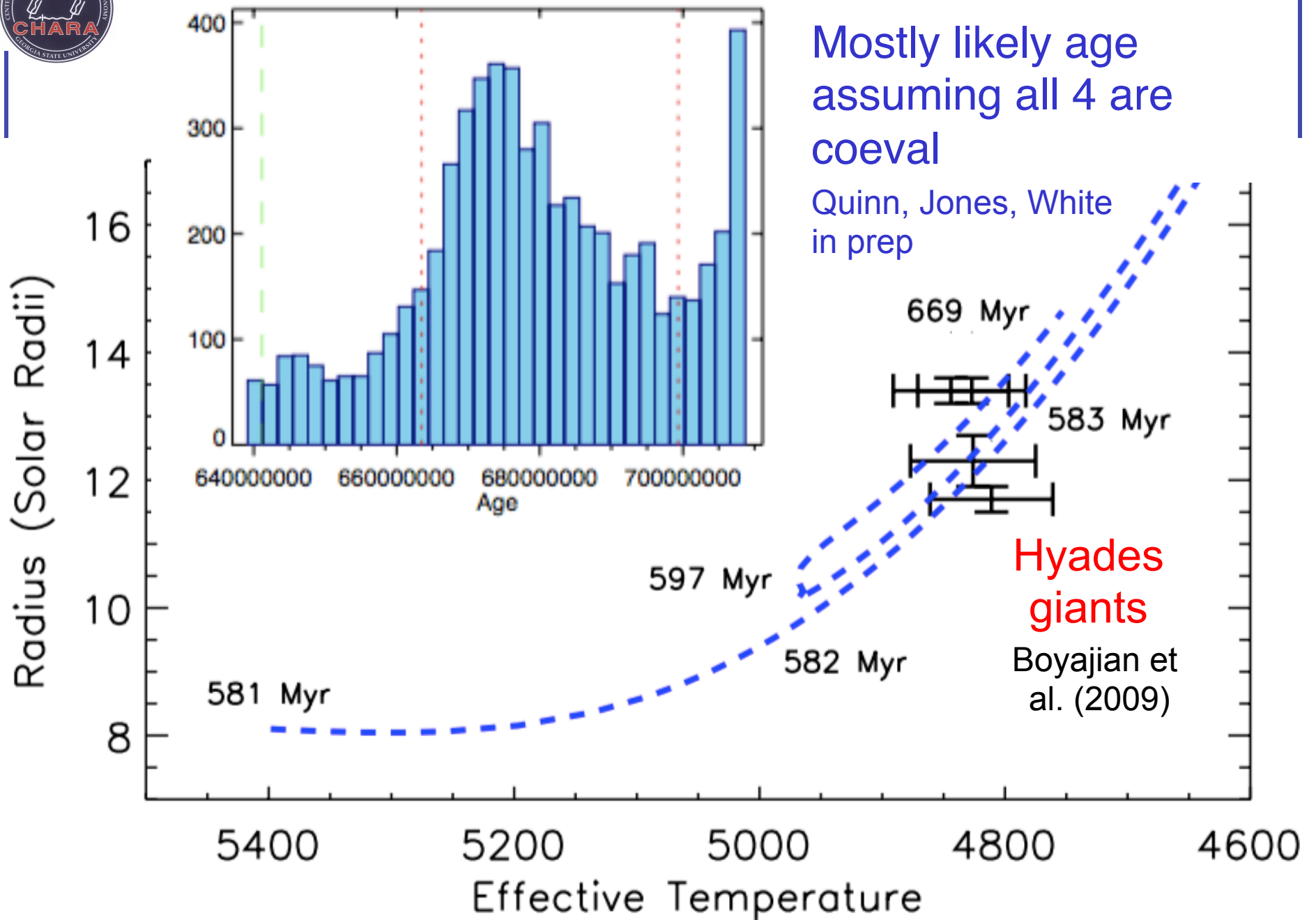
Open Cluster Ages from Giant Star Sizes

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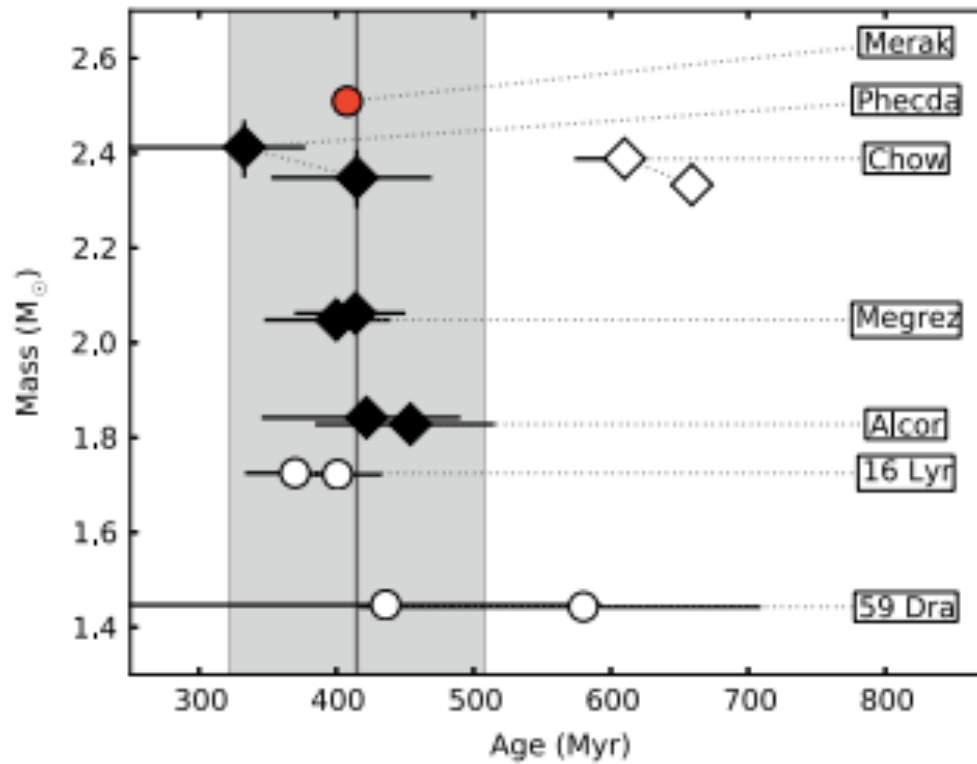






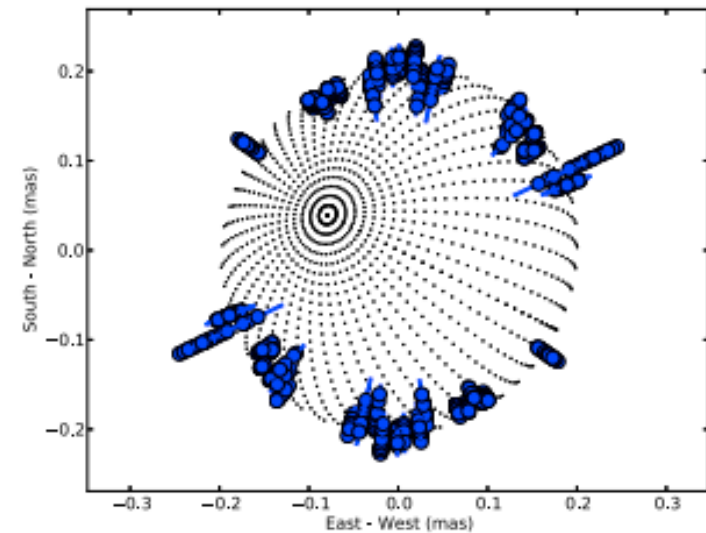
Cluster and Moving Group Ages from A Star Shapes (Ursa Major, Hyades)

Jeremy Jones et al. (2015)



Ursa Major Moving Group:
Age = 414 ± 23 Myr

Jeremy Jones et al. (2016)



Kappa Andromeda:
Age = 47^{+27}_{-40} Myr

Hyades in progress ...
See Jeremy's talk tomorrow



Summary

- New Sizes of Young Pre-Main Sequence Stars
 - AU Mic is 23 ± 5 Myr, (consistent with Bell et al. 2015)
 - AB Dor star are ZAMS
- Ages of Clusters from Giant Star Sizes
 - Need better photometry (F_{Bol}) and weather!
 - With *K2* asteroseismology? (see Mosser et al. 2014)
- Ages of the Hyades and Ursa Major from A Stars